# Scallop ACL Flowchart Discussion Paper

Jonathon Peros, NEFMC Staff

Scallop Advisory Panel Meeting
March 22, 2016
Scallop Committee Meeting
March 23, 2016



### **Document #3**

- Section 2.0 <u>DRAFT</u> Problem Statement (p.5)
- Section 3.0 Background (p.5)
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- Section 6.0 PDT Discussion and Recommendations (p.23)

#### Goal of Meeting Today

Receive AP/CTE input on the ACL structure discussion paper Discuss ideas for Council to consider if necessary



# Background on Priority

### PDT Recommendation to Committee (November 9, 2015)

• The PDT recommends that the overall performance of the ACL structure be reviewed since it was adopted under A15 in 2010.

#### Committee Motion (November 19, 2015)

• By consensus, the Committee recommends adding the PDT recommendation for potential 2016 priorities. Specifically, the overall performance of the ACL structure should be reviewed since it was adopted under Amendment 15 in 2010. This issue could be considered in a future action in 2016 or later.

### 2016 Council Priority

- PDT discussions on February 4 and March 9, 2016
- Staff updated the discussion document to reflect PDT input



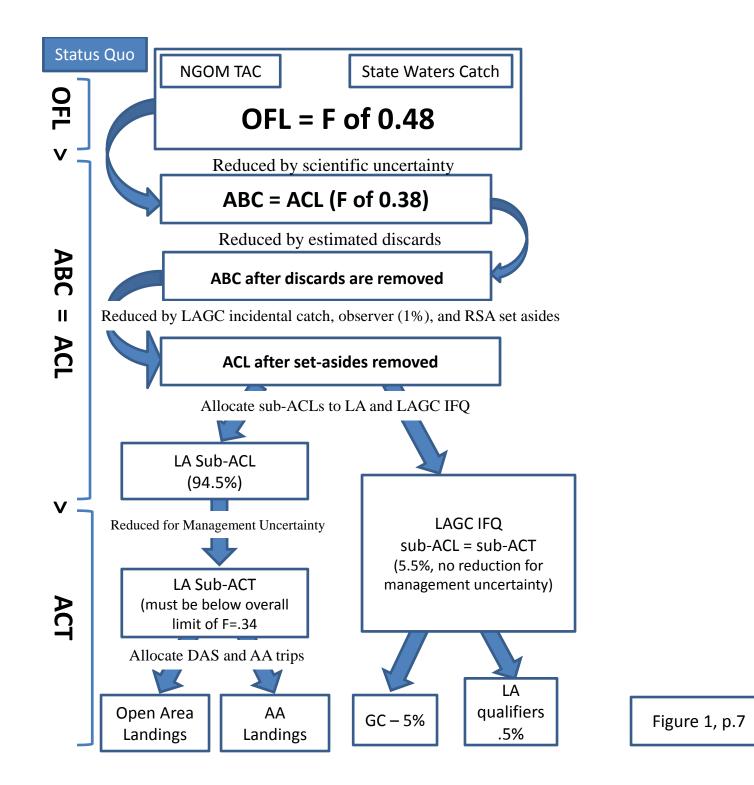
### Section 2.0 DRAFT Problem Statement

#### AP/CTE Input

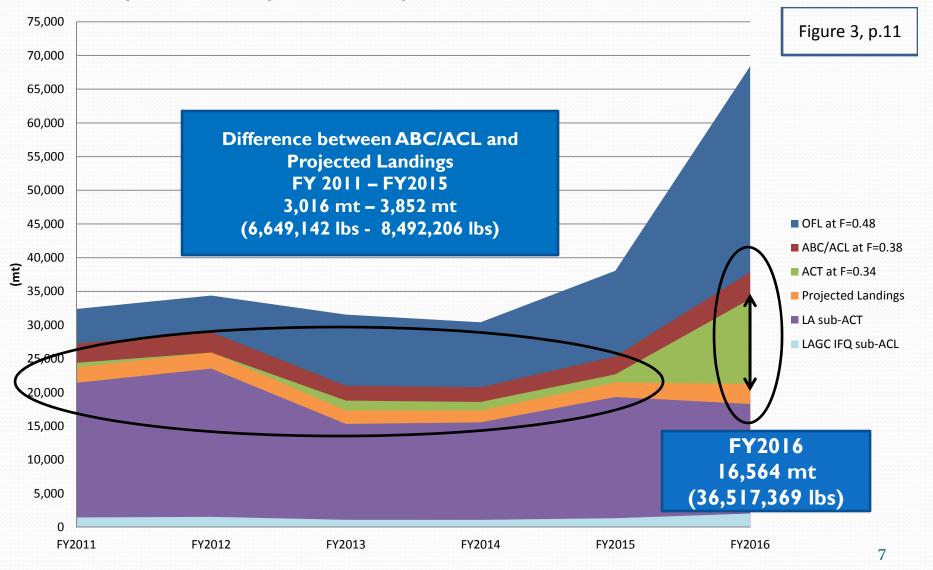
- Annual catch limits are based on total scallop biomass in all areas.
  - Includes Habitat Closures, Groundfish Closed Areas, Closed Access Areas
- Projected landing are limited to areas that are open to the fishery in a given year.
- When more biomass is in closed areas than is available to the fishery there is a disconnect between catch limits and allocations.
  - For example, in FY2015 and FY2016 a large proportion of total biomass was within EFH and GF closed areas as well as very large year classes of small scallops closed within scallop access areas.

# Section 3.0 - Background

- Amendment II
  - Limited entry for three LAGC permit categories
  - Separate TACs for NGOM and incidental permits
  - Allocation divide 94.5% and 5.5% of <u>projected catch</u>
- Amendment 15
  - OFL > ABC = ACL > ACT
  - Allocations based on annual catch limits (not projected catch)
  - LA sub-ACT lower than sub-ACL
  - LAGC sub-ACL = ACT

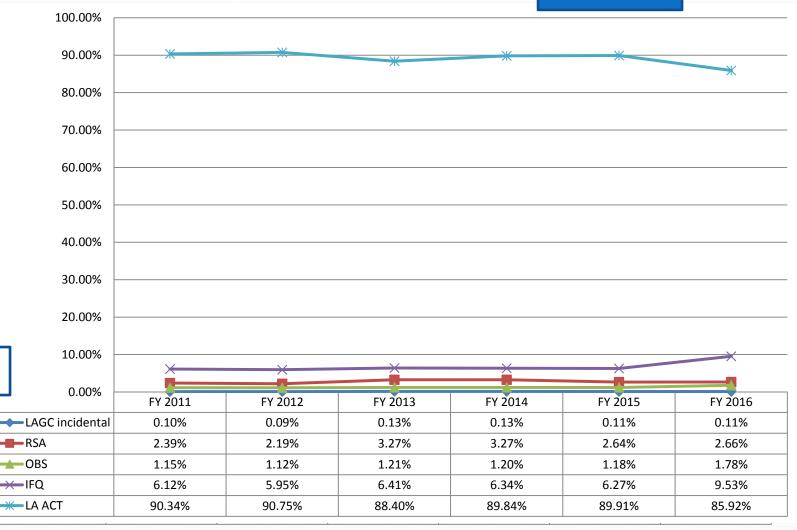


# OFL, ABC, ACL, ACT

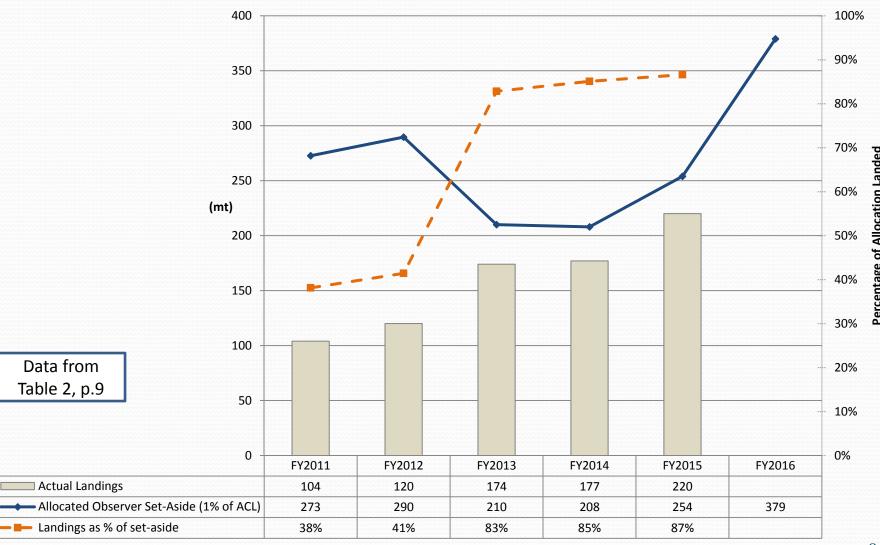


# Allocations as Percentage of Projected Landings (FY2011-FY2016): LAGC IFQ, RSA, Observer Set-Aside, incidental and LAACT

Data from Table 2, p.9



### Performance of Observer Set-Aside

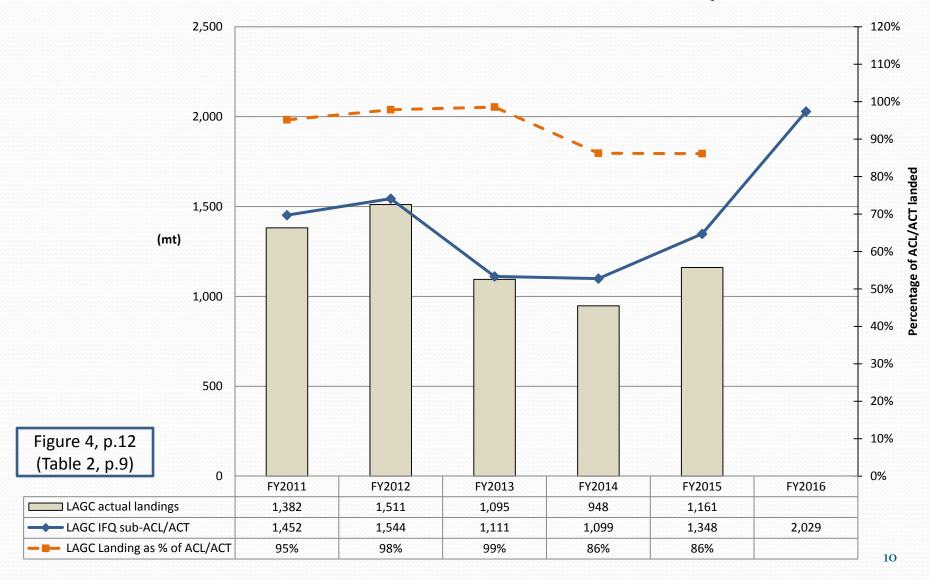


Data from Table 2, p.9

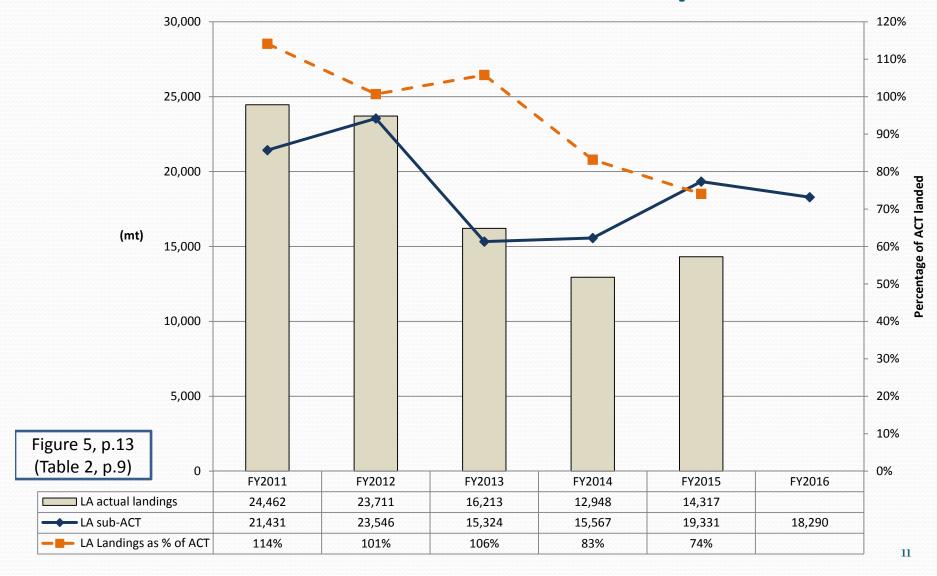
■ Actual Landings

─ Landings as % of set-aside

# Performance of LAGC IFQ



# Performance of LA component



### Section 4.0 DRAFT Objectives

p.14

#### AP/CTE Input

- Modify the current ACL structure to set allocations that account for:
  - Changes in management during and since A15.
  - Spatial management.
- Reduce potential impacts on the resource from allocations that are based on all areas, but only fished in areas available to the fishery.
- Other objectives that would address the problem statement?



p.15

### Section 5.0 DRAFT Measures

PDT developed DRAFT measures for discussion purposes

AP/CTE Input

- Status Quo No Change to ACL flowchart (Section 5.1.1, p. 15)
- Modifications to ACL flowchart (Section 5.1.2, p.15)
  - Option A Management Uncertainty Buffers for LAGC IFQ component
  - Option B Incorporate spatial management into allocations
- Other Potential Measures (Section 5.2, p.22)
  - Modify how observer set-aside is set (p.22)

# Section 5.1.1 – Status Quo (No Action)

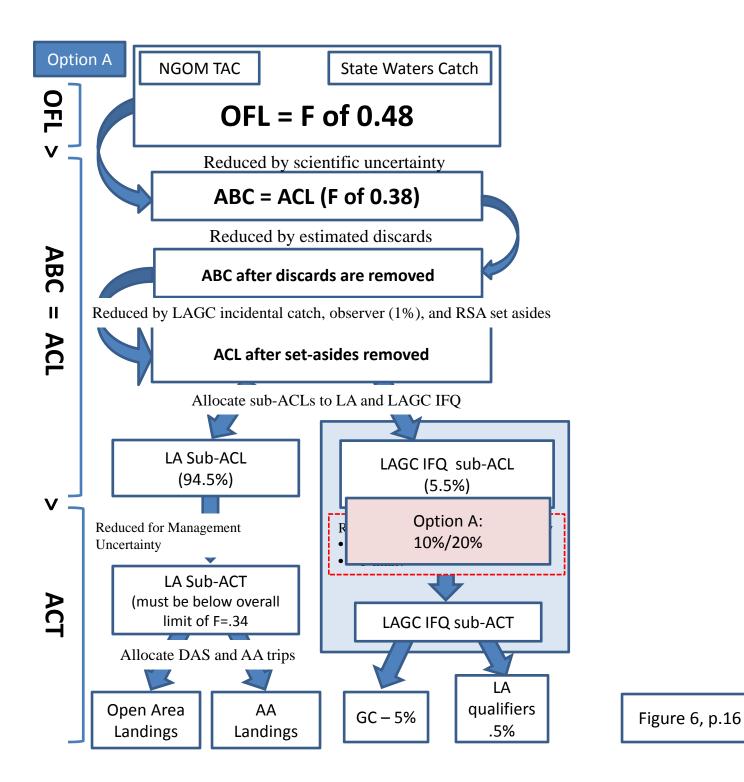
- No changes would be made to the current ACL flowchart process.
- Rationale: Under the current approach fishery catches have remained below the OFL and ABC, while components of the fishery have achieved catch targets in some years.
- Cons: This ACL system is not spatially explicit and does not function as well when relatively large amounts of total scallop biomass are in closed areas

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# 5.1.2.1 Option A – LAGC IFQ Management Uncertainty Buffer

- Staff has identified <u>10%</u> and <u>20%</u> management uncertainty buffers <u>for discussion purposes</u>.
- This is not a spatially explicit approach (does not follow projected landings estimate)
- Rationale: Measures adopted during and since Amendment 15 have introduced the potential for management uncertainty. For example, the LAGC IFQ component is now allowed to carryover up to 15% of allocated quota from one fishing year to the next.
- Cons: This modification does not address the spatial nature of the Scallop FMP. LAGC allocation would still be based on percentage of all biomass, in both open and closed areas.

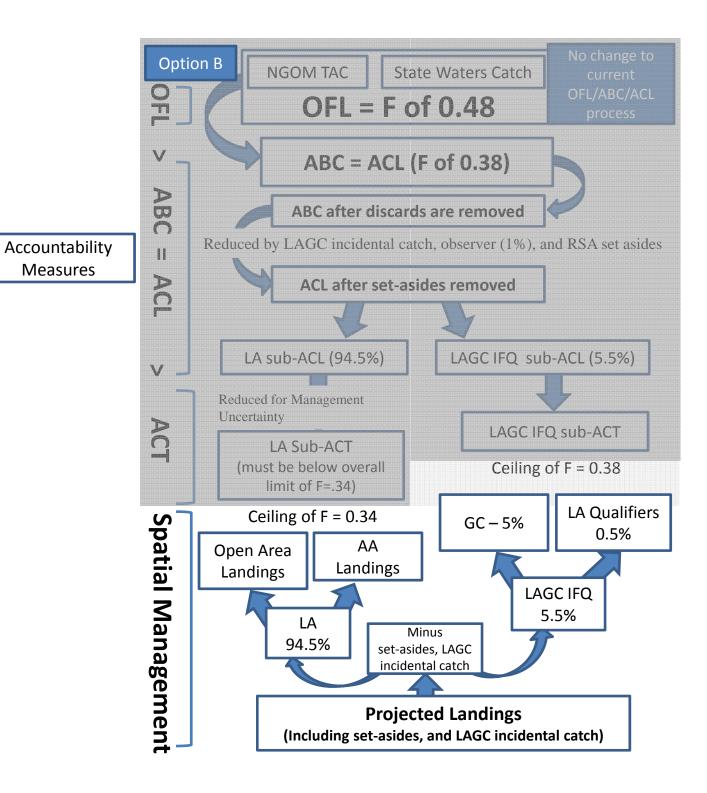
p.15



### 5.2.1.2 Option B – Allocations based on projected landings

- Calculate ACLs/ACTs based on projected landings from areas that are open ("spatially explicit" bottom-up approach)
- F ceiling that would reflect management uncertainty for each component.
- Rationale: Basing allocations only on the biomass that is available to the fishery more closely aligns allocations with the available resource;
- Cons: Allocations that are not spatially explicit may have a higher risk of higher fishing rates than target levels since some areas will not be open to the fishery.

pp.17-18



Measures

Figure 7, p.18

## Comparison of Possible Options

 Percent reduction from LA and LAGC IFQ sub-ACLs for management uncertainty under <u>status quo</u>, <u>Option A 10%</u>, <u>Option A 20%</u>, <u>and Option B</u>.

Table 6, p.21

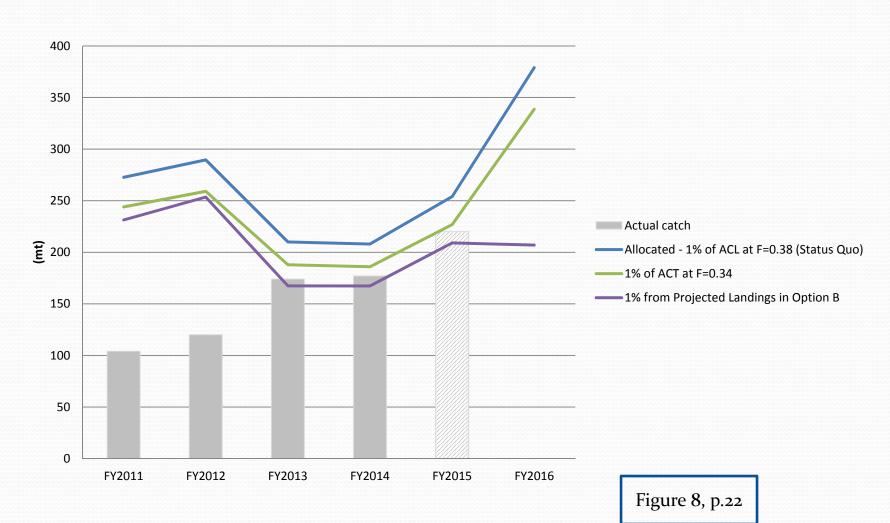
	Status Quo		Option A - 10%		Option	A - 20%	Option B - Spatially Explicit	
	LA	LAGC	LA	LAGC	LA	LAGC	LA	LAGC
FY2011	-14%	0%	-14%	-10%	-14%	-20%	-13%	-15%
FY2012	-11%	0%	-11%	-10%	-11%	-20%	-11%	-12%
FY2013	-20%	0%	-20%	-10%	-20%	-20%	-18%	-22%
FY2014	-18%	0%	-18%	-10%	-18%	-20%	-17%	-21%
FY2015	-17%	0%	-17%	-10%	-17%	-20%	-16%	-19%
FY2016	-48%	0%	-48%	-10%	-48%	-20%	-45%	-82%

### Section 5.2.1.1 - Modify Observer Set-Aside Allocation

- The observer set-aside is set at 1% of the **ACL**. (F=0.38)
- In some years this set aside is based on resources the fishery does not have access to.
- Two alternative approaches for calculating the observer setaside for consideration:
  - Catch level associated with F=0.34 of the total biomass in all areas. This is not a spatially explicit approach.
  - Projected landings in "Option B" before allocating to the LA and LAGC components. This is a spatially explicit approach.

p.22

### **Performance of Observer Set-Aside Options**



# Observer Coverage Rate Data

LA									
							SBRM Sea Days		
			Observed			SBRM Sea	Tasked/Total		
Fishing Year		Total Days Absent	Days	Co	overage Rate	Days Tasked	Days Absent		
	2013	19362	2465		12.73%	1637	8.45%		
	2014	17237	2359		13.69%	1488	8.63%		
	7.015	14944	2390		15.99%	2302	15.40%		
LAGC IFQ									
	_						SBRM Sea Days		
			Observed			SBRM Sea	Tasked/Total		
Fishing Year		Total Days Absent	Days	Co	overage Rate	Days Tasked	Days Absent		
	2013	7984	325		4.07%	116	1.45%		
	2014	8460	430	5.08%		125	1.48%		
	2015	9206	445	4.83%		210	2.28%		
		Set-Aside and Use	Set Aside Quota		% Quota used				
	FY 2		463,059 lbs		88.5	;o%			
FY 2		FY 2014	458,562 lbs		84.56%				

### **Section 6.0 - PDT Discussion**

- DRAFT has evolved since last PDT meeting (March 9)
- Additional analyses:
  - Comparison of projected and realized estimates of F

AP/CTE Input

• Additional analyses?

# Section 6.0 - Input from AP

Topics highlighted green on page 23

- Refinement/changes to draft problem statement?
- Does the AP/CTE support the following for further consideration?
  - Modifications to the ACL flowchart
  - Ideas for modifying the process for setting observer setaside
  - Scientific and management uncertainty buffers?
- Other ideas? Additional Analyses?