## An Excerpt* from:

# "Operational Assessment of the Black Sea Bass, Scup, Bluefish, and Monkfish Stocks, Updated Through 2018" 

by the Northeast Fisheries Science Center

*This is a Prepublication Copy of certain sections of the August 2019 Operational Stock
Assessment Report. The full report is still in preparation for publication. This prepublication comprises those sections of the full assessment report and reviewer comments that are relevant to monkfish. This pre-publication copy is intended for use by the NEFMC monkfish PDT and SSC. (8/16/2019)

## Contents

Contents ..... 2
Report of the 2019 Operational Assessment Review Committee (OARC) ..... 3
OARC Comments on 2019 Operational Assessment: Monkfish ..... 5
D. 2019 Monkfish Assessment Update ..... 9
Executive Summary ..... 9
Introduction ..... 10
TOR 1. Update data ..... 12
TOR 2. Estimate F, R, B ..... 17
TOR 3. Update BRPs ..... 19
TOR4. Stock Status ..... 19
TOR5. Population Projections ..... 19
TOR6. Research areas and data issues ..... 19
References: ..... 20
Tables ..... 25
Figures ..... 68
Appendix 1. Report of the Assessment Oversight Panel Meeting (May 20, 2019) ..... 108

# Report of the 2019 Operational Assessment Review Committee (OARC)** 

Report of the 2019 Operational Assessment Review Committee (OARC) for Monkfish, Black sea bass, Scup, and Bluefish

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3. NOAA/NMFS Southeast Fisheries Science Center Beaufort Laboratory

## (**NOTE: This is an excerpt of the full peer reviewer report, and contains information relevant to the 2019 monkfish assessment.)

The 2019 Operational Assessment Review Committee (OARC) met at the Northeast Fisheries Science Center in Woods Hole, MA on August 5-7 $7^{\text {th }}$. The OARC were asked to provide technical reviews of operational assessments for monkfish (Lophius americanus), black sea bass (Centropristis striata), scup (Stenotomus chrysops) and bluefish (Pomatomus saltatrix). The assessments for these four species were prepared under guidelines prepared by 2019 Assessment Oversight Panel (AOP). These guidelines provided a structured pathway for transitioning assessments for each species from a previously accepted benchmark assessment to one that incorporates the most recent data and understanding of the biology of the species being assessed. The 2019 Assessment Oversight Panel considered monkfish to be a level 2 assessment and the other three species were considered level 3 assessments. As a result of this designation, the assessments for all four species required peer-review.

We wish to thank Dr. Russ Brown (Population Dynamics Branch Chief), Dr. Jim Weinberg (SAW/SARC Process Chair), and Michele Traver (Stock Assessment Coordinator) for their support during the meeting. We thank the staff of the Population Dynamics Branch at NEFSC for the open and collaborative spirit with which they engaged the OARC. Our thanks extend not only to the analysts directly responsible for each assessment, but to the members of the Population Dynamics Branch who participated actively during the meeting. Finally, the OARC also wishes to thank the IT and other staff at NEFSC for supporting the logistics during the meeting.

The OARC endorsed the assessments for all four species presented at the meeting. An analytical assessment for monkfish was not possible as a result of challenges of ageing this species. Instead, the lead assessment analyst brought forward a swept area-based approach that estimated a multiplier that could be used to adjust the current ABC by the PDT, SSC and Council of the New England Fishery Management Council as was done in the previous stock assessment...

## OARC Comments on 2019 Operational Assessment: Monkfish

The OARC determined that the 2019 operational assessment for monkfish represents the best available scientific information and provides an appropriate foundation to provide scientific advice to managers. The assessment represents the BSIA for this stock for management purposes. No analytical model was presented because of challenges of aging monkfish and so no stock status determination was possible. The OARC agrees with the assessment report that an ad hoc approach to updating catch advice is appropriate for monkfish.

A length-based analytical approach for monkfish using the SCALE program in the National Fishery Toolbox (NFT) was first accepted in 2007 (NEDPSWG 2007 a,b) and continued for monkfish at SARC 50 (NEFSC 2010). This model was used to evaluate stock status and biological reference points until age and growth work (Bank 2016) indicated that the growth information was in error. The 2016 Operational Assessment Panel concluded that the SCALE model used previously could no longer be considered a reliable basis to estimate stock status and provide management advice.

The 2016 Operational Assessment Panel concluded that an ad hoc "Plan B" approach, using the changes in the most recent three years in the NEFSC Autumn and Spring biomass estimates to adjust the North and South management areas TACs should be used instead (Richards 2016). Adoption of this approach precludes a determination of stock status.

The 2019 OARC had no basis to disagree with the conclusions of the 2016 Operational Assessment Panel. The 2019 operational assessment for monkfish is an update of the ad hoc Plan B approach adopted in the 2016 operational assessment (Richards 2016). Applying this approach in 2016 implied essentially status quo in both management areas. This year, because of the recruitment of the strong 2015 year class, particularly in the north management area, the approach implies a relatively large ( $\sim 20 \%$ ) increase in the TAC for the north management area. While biomass (kg/tow) continued to increase through the 2018 autumn survey, abundance (numbers/tow) peaked in 2016 and decreased in later years. In the spring survey, both biomass and abundance indices peaked in 2018 and decreased in 2019. The OARC is concerned that biomass in the autumn survey may also have peaked in 2018 and that the approach might exaggerate the allowable increase in TAC for the north area. In the future it may be useful to evaluate approaches that would limit the variability in TAC adjustments as an alternate plan B.

The 2019 OARC concludes that the $a d$ hoc Plan B operational assessment for monkfish is sufficient to provide scientific advice, but might exaggerate the allowable increase in TAC for the north area. The OARC notes that the results of the 2019 Operational Assessment and the recommendations of this OARC report will be used by the NEFMC PDT to develop recommendations that will be reviewed by the NEFMC SSC. The Panel expects that these concerns will be taken into account by the PDT and SSC.

## Operational Assessment Terms of Reference: Monkfish

Stock assessments normally include 6 Terms of references. Not all ToRs were met because the Operational Assessment for monkfish was based on the Plan B approach accepted in the 2016 Operational Assessment,

1. Update fishery-dependent data (landings, discards, catch-at-age, etc.) and fisheryindependent data (research survey information) that had been used in the previous accepted assessment. Also, describe and present any new or revised data sets that are being used in the assessment.

This ToR was completed successfully. No new data sources were added to the assessment. Commercial landings and fishery-independent survey data from the NEFSC spring and fall surveys were updated.

2a. Estimate annual fishing mortality, recruitment, and stock size for the time series ("Plan A"). Include estimates of uncertainty, retrospective analyses (both historical and withinmodel), and bridge runs to sequentially document any changes from the previously accepted model to the updated model proposed for this peer review.

This ToR was not met. An analytical, length-based assessment using the NFT SCALE assessment model could not be developed because of uncertainties in ageing of monkfish and thus in growth parameters which are essential to the application of SCALE. Accordingly, no estimates of F, recruitment, and stock size for monkfish were produced.

2b. Prepare a "Plan B" assessment that would serve as an alternate approach to providing scientific advice to management. "Plan B" will be presented for peer review only if the "Plan A" assessment were to not pass review.

As agreed by the Assessment Oversight Panel, Plan B was used for monkfish as in the previous Operational Assessment in 2016. This ad hoc approach uses a slope value estimated from a regression analysis of the last three years of the fishery-independent surveys. Slope estimates for both the northern and southern regions are developed by appropriate sampling of stations from the NEFSC surveys. The exponentiated value of this slope is used as a multiplier to update the TAC for both the northern and southern regions.
3. Update the values of biological reference points (BRPs) for this stock.

This ToR could not be met as there is no accepted assessment model for monkfish.

4a. Recommend what stock status appears to be based on comparison of assessment results to BRP estimates.

There are no accepted biological reference points for monkfish and, thus, this ToR could not be met.

4b. Include qualitative descriptions of stock status based on simple indicators/metrics (e.g., ageand size-structure, temporal trends in population size or recruitment indices, etc.).

This ToR was met.
5. Perform short-term (2-year) population projections. The projection results should include an estimate of the catch at $F_{M S Y}$ or at an $F_{M S Y}$ proxy (i.e. this catch represents the overfishing level, OFL) as well as its statistical distribution (i.e., probability density function).

This ToR could not be met as there is no accepted assessment model for monkfish.
6. Comment on research areas or data issues to consider that might lead to improvements when this stock is assessed again in the future.

This ToR was met. SARC 34 (NEFSC 2002) recommended, "Surplus production modeling should continue with special emphasis placed on uncertainty in under-reported catches and population size prior to 1980." SARC 50 (NEFSC 2010) concluded: - "Bayesian surplus production was explored unsuccessfully for SAW 40 (NEFSC 2005) and NDPSWG (2007)." The Data Poor Working Group for monkfish (NDPSWG 2007) concluded that long-term production models were inappropriate for status determination of monkfish because of the general lack of correspondence between reported catch and survey trends.

Recent developments in general production modeling (JABBA, Winker et. al. 2018; SPiCT, Pedersen and Berg, 2016) may have addressed the concerns expressed in SARC 50. In particular, these modeling approaches allow for observation and process errors which make it possible to improve the estimate of the stock size and fit to the indices. The OARC suggests that these methods be investigated in the next research track assessment as an alternative to age/length based methods regardless of whether the age and growth problems have been resolved.

The OARC also recommend that the next assessment review and revise, if appropriate, the Plan B approach based on approaches in the DLMtool (http://www.datalimitedtoolkit.org/) and on the approaches used by ICES
(https://www.ices.dk/sites/pub/Publication\ Reports/Advice/2018/2018/Introduction_to_advic e_2018.pdf ).

## Major sources of uncertainty: Monkfish

Recent studies using mtDNA did not find differences between the north and south management areas, suggesting that there is a single stock. This is not a major source of uncertainty under the current Plan B, but could become so if and when a new analytical approach is adopted. At that time, stock structure should be evaluated carefully and both hypotheses (i.e., a single stock area, or a multiple area model) should be evaluated.

As indicated above, the three-year smoother may be risky since recruitment after the 2015-year class is estimated to have been average or less. Given previous large fluctuations in biomass, an increase of $20 \%$ or more may not be sustainable if the recruitment remains below average.

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## D. 2019 Monkfish Assessment Update

## Executive Summary

Assessment data for northern and southern management units of monkfish were updated with minmal changes to the approaches of the previous index-based assessment (NEFSC 2016). No age data are available for monkfish, and the assessment does not include analytic models.

TOR 1. Update fishery-dependent and fishery-independent data from previous assessment.
Commercial fishery statistics for monkfish were updated for 2015-2018. In the north, landings and catch have fluctuated around a steady level since 2009, but increased after 2015. In the south, landings and catch had been declining since around 2000, but catch increased after 2015 due to discarding of a strong 2015 year class.
Survey data updated through 2018 indicate an increasing trend in biomass in both management areas since 2014; exploitable biomass ( $43+\mathrm{cm}$ total length) indices have more than doubled in both areas since 2015, reflecting growth of the strong 2015 year class. Abundance also increased, and remains relatively high but has been decreasing in most series since 2016. Recruitment indices were high in the north in 2015 and 2016, and in the south in 2015.
New estimates of area-swept minimum biomass and abundance were developed using results from a study of relative efficiency of chain and rock-hopper sweeps on the net used for NEFSC bottom trawl surveys.The area-swept estimates are approximately 3 times (total biomass) or 5 times (total abundance) higher than the un-adjusted estimates, but follow the same trends.

TOR 2. Prepare an approach to providing scientific advice to management in the absence of an analytical model.

The monkfish assessment does not include an analytical model because the aging method has been invalidated, thus invalidating the growth model that is the foundation for the previouslyapproved model.
A simple model-free method previously used to derive Georges Bank cod catch limits was applied to current monkfish data. The method calculates the proportional rate of change in smoothed survey indices over the most recent 3 years for potential application to revising catch limits. In the NMA, the estimated rate of change was 1.2-1.3 depending on which surveys were included, and in the SMA, the estimated rate of change was 0.96-1.04.

TOR 3. Update the values of biological reference points (BRPs) for this stock.
BRPs defined in the management plan are dependent on output from the now-invalidated population model, therefore they have not been updated.

TOR 4. Include qualitative descriptions of stock status based on simple indicators/metrics.
Strong recruitment in 2015 fueled an increase in stock biomass in 2016-2018, though abundance has since declined as recruitment returned to average levels. Biomass increases were greater in the northern area than in the southern area, and biomass has declined somewhat in the south.

TOR 5. Perform short-term (2-year) population projections.
Not relevant to this assessment.
6. Comment on research areas or data issues that might lead to improvements in future stock assessments.

Development of a growth curve and/or an accurate aging method would allow application of agebased models. A better understanding of stock structure and movement patterns, especially mxing between management areas, would be helpful.

## Introduction

## Life History

The monkfish (Lophius americanus), also called goosefish, is distributed in the Northwest Atlantic from the Grand Banks and northern Gulf of St. Lawrence south to Cape Hatteras, North Carolina (Collette and Klein-Macphee 2002). Monkfish may be found from inshore areas to depths of at least 900 m ( 500 fathoms). Seasonal onshore-offshore migrations occur and appear to be related to spawning and possibly food availability (Collette and Klein-MacPhee 2002).

Monkfish rest partially buried on soft bottom substrates and attract prey using a modified first dorsal fin ray that resembles a fishing pole and lure. Monkfish are piscivorous and can eat prey as large as themselves. Despite the behavior of monkfish as a demersal 'sit-and-wait' predator, recent information from electronic tagging suggests seasonal off-bottom movements which may be related to migration (Rountree et al. 2006).

Growth rates of monkfish are not well understood and recent studies call into question the growth curves used in prior assessments (2007, 2010, 2013). One recent study has shown that the method currently used to age monkfish in the U.S. (counting rings on vertebrae) does not consistently identify the correct number of presumed-annual rings at the margin of the vertebra (Bank 2016). Further work conducted at the NEFSC has confirmed this using samples from the strong 2015 yearclass at presumed ages 1, 2 and 3 (Sandy Sutherland, NEFSC, personal communication). In addition, it appears that growth of immature monkfish may be much faster than previously understood. Growth estimated by modal progression of the 2015 yearclass suggests that monkfish may grow to $\sim 25 \mathrm{~cm}$ by age 1 and reach the size at maturity (approximately 40 cm ) by age two (Figure D1).

The estimated size at $50 \%$ maturity of monkfish is 41 cm for females and 37 cm for males (Richards et al. 2008). Few males are found larger than 70 cm , but females can reach sizes greater than 130 cm . Spawning takes place from spring through early autumn, progressing from south to north, with most spawning occurring during the spring and early summer (Richards et al. 2008). Females lay a buoyant mucoid egg raft or veil which can be as large as 12 m long and 1.5 m wide and only a few mm thick. The eggs are arranged in a single layer in the veil, and the larvae hatch
after about 1-3 weeks, depending on water temperature. Females likely produce more than one egg veil per year (McBride et al. 2017). The larvae and juveniles spend several months in a pelagic phase before settling to a benthic existence at a size of about 8 cm (Collette and Klein-MacPhee 2002).

## Stock Structure

The Fishery Management Plan (FMP) defines two management areas for monkfish (northern management area (NMA) and southern management area (SMA)), divided roughly by a line bisecting Georges Bank (Figure D2). The two assessment and management areas for monkfish were defined in the 1999 FMP based on differences in temporal patterns of recruitment (estimated from NEFSC surveys), perceived differences in growth patterns, and differences in the contribution of fishing gear types (mainly trawl, gill net, and dredge) to the landings. Since then, genetic studies using mitochondrial DNA have suggested a homogeneous population of monkfish off the U.S. east coast (Chikarmane et al. 2000; Johnson et al. in prep.); however research in progress using microsatellite DNA suggests a possible delination off Delaware Bay in the MidAtlantic Bight (Housbrouck et al. 2015).

Monkfish larvae are distributed over deep ( $<300 \mathrm{~m}$ ) offshore waters of the Mid-Atlantic Bight in March-April, and across the continental shelf ( 30 to 90 m ) later in the year, but relatively few larvae have been sampled in the northern management area (Steimle et al. 1999). NEFSC surveys continue to indicate different recruitment patterns in the two management units in recent years.

The perceived differences in growth in the two management areas were based on studies about 10 years apart and under different stock conditions (Armstrong et al. 1992: Georges Bank to Mid-Atlantic Bight, 1982-1985; Hartley 1995: Gulf of Maine, 1992-1993). Age, growth, and maturity information from the NEFSC surveys and the 2001, 2004 and 2009 cooperative monkfish surveys indicated only minor differences in age, growth, and maturity between the areas (Richards et al., 2008; Johnson et al., 2008). However these growth studies used the vertebral aging method which is now called into question.

The southern deepwater extent of the range of American monkfish (L. americanus) overlaps with the northern extent of the range of blackfin monkfish (L. gastrophysus; Caruso 1983). These two species are morphologically similar, which may create a problem in identification of survey catches and landings from the southern extent of the range of monkfish. The potential for a problem however is believed to be small. The NEFSC closely examined winter and spring 2000 survey catches for the presence of blackfin monkfish and found none. The cooperative monkfish survey conducted in 2001 caught only eight blackfin monkfish of a total of 6,364 monkfish captured in the southern management area.

## Fisheries Management

Commercial fisheries for monkfish occur year-round using gillnets, trawls and scallop dredges. No significant recreational fishery exists. The primary monkfish products are tails, livers and whole gutted fish. Peak fishing activity occurs during November through June, and value of the catch is highest in the fall due to the high quality of livers during this season.
U.S. fisheries for monkfish are managed in the Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) through a joint New England Fishery Management Council - Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Council Monkfish Fishery Management Plan (FMP). The primary goals of the Monkfish FMP are to end and prevent overfishing and to optimize yield and economic benefits to various fishing sectors
involved with the monkfish fisheries (NEFMC and MAFMC 1998; Haring and Maguire 2008). Current regulatory measures vary with type of permit but include limited access, limitations on days at sea, mesh size restrictions, trip limits, minimum size limits and annual catch limits (Tables 1 and 2).

Biological reference points for monkfish were established in the original Fishery Management Plan (FMP), but were revised after SAW 34 (NEFSC 2002), after the Data Poor Stocks Working Group (DPSWG) in 2007 (NEFSC 2007a), and after SAW 50 in 2010. The overfishing definition on record is $\mathrm{F}_{\text {max. }}$. Prior to 2007, $\mathrm{B}_{\text {threshold }}$ was defined as one-half of the median of the 1965-1981 3-year average NEFSC autumn trawl survey catch (kg) per tow). After acceptance of an analytical assessment in 2007 (NEFSC 2007a), $\mathrm{B}_{\text {target }}$ was redefined as the average of total biomass for the model time period (1980-2006) and $\mathrm{B}_{\text {threshold }}$ as the lowest observed value in the total biomass time series from which the stock had then increased (termed " $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Loss" }}$ ). According to the earlier (survey index-based) reference points, monkfish were overfished and overfishing status could not be determined (NEFSC 2005); however, with adoption of the analytical assessment in 2007, monkfish status was changed to no longer overfished and overfishing was not occurring. Assessments in 2010 and 2013 (NEFSC 2010; 2013) also concluded that both stocks were not overfished and overfishing was not occurring, while recognizing the continuing significant uncertainty in the determination. With the invalidation of the growth curve and analytic assessment model, the estimated BRPs are no longer relevant.

## TOR 1. Update data: fishery-dependent data (landings, discards, catch-at-age, etc.) and fishery-independent data (research survey information) that had been used in the previous accepted assessment. Also, describe and present any new or revised data sets that are being used in the assessment.

## Fishery-Dependent Data

## Landings

Landings of monkfish tails are converted from landed weight to live weight, because a substantial fraction of the landings occur as tails only (or other parts). The conversion of landed weight of tails to live weight of monkfish in the NEFSC weigh-out database is made by multiplying landed tail weight by a factor of 3.32 .

Early catch statistics (before $\sim 1980$ ) are uncertain, because much of the monkfish catch was sold outside of the dealer system or used for personal consumption until the mid-1970s. For 1964 through 1989, there are two potential sources of landings information for monkfish; the NEFSC 'weigh-out' database, which consists of fish dealer reports of landings, and the 'general canvass' database, which contains landings data collected by NMFS port agents (for ports not included in the weigh-out system) or reported by states not included in the weigh-out system (Table D3). All landings of monkfish are reported in the general canvass data as 'unclassified tails.' Consequently, some landed weight attributable to livers or whole fish in the canvass data may be inappropriately converted to live weight. This is not an issue for 1964-1981 when only tails were recorded in both databases. For 1982-1989, the weigh-out database contains market category information that allows for improved conversions from landed to live weight. The two data sources produce the same trends in landings, with general canvass landings slightly greater than weigh-out landings. It is not known which of the two measures more accurately reflects landings, but the additional data sources suggest that the general canvass is most reliable for 1964-1981 landings,
whereas the availability of market category details suggests that the weigh-out database is most reliable for 1982-1989.

Beginning in 1990, most of the extra sources of landings in the general canvass database were incorporated into the NEFSC weigh-out database. However, North Carolina reported landings of monkfish to the Southeast Fisheries Science Center and until 1997 these landings were not added to the NEFSC general canvass database. Since these landings most likely come from the southern management area, they have been added to the weigh-out data for the southern management area for 1977-1997 for the landings statistics used for stock assessment.

Beginning in July 1994, the NEFSC commercial landings data collection system was redesigned to consist of vessel trip reports (VTR) and dealer weigh-out records. The VTRs include area fished for each trip which is used to apportion dealer-reported landings to statistical areas. The northern management area includes statistical areas 511-515, 521-523 and 561; and the southern management area includes areas 525-526, 562, 537-543 and 611-636 (Figure D2).

Total U.S. landings (live weight) remained at low levels until the mid-1970s, increasing from less than $1,000 \mathrm{mt}$ to around $6,000 \mathrm{mt}$ in 1978 (Table D3, Figure D3). Annual landings remained stable at between 8,000 and $10,000 \mathrm{mt}$ until the late 1980s. Landings increased from the late 1980 s to over $20,000 \mathrm{mt}$ per year during 1992-2004, peaking at $28,500 \mathrm{mt}$ in 1997 . Landings declined steadily after 2003, and stabilized around an average of 8,600 mt during 2009-2015. During 2008-2015, fishing year landings in the NMA remained well below the TAL, but during 2016-2018 were close to or higher than the TAL (Table D2). In the SMA, fishing year landings have been below the TAL since 2009. The most recent TALs are $\sim 50 \%$ higher in the SMA than in the NMA.

Monkfish landings began to increase in the northern management region in the mid-1970s and in the late 1970s in the southern area. Most of the increase in landings during the late 1980s through mid-1990s was from the southern area. Historical under-reporting of landings should be considered in the interpretation of this series.

Trawls, scallop dredges and gill nets are the primary gear types that land monkfish (Table D4, Figure D4). Trawls have been the predominant gear in the north, accounting for approximately $75 \%$ of the landings on average. In the south, trawls and dredges dominated the landings before about 2002, but were subsequently replaced by gillnets as regulations changed. Gillnets accounted for about 75\% of the landings from the southern management area during 2016-2018.

Until the late 1990s, total U.S. landings were dominated by landings of monkfish tails. From 1964 to 1980 landings of tails rose from 19mt to 2,302mt, and peaked at $7,191 \mathrm{mt}$ in 1997 (Tables 5, 6). Landings of tails declined after 1997, but are still an important component of the landings. Landings of gutted whole fish have increased steadily since the early 1990s and are now the largest market category on a landed-weight basis. On a regional basis, more tails were landed from the northern area than the southern area prior to the late 1970s (Tables 5 and 6). From 1979 to 1989, landings of tails were about equal from both areas. In the 1990's, landings of tails from the south predominated, but since 2000, landings of tails have been greater in the north.

Beginning in 1982, several market categories were added to the system (Tables 5, 6). Tails were broken down into large (> 2.0 lbs ), small ( 0.5 to 2.0 lbs ), and unclassified categories and the liver market category was added. In 1989, unclassified round fish were added, in 1991 peewee tails ( $<0.5 \mathrm{lbs}$ ) and cheeks, in 1992 belly flaps, and in 1993 whole gutted fish were added. Landings of unclassified round (whole) or gutted whole fish jumped in 1994 to 2,045 mt and 1,454 mt , respectively; landings of gutted fish continued to increase through 2003. The tonnage of
peewee tails landed increased through 1995 to 364 mt and then declined to 153 mt in 1999 and 4 mt in 2000 when the category was essentially eliminated by regulations.

## Foreign Landings

Landings (live wt) from NAFO areas 5 and 6 by countries other than the US are shown in Table D3 and Figure D3. Reported landings were high but variable in the 1960s and 1970s with a peak in 1973 of $6,818 \mathrm{mt}$. Landings were low but variable in the 1980s, declined in the early 1990s, and have generally been below 300 mt since 1996. NAFO data for monkfish were not updated for this assessment update.

## Discard Estimates

Catch data from the fishery observer, dealer and VTR databases were used to investigate discarding frequencies and rates using standardized bycatch reporting methodology (SBRM, Rago et al. 2005; Wigley et al. 2007). The number of trips with monkfish discards available for analysis varied widely among management areas and gear types (Tables 7, 8). As in previous monkfish assessments (NEFSC 2007a, NEFSC 2010, NEFSC 2013, NEFSC 2016), monkfish discards were estimated on a gear, half-year and management area basis using observed discard-per-keptmonkfish expanded to total discards for otter trawls and gillnets, and observed discard-per-all-kept-catch to expand for scallop dredges and shrimp trawls. Discards for 1980-1988 (before observer sampling) were estimated by applying average discard ratios by management area and gear type (trawl, shrimp trawl, gillnet, dredge) from 1989-1991 to landings for 1980-1988 as follows:

| Area | Shrimp <br> Trawls | Trawls | Gillnets | Dredges |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| North |  |  |  |  |
| Years included | $1989-1991$ | $1989-1991$ | $1989-1991$ | $1992-1997$ |
| Number of trips | 124 | 253 | 1191 | 54 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| South |  |  |  |  |
| Years included | n/a | $1989-1991$ | $1991-1992$ | $1991-1993$ |
| Number of trips |  | 334 | 177 | 32 |

The proportion of discards in the northern area catch was about $13 \%$ in the 1980 s, $7 \%$ during 2002-2006, became slightly higher on average (12\%) during 2007-2009, was $14 \%$ for 20102015 and $18 \%$ during 2016-2018 (Table D9, Figures 5, 6). The proportion of discards in the southern area catch has generally increased since the 1980s (average 16\% 1980-1989), with an annual average of $29 \%$ during 2002-2006, $24 \%$ during 2007-2009, and 27\% in 2010-2015 (Table D9, Figures 5 and 6). During 2016-2018, the proportion of discards in the catch was $51 \%$, and estimated discards (mt) exceeded landings in 2017 and 2018. These high discard rates are due primarily to regulatory discards in the scallop dredge fishery (Table D8). Gill nets consistently have had the lowest discard ratios in both areas.

Overall, discarding has increased steadily in both management areas since 2015 (Table D9). In 2015, a large increase in discarding of small fish was observed in southern area dredge and trawl fisheries (Figure D8), reflecting the strong 2015 recruitment event. This yearclass now appears to have grown into the exploitable size range (43+cm) (Figure D1).

## Size Composition of U.S. Catch

Tail lengths were converted to total lengths using relations developed by Almeida et al. (1995). As in previous assessments, (NEFSC 2007a and later), length composition of landings and discard were estimated from fishery observer samples by management area, gear-type (trawls, dredges and gillnets), catch disposition (kept or discarded) and variable time periods (Table D11). Landings in unknown gear categories were allocated proportionately to the 3 major gear types before assigning lengths. The estimated length composition of landings and discard is shown in Figures 7-10. Age composition of the catch was not estimated.

## Effort and CPUE

Evaluating trends in effort or catch rates in the monkfish fishery is difficult for several reasons. Much of the catch is taken in multi-species fisheries, and defining targeted monkfish trips is difficult. There have been programmatic changes in data collection from port interviews (19801993) to logbooks (1994-2009), and comparison of effort statistics among programs is difficult. Catch rates may not reflect patterns of abundance, because they have been affected by regulatory changes (e.g., 1994 closed areas, 2000 trip limits, 2006 reductions in trip limits).

CPUE data have not been used in the assessment model for monkfish, therefore they were not examined for this assessment update.

## Fishery-Independent Data

Resource surveys used in the 2016 assessment were updated, including NEFSC spring and autumn offshore surveys, ASMFC northern shrimp surveys (NFMA only), ME/NH spring and fall inshore surveys, and scallop dredge surveys conducted by NEFSC and Viginia Institute of Marine Science (VIMS) (SMA only). Very few strata in the SMA were sampled during the 2017 fall survey, so indices were not calculated for the 2017 fall survey in the SMA.

The NEFSC survey strata used to define the northern and southern management areas are:

| Survey | Northern Area | Southern Area |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| NEFSC offshore bottom trawl | $20-30,34-40$ | $1-19,61-76$ |
| ASMFC Shrimp | $1,3,5-8$ |  |
|  |  | $6,7,10,11,14,15,18,19,22-31,33-$ |
| Shellfish |  | $35,46,47,55,58-61,621,631$ |

NEFSC spring and autumn bottom trawl survey indices for 1963-2008 were standardized to adjust for statistically significant effects of trawl type (Sissenwine and Bowman 1977) on catch rates. The trawl conversion coefficients apply only to the spring survey during 1973-1981.

NEFSC indices derived from surveys on the FSV Henry Bigelow (starting spring 2009) were adjusted using calibration coefficients estimated during experimental work (Miller et al. 2009). The FSV Henry B. Bigelow, which became the main platform for NEFSC research surveys in spring 2009, has significantly different size, towing power, and fishing gear characteristics than the previous survey platform (Albatross IV), resulting in different fishing power and catchability for most species. Calibration experiments to estimate these differences were conducted during 2008 (Brown 2009, NEFSC 2007b,). Following guidelines developed by a peer-review panel
(Anonymous 2009), monkfish catches were converted using a simple ratio estimator without a seasonal (spring vs. fall) or length-specific correction. The low catch rates of monkfish in the Albatross series made development of more detailed coefficients infeasible. The overall coefficients for monkfish were 7.1295 for numbers and 8.0618 for biomass (kg) (Anonymous 2009; Miller et al. 2009). The Bigelow time series is also presented as an independent, uncalibrated series.

NEFSC spring and fall survey estimates of minimum biomass and abundance were derived using relative efficiency estimates for monkfish from a set of paired-tow experiments comparing chain sweep (industry standard on soft bottom) vs. rock hopper gear (used on all tows on the FSV Bigelow) (Miller et al. 2017a, 2017b, 2018).

## Northern Management Area (NMA)

Biomass indices from NEFSC autumn and spring research trawl surveys fluctuated without trend between 1963 and 1975, increased briefly in the late 1970's, but declined thereafter to near historic lows during the 1990's (Tables 12-13, Figures 11 and 12). From 2000 to 2003, indices increased, reflecting recruitment of a relatively strong 1999 yearclass. Subsequently, biomass indices declined and remained relatively low until 2016, when both biomass and abundance began to increase. Abundance declined slightly in 2017 and 2018 but biomass indices continued to increase in the fall survey (Figure D12). Exploitable biomass ( $43+\mathrm{cm}$ ) has increased steadily since 2014 (fall survey) or 2016 (spring survey) (Figure D13). ME-NH survey data has shown similar trends in total biomass and abundance as the NEFSC surveys (Figure D14).

Length composition of NEFSC and ME/NH fall survey catches (Figures15 and 18) suggest production of relatively strong yearclasses in 2015 and 2016; however, strong recruitment was not apparent in the spring or summer shrimp surveys (Figures 16 and 17).

Recruitment indices (abundance) were estimated for monkfish of lengths corresponding to presumed young-of-year (YOY, age 0). The size ranges used were based on length frequencies observed for the strong 2015 yearclass, and were adopted in the 2016 assessment, as follows:

|  | 2013 <br> Putative <br> age | 2016 <br> cm range |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| North | age <br> agive | cm range |  |  |
| Fall NEFSC | 1 | $11-19$ | 0 | $6-18$ |
| Fall ME-NH | 1 | $11-19$ | 0 | $8-18$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| South |  |  | 0 | $7-18$ |
| Spring/summer scallop | 1 | $11-19$ | 0 | $12-28$ |
| Fall NEFSC | 1 | $11-17$ |  |  |

Based on the recruitment indices (Figure D20), the frequency of recruitment events in the northern area has increased since the late 1980s, with strong yearclasses produced in 1993, 1994, 2000, 2015 and 2016. There appears to be a negative relationship between recruitment and size of monkfish in the NMA (Figure D20). One possible interpretation is that that cannibalism plays a role in stock dyanmics. Armstrong et al (1996) and Johnson et al. (2008) both found higher rates of cannibalism in relatively large monkfish.

Additional surveys that catch monkfish in portions of the northern area include the ASMFC shrimp survey, the Massachusetts Division of Marine Fisheries fall and spring surveys, and ME/NH inshore surveys (Table D15, Figures 11, 14, 17-19). The shrimp survey samples the western Gulf of Maine during summer and caught more monkfish than the spring or fall surveys prior to 2009 (when the FSV Bigelow survey series began). Patterns of abundance and biomass have been relatively consistent among the NEFSC spring and fall, ME-NH, and shrimp surveys (Figure D21). The Massachusetts surveys catch few monkfish and were not considered to reflect patterns of abundance for the entire management area (NEFSC 2007a); therefore have not been included in recent assessments.

Figure D22 shows the distribution of monkfish in surveys in the northern management area.

## Southern Management Area

Inconsistent geographic coverage should be considered in the interpretation of southern survey indices. The NEFSC fall survey did not sample south of Hudson Canyon until 1967. The NEFSC scallop dredge survey has been limited to the southern flank of Georges Bank since 2014, and NEFSC sampling intensity over the entire mid-Atlantic Bight declined starting in 2011. In addition, the timing of the scallop dredge survey shifted in 2009 from mid-summer to late spring. The Virginia Institute of Marine Science VIMS is now conducting the scallop dredge survey in the areas south of Georges Bank (beginning in 2012), but the data are not incorporated into the NEFSC survey data base. This makes it laborious to fold the VIMS dredge survey data into the assessment calculations; however, the VIMS data have been included for most of the series presented in this assessment. NEAMAP inshore surveys in the Mid-Atlantic catch relatively few monkfish, so are not included here.

Biomass and abundance indices from NEFSC spring and autumn research surveys were high during the mid-1960s, fluctuated around an intermediate level during the 1970s-mid 1980s, and have been relatively low since the late 1980s (Tables 16-17, Figures 23 and 24). A sharp increase in abundance was observed in the 2015 scallop and fall surveys and in the 2016 spring survey (Tables 16-18 Figure D23), reflecting an apparent recruitment event in 2015. Exploitable biomass ( $43+\mathrm{cm}$ ) increased in the spring survey in 2017 and 2018, likely as a result of the growth of the 2015 yearclass (Figure D25). The fall survey also showed elevated exploitable biomass in 2018 (no survey in 2017).

Length distributions from the southern area show truncation over time but somewhat less dramatically than in the north (Figures 25-27). As in the northern area, fish greater than 60 cm have been rare since the 1980s, especially when compared to the 1960s. Recruitment indices (presumed YOY) (Figure D29) indicate two exceptional recruitment events in the south, occurring in 1972 and 2015. The negative relationship between median size in the population and recruitment seen in the north is not evident in the SMA (Figure D29); however, the median size has generally been lower in the south than in the north. Distribution plots suggest that the 2015 recruits were broadly distributed in the SMA (Figure D32).

## TOR 2. Estimate F, R, B

TOR2a.) Estimate annual fishing mortality, recruitment, and stock size for the time series ("Plan A"). Include estimates of uncertainty, retrospective analyses (both historical and within-model), and bridge runs to sequentially document any changes from the previously accepted model to the updated model proposed for this peer review.

In the absence of an approved model, this TOR was not addressed through modeling efforts; however relative exploitation rates were calculated from landings or catch and survey estimates of minimum area-swept abundance or biomass estimated using adjustments for the rockhopper sweep (Miller et al. 2017a, 2017b, 2018) (Table D19, Figures 33-34). The area-swept estimates account for missed strata by applying average density from sampled strata in each management area to the un-sampled strata. The estimates assume that $100 \%$ of the monkfish encountered by the trawl are captured. Missing strata in monkfish assessment areas and total area of sampled strata during 2009-2018 were the following:

| North | Area surveyed <br> nmi2 | South <br> Missing strata | Area surveyed <br> nmi2 |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2009 |  | 26,265 | 68 | 37,029 |
| 2010 |  | 26,265 |  | 37,081 |
| 2011 | 20,25 | 24,654 | 17,66 | 36,166 |
| 2012 | 25 | 25,875 |  | 37,081 |
| 2013 | 25 | 25,875 | 18 | 36,909 |
| 2014 | 20,40 | 24,466 |  | 8 |
| 2015 |  | 26,265 |  | 36,851 |
| 2016 |  | 26,265 |  | 37,081 |
| 2017 |  | 26,265 | $1-12,61-76$ | 37,081 |
| 2018 | $30,34,351,39$ | 22,617 |  | 9,226 |

b.) Prepare a "Plan B" assessment that would serve as an alternate approach to providing scientific advice to management. "Plan $B$ " will be presented for peer review only if the "PlanA" assessment were to not pass review.

A model-free method used to derive Georges Bank cod catch limits in 2015 (NEFSC 2015) was applied to monkfish in the northern and southern management areas in the 2016 assessment (NEFSC 2016) and is updated here. The method calculates the rate and direction of change in survey indices using the slope of a log-linear regression of LOESS-smoothed survey indices during the most recent three years. In the case of cod, the proportional change in the indices (re-transformed slope, "catch multiplier") was applied to average cod catch in the three previous years to derive new cod catch limits.

The monkfish analysis calculated the multiplier using total biomass indices from either the NEFSC fall survey only or the average of the NEFSC spring and fall surveys. The missing 2017 fall survey index for the south was interpolated by averaging 2016 and 2018 biomass indices for the south. The spring survey may be affected more strongly than the fall survey by availability of monkfish to the gear due to timing of seasonal migrations. Biomass indices for 1986-2018 in each area were LOESS-smoothed (smoothing parameter=0.30, 9.9 year smoothing window) before being entered into a log-linear regression to estimate the proportional change during 2016-2018. The estimated proportional change (multiplier) for monkfish in the north was 1.26 (fall survey only, 26\% increase) or 1.22 (spring and fall surveys combined, $22 \%$ increase). In the south, the proportional change was 0.96 (fall survey only, $4 \%$ decrease) or 1.04 (spring and fall surveys combined, $4 \%$ increase) (Figure D35).

## TOR 3. Update BRPs

TOR 3. Update the values of biological reference points (BRPs) for this stock. Biological reference points specified in the management plan are no longer relevant due to invalidation of the growth model, therefore they were not updated for this assessment update.

## TOR4. Stock Status

TOR4. a.) Recommend what stock status appears to be based on comparison of assessment results to BRP estimates.
This TOR was not addressed because monkfish BRPs have been invalidated.
b.) Include qualitative descriptions of stock status based on simple indicators/metrics (e.g., age- and size-structure, temporal trends in population size or recruitment indices, etc.).

Based on trends in survey results, monkfish stock status has been improving (north) or remained steady (south) in both management regions in the past three years, likely due primarily to the 2015 recruitment event. Biomass continued to increase in the north in 2018 while abundance dropped, reflecting an increase in the proportion of large individuals in the population (likely of the 2015 year class). In the south, biomass increased after the 2015 recruitment event, but was lower in 2018 (fall 2017 data missing), as abundance of the 2015 year class declined.
Recruitment has returned to average levels in the south, and in the north, to average levels observed since the late 1980s. Abundance and biomass patterns may be influenced by movement of monkfish between the management areas, which is poorly understood.

## TOR5. Population Projections

5. Perform short-term (2-year) population projections. The projection results should include an estimate of the catch at FMSY or at an FMSY proxy (i.e. this catch represents the overfishing level, OFL) as well as its statistical distribution (i.e., probability density function).
Not relevant to this assessment.

## TOR6. Research areas and data issues

TOR 6: Comment on research areas or data issues to consider that might lead to improvements when this stock is assessed again in the future.

A benchmark assessment should consider the feasibility of using both observer and port samples in estimating length composition of commercial landings.

Ongoing research on age and growth of monkfish may lead to an acceptable growth curve, even if not an aging method that could be used for routine aging. If so, age structured models could be explored assuming static growth.

A better understanding of monkfish movements and stock structure would be helpful to interpretation of monkfish population data.

Future modeling efforts may want to consider the possible role of cannibalism in stock dynamics of monkfish in light of the strong negative relationship observed in the north between median size of monkfish in the population and recruitment indices.

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## Tables

Table D1. Timeline of fishery management actions for monkfish.
(http://www.greateratlantic.fisheries.noaa.gov/sustainable/species/monkfish/)
1999 - Monkfish FMP was implemented which included a limited access permit program, a DAS management system, trip limits, and minimum size limits.

1999 - Amendment 1 (FR Notice) approved to ensure compliance with essential fish habitat requirements of the Magnuson-Stevens Act.

2002 - Framework Adjustment 1 (FR Notice) was disapproved by NMFS. NMFS instead published an emergency rule that implemented measures based upon the best available science to temporarily suspend the restrictive Year 4 default management measures that would have become effective May 1, 2002.

2003 -Framework Adjustment 2 (FR Notice) modified the overfishing definition and implemented annual adjustments to the management measures.

2003 - Final rule implemented a series of seasonal closures that prohibited the use of large mesh gillnets in Federal waters off the coast of Virginia and North Carolina to reduce the impact of the monkfish fishery on endangered and threatened species of sea turtles.

2005 - Amendment 2 (FR Notice) addressed essential fish habitat, bycatch concerns, and issues raised by public comments.

2006 - Framework Adjustment 3 (FR Notice) implemented to prohibit targeting monkfish on Multispecies B-regular DAS.

2007 - Interim management measures Framework 4 (FR Notice) adopted in May to address overfishing while NMFS conducted a stock assessment. Framework 4 was implemented in October to establish 3-year target total allowable catches (TACs), a target TAC backstop provision, and adjustments to DAS allocations and trip limits.

2007 - Amendment 3 (FR Notice) was implemented as an Omnibus Amendment to standardize bycatch reporting methodology for monkfish and other fisheries.

2008 - NMFS implemented Framework 5 (FR Notice) to ensure the Monkfish FMP succeeds in keeping landings within the target total allowable catch levels. Measures include reduction in carryover DAS, reduction in bycatch or incidental catch limits, and revision in the biological reference points used to determine if the stock is overfished.

2008 - Framework 6 (FR Notice) eliminated the backstop provision adopted in Framework Adjustment 4 to the FMP, October 2007.

Table D1, continued.
2011 - Amendment 5 (FR Notice) implemented a suite of measures including annual catch limits and accountability measures, measures to promote efficiency and reduce waste, and bring the biological reference points into compliance.

2011 - Framework Adjustment 7 (FR Notice) implemented measures that were disapproved in Amendment 5 due to newly available science. Specifically, DAS allocations, trip limits, and an annual catch target for the Northern Area.

2012 - Amendment 6 is still being developed in considering a catch shares management system for the fishery. Information on Amendment 6 is located here.

2013 - NMFS implements an emergency action (FR Notice) to suspend the monkfish possession limits in the Northern Fishery Management Area for monkfish permit categories C and D under a monkfish DAS.

2014 - Framework Adjustment 8 (FR Notice) implemented measures to incorporate results of latest stock assessment, increase monkfish day-at-sea allocations and landing limits to better achieve optimum yield, and increase operational flexibility by allowing all limited access monkfish vessels to use an allocated monkfish-only day-at-sea at any time throughout the fishing year and Category H vessels to fish throughout the Southern Fishery Management Area.

2016 - Framework Adjustment 9 (FR Notice) implemented measures to increase landings in the NFMA by eliminating the possession limit while fishing under both a NE multispecies and monkfish day-at-sea and increasing flexibility in the SFMA by reducing the minimum mesh size for roundfish gillnets.

2017 - Framework Adjustment 10 (FR Notice) implemented measures to incorporate results of the 2016 operational assessment, increase monkfish day-at-sea allocations and possession limits.

Table D2. Management measures for monkfish, fishing years 2000-2018. Regulations pertain to fishing years (FY, May 1- April 30), thus landings do not correspond to calendar year landings in Table D3. Trip limits apply to vessels fishing on declared monkfish days at sea.

## Northern Fishery Management Area

| Fishing | Target <br> Year | Trip <br> Limits* <br>  | Trip <br> Limits* <br>  | DAS <br> Restrictions** | FY Landings <br> (mt) | Percent of <br> TAC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2000 | 5,673 | n/a | n/a | 40 | 11,859 | $209 \%$ |
| 2001 | 5,673 | n/a | n/a | 40 | 14,853 | $262 \%$ |
| 2002 | 11,674 | n/a | n/a | 40 | 14,491 | $124 \%$ |
| 2003 | 17,708 | n/a | n/a | 40 | 14,155 | $80 \%$ |
| 2004 | 16,968 | n/a | n/a | 40 | 11,750 | $69 \%$ |
| 2005 | 13,160 | n/a | n/a | 40 | 9,533 | $72 \%$ |
| 2006 | 7,737 | n/a | n/a | 40 | 6,677 | $86 \%$ |
| 2007 | 5,000 | 1,250 | 470 | 31 | 5,050 | $101 \%$ |
| 2008 | 5,000 | 1,250 | 470 | 31 | 3,528 | $71 \%$ |
| 2009 | 5,000 | 1,250 | 470 | 31 | 3,344 | $67 \%$ |
| 2010 | 5,000 | 1,250 | 470 | 31 | 2,834 | $57 \%$ |
| 2011 | 5,854 | 1,250 | 600 | 40 | 3,699 | $63 \%$ |
| 2012 | 5,854 | 1,250 | 600 | 40 | 3,920 | $67 \%$ |
| 2013 | 5,854 | 1,250 | 600 | 40 | 3,596 | $61 \%$ |
| 2014 | 5,854 | 1,250 | 600 | 45 | 3,403 | $58 \%$ |
| 2015 | 5,854 | 1,250 | 600 | 45 | 4,080 | $70 \%$ |
| 2016 | 5,854 | 1,250 | 600 | 45 | 5,447 | $93 \%$ |
| 2017 | 6,338 | 1,250 | 600 | 45 | 6,807 | $107 \%$ |
| 2018 | 6,338 | 1,250 | 600 | 45 | 6,168 | $97 \%$ |

* Trip limits in pounds tail weight per DAS
** Excluding up to 10 DAS carryover, became 4 DAS carryover in FY2007
In 2011, the target TAC became a target TAL

Table D2, continued.

## Southern Fishery Management Area

| Fishing | Target <br> Year | Trip <br> Limits* <br> Cat. | Trip <br> Limits* <br> Cat. B, | DAS <br> R,C,G | D, H | FY Landings <br> (mt) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2000 | 6,024 | 1,500 | 1,000 | 40 | Percent of <br> TAC |  |
| 2001 | 6,024 | 1,500 | 1,000 | 40 | 11,069 | $132 \%$ |
| 2002 | 7,921 | 550 | 450 | 40 | 7,478 | $184 \%$ |
| 2003 | 10,211 | 1,250 | 1,000 | 40 | 12,198 | $94 \%$ |
| 2004 | 6,772 | 550 | 450 | 28 | 6,223 | $119 \%$ |
| 2005 | 9,673 | 700 | 600 | 39.3 | 9,656 | $92 \%$ |
| 2006 | 3,667 | 550 | 450 | 12 | 5,909 | $100 \%$ |
| 2007 | 5,100 | 550 | 450 | 23 | 7,180 | $161 \%$ |
| 2008 | 5,100 | 550 | 450 | 23 | 6,751 | $141 \%$ |
| 2009 | 5,100 | 550 | 450 | 23 | 4,800 | $132 \%$ |
| 2010 | 5,100 | 550 | 450 | 23 | 4,484 | $94 \%$ |
| 2011 | 8,925 | 550 | 450 | 28 | 5,801 | $88 \%$ |
| 2012 | 8,925 | 550 | 450 | 28 | 5,184 | $65 \%$ |
| 2013 | 8,925 | 550 | 450 | 28 | 5,088 | $58 \%$ |
| 2014 | 8,925 | 610 | 500 | 32 | 5,415 | $57 \%$ |
| 2015 | 8,925 | 610 | 500 | 32 | 4,733 | $61 \%$ |
| 2016 | 8,925 | 700 | 575 | 37 | 4,345 | $49 \%$ |
| 2017 | 9,011 | 700 | 575 | 37 | 3,802 | $42 \%$ |
| 2018 | 9,011 | 700 | 575 | 37 | 4,600 | $51 \%$ |

* Trip limits in pounds tail weight per DAS
** Excluding up to 10 DAS carryover, became 4 DAS carryover in FY2007
In 2011, the target TAC became a target TAL

Table D3. Landings (calculated live weight, mt) of monkfish as reported in NEFSC weigh-out data base (1964-1993) and vessel trip reports (1994-2014) (North = SA 511-523, 561; South $=$ SA 524-639 excluding 551-561 plus landings from North Carolina for years 1977-1995); General Canvas database (1964-1989, North = ME, NH, northern weigh out proportion of MA; South = Southern weigh-out proportion of MA, RI-VA); Foreign landings from NAFO database areas 5 and 6 . Shaded cells denote suggested source for landings which are used in the total column at the far right (see text for details).

|  | Weigh Out Plus NC |  |  | General Canvas |  |  | Foreign | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | US <br> North | US South | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { US } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ | US <br> North | US South | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { US } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 1964 | 45 | 19 | 64 | 45 | 61 | 106 | 0 | 106 |
| 1965 | 37 | 17 | 54 | 37 | 79 | 115 | 0 | 115 |
| 1966 | 299 | 13 | 312 | 299 | 69 | 368 | 2,397 | 2765 |
| 1967 | 539 | 8 | 547 | 540 | 59 | 598 | 11 | 609 |
| 1968 | 451 | 2 | 453 | 449 | 36 | 485 | 2,231 | 2716 |
| 1969 | 258 | 4 | 262 | 240 | 43 | 283 | 2,249 | 2532 |
| 1970 | 199 | 12 | 211 | 199 | 53 | 251 | 477 | 728 |
| 1971 | 213 | 10 | 223 | 213 | 53 | 266 | 3,659 | 3925 |
| 1972 | 437 | 24 | 461 | 437 | 65 | 502 | 4,102 | 4604 |
| 1973 | 710 | 139 | 848 | 708 | 240 | 948 | 6,818 | 7766 |
| 1974 | 1,197 | 101 | 1,297 | 1,200 | 183 | 1,383 | 727 | 2110 |
| 1975 | 1,853 | 282 | 2,134 | 1,877 | 417 | 2,294 | 2,548 | 4842 |
| 1976 | 2,236 | 428 | 2,663 | 2,256 | 608 | 2,865 | 341 | 3206 |
| 1977 | 3,137 | 830 | 3,967 | 3,167 | 1,314 | 4,481 | 275 | 4756 |
| 1978 | 3,889 | 1,384 | 5,273 | 3,976 | 2,073 | 6,049 | 38 | 6087 |
| 1979 | 4,014 | 3,534 | 7,548 | 4,068 | 4,697 | 8,765 | 70 | 8835 |
| 1980 | 3,695 | 4,232 | 7,927 | 3,623 | 6,035 | 9,658 | 132 | 9790 |
| 1981 | 3,217 | 2,380 | 5,597 | 3,171 | 4,142 | 7,313 | 381 | 7694 |
| 1982 | 3,860 | 3,722 | 7,582 | 3,757 | 4,492 | 8,249 | 310 | 7,892 |
| 1983 | 3,849 | 4,115 | 7,964 | 3,918 | 4,707 | 8,624 | 80 | 8,044 |
| 1984 | 4,202 | 3,699 | 7,901 | 4,220 | 4,171 | 8,391 | 395 | 8,296 |
| 1985 | 4,616 | 4,262 | 8,878 | 4,452 | 4,806 | 9,258 | 1,333 | 10,211 |
| 1986 | 4,327 | 4,037 | 8,364 | 4,322 | 4,264 | 8,586 | 341 | 8,705 |
| 1987 | 4,960 | 3,762 | 8,722 | 4,995 | 3,933 | 8,926 | 748 | 9,470 |
| 1988 | 5,066 | 4,595 | 9,661 | 5,033 | 4,775 | 9,809 | 909 | 10,570 |
| 1989 | 6,391 | 8,353 | 14,744 | 6,263 | 8,678 | 14,910 | 1,178 | 15,922 |
| 1990 | 5,802 | 7,204 | 13,006 |  |  |  | 1,557 | 14,563 |
| 1991 | 5,693 | 9,865 | 15,558 |  |  |  | 1,020 | 16,578 |
| 1992 | 6,923 | 13,942 | 20,865 |  |  |  | 473 | 21,338 |
| 1993 | 10,645 | 15,098 | 25,743 |  |  |  | 354 | 26,097 |
| 1994 | 10,950 | 12,126 | 23,076 |  |  |  | 543 | 23,619 |
| 1995 | 11,970 | 14,361 | 26,331 |  |  |  | 418 | 26,749 |
| 1996 | 10,791 | 15,715 | 26,507 |  |  |  | 184 | 26,691 |
| 1997 | 9,709 | 18,462 | 28,172 |  |  |  | 189 | 28,361 |
| 1998 | 7,281 | 19,337 | 26,618 |  |  |  | 190 | 26,808 |

Table D3, continued

|  | Weigh Out Plus NC |  |  | General Canvas |  |  | Foreign | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | US <br> North | US South | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { US } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ | US North | US South | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { US } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 1999 | 9,128 | 16,085 | 25,213 |  |  |  | 151 | 25,364 |
| 2000 | 10,729 | 10,147 | 20,876 |  |  |  | 176 | 21,052 |
| 2001 | 13,341 | 9,959 | 23,301 |  |  |  | 142 | 23,443 |
| 2002 | 14,011 | 8,884 | 22,896 |  |  |  | 294 | 23,190 |
| 2003 | 14,991 | 11,095 | 26,086 |  |  |  | 309 | 26,395 |
| 2004 | 13,209 | 7,978 | 21,186 |  |  |  | 166 | 21,352 |
| 2005 | 10,140 | 9,177 | 19,317 |  |  |  | 206 | 19,523 |
| 2006 | 6,974 | 7,980 | 14,955 |  |  |  | 279 | 15,234 |
| 2007 | 4,953 | 7,388 | 12,341 |  |  |  |  | 12,341 |
| 2008 | 3,942 | 7,250 | 11,192 |  |  |  |  | 11,192 |
| 2009 | 3,210 | 5,532 | 8,742 |  |  |  |  | 8,742 |
| 2010 | 2,424 | 4,996 | 7,420 |  |  |  |  | 7,420 |
| 2011 | 3,227 | 5,371 | 8,599 |  |  |  |  | 8,599 |
| 2012 | 4,033 | 5,724 | 9,757 |  |  |  |  | 9,757 |
| 2013 | 3,332 | 5,253 | 8,586 |  |  |  |  | 8,586 |
| 2014 | 3,402 | 5,135 | 8,537 |  |  |  |  | 8,537 |
| 2015 | 4,027 | 4,609 | 8,636 |  |  |  |  | 8,636 |
| 2016 | 4,633 | 4,422 | 9,055 |  |  |  |  | 9,055 |
| 2017 | 7,008 | 3,893 | 10,901 |  |  |  |  | 10,901 |
| 2018 | 5,954 | 4,465 | 10,419 |  |  |  |  | 10,419 |

Table D4. U.S. landings of monkfish (calculated live weight, mt) by gear type. A. Northern management area, B. Southern management area, C. Regions combined.

| A. North |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Trawl | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gill } \\ & \text { Net } \end{aligned}$ | Dredge | Other | Total | Year | Trawl | Gill <br> Net | Dredge | Othe <br> r | Total |
| 1964 | 45 | 0 |  |  | 45 | 2005 | 6,876 | 2,567 | 99 | 598 | 10,140 |
| 1965 | 36 | 0 |  |  | 37 | 2006 | 5,054 | 1,573 | 185 | 162 | 6,974 |
| 1966 | 299 | 0 |  | 0 | 299 | 2007 | 3,482 | 1,172 | 243 | 56 | 4,953 |
| 1967 | 532 |  | 8 |  | 539 | 2008 | 3,055 | 802 | 52 | 34 | 3,942 |
| 1968 | 447 |  | 4 |  | 451 | 2009 | 2,491 | 651 | 21 | 47 | 3,210 |
| 1969 | 253 | 1 | 4 |  | 258 | 2010 | 1,947 | 460 | 12 | 6 | 2,424 |
| 1970 | 198 | 0 |  | 0 | 199 | 2011 | 2,696 | 482 | 45 | 5 | 3,227 |
| 1971 | 213 |  | 0 |  | 213 | 2012 | 3,551 | 347 | 134 | 1 | 4,033 |
| 1972 | 426 | 8 | 1 | 2 | 437 | 2013 | 2,799 | 421 | 112 | 0 | 3,332 |
| 1973 | 661 | 29 | 12 | 8 | 710 | 2014 | 2,950 | 418 | 33 | 0 | 3,402 |
| 1974 | 1,060 | 105 | 7 | 25 | 1,197 | 2015 | 3,256 | 670 | 100 | 1 | 4,027 |
| 1975 | 1,712 | 123 | 10 | 9 | 1,853 | 2016 | 3,937 | 608 | 86 | 2 | 4,633 |
| 1976 | 2,031 | 143 | 47 | 15 | 2,236 | 2017 | 6,030 | 946 | 32 | 0 | 7,008 |
| 1977 | 2,737 | 230 | 142 | 28 | 3,137 | 2018 | 4,935 | 860 | 151 | 8 | 5,954 |
| 1978 | 3,255 | 368 | 212 | 54 | 3,889 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 2,967 | 393 | 584 | 71 | 4,014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1980 | 2,526 | 518 | 596 | 56 | 3,696 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1981 | 2,266 | 461 | 443 | 47 | 3,217 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 3,040 | 421 | 367 | 32 | 3,860 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1983 | 3,233 | 314 | 266 | 37 | 3,849 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 3,648 | 315 | 196 | 43 | 4,202 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 3,982 | 315 | 264 | 55 | 4,616 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 3,412 | 326 | 553 | 36 | 4,327 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1987 | 3,853 | 374 | 695 | 38 | 4,960 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 | 3,554 | 304 | 1,172 | 36 | 5,066 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1989 | 3,429 | 349 | 2,584 | 30 | 6,391 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1990 | 3,298 | 338 | 2,141 | 25 | 5,802 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1991 | 3,299 | 338 | 2,033 | 24 | 5,694 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1992 | 4,330 | 359 | 2,211 | 24 | 6,923 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1993 | 5,890 | 695 | 4,034 | 26 | 10,645 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1994 | 7,574 | 1,571 | 1,808 | 86 | 11,039 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1995 | 9,119 | 1,531 | 1,266 | 54 | 11,970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1996 | 8,445 | 1,389 | 913 | 45 | 10,791 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1997 | 7,363 | 988 | 1,318 | 40 | 9,709 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 5,421 | 885 | 948 | 27 | 7,281 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 7,037 | 1,470 | 598 | 24 | 9,128 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 8,234 | 2,102 | 316 | 76 | 10,729 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 9,990 | 2,959 | 381 | 11 | 13,341 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2002 | 10,839 | 2,978 | 181 | 13 | 14,011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2003 | 12,028 | 2,488 | 222 | 254 | 14,991 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2004 | 9,918 | 2,866 | 14 | 411 | 13,209 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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Table D4, continued.

| B. South |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Trawl | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gill } \\ & \text { Net } \end{aligned}$ | Dredge | Other | Total | Year | Trawl | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gill } \\ & \text { Net } \end{aligned}$ | Dredge | Other | Total |
| 1964 | 19 |  |  |  | 19 | 2005 | 1,706 | 4,673 | 1,581 | 1,216 | 9,177 |
| 1965 | 17 |  |  |  | 17 | 2006 | 1,457 | 3,970 | 1,532 | 1,022 | 7,980 |
| 1966 | 13 |  |  | 0 | 13 | 2007 | 1,084 | 3,782 | 1,594 | 928 | 7,388 |
| 1967 | 8 |  |  |  | 8 | 2008 | 1,041 | 4,098 | 1,370 | 741 | 7,250 |
| 1968 | 2 |  |  |  | 2 | 2009 | 721 | 3,117 | 826 | 868 | 5,532 |
| 1969 | 4 |  |  |  | 4 | 2010 | 590 | 2,738 | 579 | 1,089 | 4,996 |
| 1970 | 12 |  |  |  | 12 | 2011 | 1,178 | 3,480 | 565 | 149 | 5,371 |
| 1971 | 10 |  |  |  | 10 | 2012 | 1,144 | 3,688 | 739 | 153 | 5,724 |
| 1972 | 24 |  |  |  | 24 | 2013 | 1,112 | 3,366 | 599 | 176 | 5,253 |
| 1973 | 132 |  | 5 | 1 | 137 | 2014 | 1,028 | 3,142 | 879 | 86 | 5,135 |
| 1974 | 98 |  |  | 0 | 98 | 2015 | 673 | 3,308 | 538 | 91 | 4,610 |
| 1975 | 265 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 269 | 2016 | 578 | 3,332 | 349 | 162 | 4,421 |
| 1976 | 333 |  | 7 | 0 | 340 | 2017 | 550 | 2,832 | 400 | 112 | 3,894 |
| 1977 | 508 |  | 57 | 26 | 591 | 2018 | 496 | 3,404 | 471 | 93 | 4,464 |
| 1978 | 605 | 0 | 507 | 26 | 1,138 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 944 | 6 | 1,015 | 16 | 1,981 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1980 | 1,139 | 10 | 1,274 | 7 | 2,429 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1981 | 1,100 | 16 | 782 | 105 | 2,003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 1,806 | 12 | 1,507 | 27 | 3,352 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1983 | 1,819 | 11 | 2,119 | 17 | 3,966 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 1,714 | 15 | 1,704 | 18 | 3,452 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 1,739 | 17 | 2,347 | 3 | 4,106 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 1,841 | 32 | 2,068 | 12 | 3,954 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1987 | 1,680 | 26 | 1,997 | 3 | 3,707 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 | 1,828 | 58 | 2,594 | 3 | 4,483 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1989 | 3,240 | 17 | 5,036 | 3 | 8,297 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1990 | 2,361 | 32 | 4,744 | 5 | 7,142 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1991 | 5,515 | 363 | 3,907 | 16 | 9,800 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1992 | 6,528 | 977 | 6,409 | 11 | 13,925 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1993 | 5,987 | 1,722 | 7,158 | 192 | 15,059 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1994 | 5,233 | 2,342 | 3,995 | 556 | 12,126 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1995 | 5,785 | 3,800 | 4,030 | 746 | 14,361 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1996 | 7,141 | 4,211 | 4,330 | 33 | 15,715 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1997 | 8,161 | 5,203 | 4,890 | 208 | 18,462 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 7,815 | 6,198 | 5,190 | 134 | 19,337 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 6,364 | 6,187 | 3,481 | 54 | 16,085 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 4,018 | 4,005 | 1,975 | 150 | 10,147 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 3,091 | 5,119 | 1,719 | 30 | 9,959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2002 | 1,584 | 5,410 | 1,847 | 43 | 8,884 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2003 | 2,034 | 7,262 | 1,717 | 83 | 11,095 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2004 | 1,228 | 4,605 | 671 | 1,474 | 7,978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table D4, continued.

| C. | Regions combined |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Trawl | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gill } \\ & \text { Net } \end{aligned}$ | Dredge | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Othe } \\ & \text { r } \end{aligned}$ | Total | Year | Trawl | Gill <br> Net | Dredge | Other | Total |
| 1964 | 64 | 0 |  |  | 64 | 2005 | 8582.4 | 7240.61 | 1680.16 | 1813.63 | 19,317 |
| 1965 | 53 | 0 |  |  | 53 | 2006 | 6510.9 | 5542.37 | 1716.94 | 1184.43 | 14,955 |
| 1966 | 311 | 0 |  | 0 | 312 | 2007 | 4566.1 | 4953.89 | 1837.33 | 983.87 | 12,341 |
| 1967 | 540 |  | 8 |  | 547 | 2008 | 4095.4 | 4899.6 | 1421.79 | 775.09 | 11,192 |
| 1968 | 449 |  | 4 |  | 453 | 2009 | 3212 | 3767.96 | 846.58 | 914.98 | 8,742 |
| 1969 | 257 | 1 | 4 |  | 262 | 2010 | 2537.3 | 3197.79 | 590.48 | 1094.13 | 7,420 |
| 1970 | 210 | 0 |  | 0 | 211 | 2011 | 3874.2 | 3962.29 | 609.1 | 153.23 | 8,599 |
| 1971 | 223 |  | 0 |  | 223 | 2012 | 4695.4 | 4035.07 | 872.89 | 154 | 9,757 |
| 1972 | 451 | 8 | 1 | 2 | 461 | 2013 | 3910.6 | 3787.2 | 711.45 | 176.42 | 8,586 |
| 1973 | 794 | 29 | 17 | 9 | 848 | 2014 | 3977.9 | 3560.22 | 911.91 | 86.55 | 8,537 |
| 1974 | 1,160 | 105 | 7 | 25 | 1,297 | 2015 | 3929 | 3978 | 638 | 92 | 8,637 |
| 1975 | 1,990 | 123 | 12 | 10 | 2,135 | 2016 | 4515 | 3940 | 435 | 164 | 9,054 |
| 1976 | 2,459 | 143 | 54 | 15 | 2,670 | 2017 | 6580 | 3778 | 432 | 112 | 10,902 |
| 1977 | 3,487 | 230 | 202 | 53 | 3,973 | 2018 | 5431 | 4264 | 622 | 101 | 10,418 |
| 1978 | 4,016 | 368 | 774 | 80 | 5,238 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 3,989 | 399 | 2,070 | 87 | 6,545 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1980 | 3,723 | 528 | 2,276 | 62 | 6,589 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1981 | 3,483 | 477 | 1,399 | 152 | 5,512 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 4,998 | 433 | 2,061 | 60 | 7,551 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1983 | 5,166 | 325 | 2,431 | 56 | 7,977 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 5,513 | 330 | 1,968 | 61 | 7,871 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 5,757 | 332 | 2,611 | 58 | 8,758 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 5,318 | 358 | 2,621 | 48 | 8,345 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1987 | 5,561 | 400 | 2,692 | 41 | 8,694 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 | 5,399 | 363 | 3,765 | 39 | 9,567 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1989 | 6,679 | 366 | 7,620 | 33 | 14,698 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1990 | 5,697 | 372 | 6,885 | 30 | 12,984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1991 | 8,847 | 700 | 5,941 | 39 | 15,528 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1992 | 10,860 | 1,336 | 8,619 | 35 | 20,850 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1993 | 11,879 | 2,417 | 11,192 | 218 | 25,707 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1994 | 12,707 | 3,884 | 5,759 | 638 | 22,988 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1995 | 14,905 | 5,331 | 5,296 | 800 | 26,331 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1996 | 15,586 | 5,599 | 5,243 | 78 | 26,507 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1997 | 15,524 | 6,192 | 6,208 | 249 | 28,172 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 13,236 | 7,083 | 6,138 | 161 | 26,618 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 13,401 | 7,656 | 4,079 | 78 | 25,213 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 12,252 | 6,107 | 2,291 | 226 | 20,876 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 13,081 | 8,078 | 2,100 | 41 | 23,301 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2002 | 12,423 | 8,389 | 2,028 | 56 | 22,896 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2003 | 14,062 | 9,750 | 1,939 | 336 | 26,086 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2004 | 11,145 | 7,471 | 685 | 1,885 | 21,186 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table D5. Landed weight (mt) of monkfish by market category for the northern management area.

|  |  |  |  | Head on, |  |  |  | Tails | Tails | Tails | Tails | Tails |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Belly <br> Flaps | Cheeks | Liver | Gutted | Round | Dressed | Heads | Unc. | Large | Small | Peewee | All |
| 1964 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 |
| 1965 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| 1966 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 90 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 90 |
| 1967 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 163 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 163 |
| 1968 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 136 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 136 |
| 1969 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 78 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 78 |
| 1970 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 60 |
| 1971 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64 |
| 1972 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 132 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 132 |
| 1973 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 214 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 214 |
| 1974 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 360 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 360 |
| 1975 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 558 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 558 |
| 1976 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 673 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 673 |
| 1977 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 945 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 945 |
| 1978 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,171 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,171 |
| 1979 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,209 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,209 |
| 1980 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,113 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,113 |
| 1981 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 969 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 969 |
| 1982 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,146 | 15 | 2 | 0 | 1,163 |
| 1983 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,152 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 1,159 |
| 1984 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,262 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1,266 |
| 1985 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,386 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 1,390 |
| 1986 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,303 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,303 |
| 1987 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,492 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1,494 |
| 1988 | 0 | 0 | 47 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,517 | 6 | 3 | 0 | 1,526 |
| 1989 | 0 | 0 | 59 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 1,465 | 327 | 130 | 0 | 1,922 |
| 1990 | 0 | 0 | 78 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 1,174 | 411 | 154 | 0 | 1,738 |
| 1991 | 0 | 3 | 70 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,014 | 539 | 153 | 9 | 1,715 |
| 1992 | 0 | 1 | 83 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 911 | 590 | 505 | 79 | 2,085 |
| 1993 | 0 | 1 | 208 | 98 | 351 | 0 | 0 | 1,034 | 868 | 1,062 | 103 | 3,067 |
| 1994 | 0 | 1 | 208 | 533 | 981 | 0 | 0 | 403 | 1,206 | 1,075 | 136 | 2,820 |
| 1995 | 0 | 1 | 46 | 1,224 | 1,113 | 0 | 0 | 362 | 1,180 | 1,003 | 304 | 2,850 |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 65 | 1,116 | 745 | 0 | 0 | 90 | 930 | 1,399 | 224 | 2,643 |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 51 | 634 | 244 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 1,126 | 1,361 | 119 | 2,633 |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 551 | 144 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 1,055 | 810 | 79 | 1,960 |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 40 | 1,701 | 511 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 996 | 848 | 139 | 2,012 |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 94 | 3,213 | 912 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 783 | 1,050 | 3 | 1,853 |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 93 | 3,084 | 231 | 0 | 0 | 128 | 1,115 | 1,647 | 0 | 2,890 |
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 75 | 3,789 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 80 | 1,055 | 1,777 | 0 | 2,912 |
| 2003 | 0 | 0 | 61 | 2,364 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 95 | 1,573 | 2,032 | 0 | 3,699 |
| 2004 | 0 | 0 | 56 | 647 | 960 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1,883 | 1,580 | 1 | 3,467 |

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Table D5, continued.

|  |  |  |  | Head on, |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tail } \\ & \text { s } \end{aligned}$ | Tails | Tails | Tails | Tails |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Belly Flaps | Cheeks | Liver | Gutted | Round | Dressed | Heads | Unc. | Large | Small | Peewee | All |
| 2005 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 1,706 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1,440 | 1,017 | 2 | 2,462 |
| 2006 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 1,622 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 899 | 627 | 3 | 1,538 |
| 2007 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 682 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 870 | 378 | 1 | 1,258 |
| 2008 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 391 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 739 | 311 | 0 | 1,051 |
| 2009 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 290 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 2 | 560 | 299 | 0 | 861 |
| 2010 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 208 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 396 | 261 | 0 | 658 |
| 2011 | 0 | 17 | 72 | 187 | 44 | 0 | 8 | 1 | 527 | 367 | 1 | 896 |
| 2012 | 0 | 24 | 89 | 142 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 609 | 556 | 2 | 1,168 |
| 2013 | 0 | 0 | 76 | 137 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 549 | 407 | 3 | 960 |
| 2014 | 0 | 0 | 71 | 117 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 2 | 560 | 423 | 4 | 988 |
| 2015 | 0 | 0 | 73 | 179 | 0 | 0 | 31 | 2 | 594 | 556 | 0 | 1,151 |
| 2016 | 0 | 0 | 86 | 105 | 0 | 0 | 127 | 4 | 672 | 683 | 0 | 1,359 |
| 2017 | 0 | 0 | 114 | 151 | 0 | 0 | 140 | 13 | 1006 | 1041 | 0 | 2,060 |
| 2018 | 0 | 0 | 73 | 195 | 1 |  | 174 | 3 | 931 | 792 | 0 | 1,726 |

Table D6. Landed weight (mt) of monkfish by market category for the southern management area.

|  |  |  |  | Head on, |  |  |  | Tails | Tails | Tails | Tails | Tails |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Belly <br> Flaps | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Cheek } \\ \text { s } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Liver | Gutted | Round | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dresse } \\ & \text { d } \end{aligned}$ | Heads | Unc. | Large | Small | Peewee | All |
| 1964 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| 1965 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| 1966 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| 1967 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| 1968 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1969 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1970 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| 1971 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 1972 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| 1973 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 42 |
| 1974 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 |
| 1975 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 85 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 85 |
| 1976 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 129 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 129 |
| 1977 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 250 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 250 |
| 1978 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 403 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 403 |
| 1979 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,01 \\ 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,01 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 1980 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,18 \\ 9 \end{array}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,18 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 1981 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 685 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 685 |
| 1982 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 912 | 138 | 51 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,10 \\ 2 \end{array}$ |
| 1983 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 858 | 237 | 136 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,23 \\ 1 \end{array}$ |
| 1984 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 860 | 183 | 45 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 1,08 \\ 7 \end{array}$ |
| 1985 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 1,08 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | 85 | 71 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 1,23 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 1986 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,06 \\ 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 76 | 52 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,19 \\ 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 1987 | 0 | 0 | 330 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 972 | 138 | 6 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,11 \\ 6 \end{array}$ |
| 1988 | 0 | 0 | 65 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,12 \\ 9 \end{array}$ | 190 | 32 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,35 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 1989 | 0 | 0 | 88 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,03 \\ 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 230 | 230 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,49 \\ 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 1990 | 0 | 0 | 102 | 0 | 187 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,42 \\ 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 443 | 223 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,09 \\ 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 1991 | 0 | 5 | 200 | 0 | 415 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,21 \\ 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 1,123 | 461 | 28 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,82 \\ 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 1992 | 0 | 3 | 239 | 0 | 386 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,86 \\ \hline 8 \end{array}$ | 1,318 | 788 | 104 | $\begin{array}{r} 4,07 \\ 8 \end{array}$ |
| 1993 | 0 | 1 | 252 | 0 | 178 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,46 \\ 9 \end{array}$ | 1,065 | 789 | 159 | $\begin{array}{r} 4,48 \\ 3 \end{array}$ |
| 1994 | 0 | 4 | 251 | 921 | 1,064 | 0 | 0 | 854 | 1,025 | 989 | 122 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,98 \\ 9 \end{array}$ |
| 1995 | 2 | 0 | 451 | 1,529 | 1,539 | 0 | 0 | 518 | 1,341 | 1,419 | 59 | 3,33 7 |


| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 504 | 2,352 | 318 | 0 | 0 | 996 | 1,160 | 1,629 | 46 <br> 3,83 <br> 0 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 577 | 2,559 | 551 | 0 | 0 | 647 | 1,924 | 1,913 | 32 4,51 <br> 6  |  |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 582 | 3,036 | 438 | 0 | 0 | 842 | 1,952 | 1,840 | 16 | 4,65 <br> 0 |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 558 | 4,047 | 621 | 0 | 0 | 509 | 1,393 | 1,352 | 14 | 3,26 <br> 8 |
| 2000 | 0 | 4 | 530 | 3,701 | 179 | 0 | 0 | 276 | 797 | 657 | 2 | 1,73 |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |$|$

Table D6, continued.

|  |  |  |  | Head on, |  |  |  | Tails | Tails | Tails | Tails | Tails |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Belly Flaps | Cheeks | Liver | Gutted | Round | Dressed | Heads | Unc. | Large | Small | Peewe <br> e | All |
| 2005 | 0 | 55 | 330 | 3,695 | 187 | 18 | 0 | 105 | 771 | 550 | 2 | 1,42 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |
| 2006 | 0 | 108 | 293 | 3,351 | 27 | 20 | 5 | 69 | 658 | 506 | 1 | 1,23 |
| 2007 | 0 | 44 | 258 | 3,030 | 107 | 12 | 0 | 88 | 727 | 329 | 1 | 1,14 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| 2008 | 0 | 5 | 253 | 3,008 | 44 | 13 | 1 | 61 | 768 | 300 | 0 | 1,13 |
| 2009 | 1 | 0 | 199 | 2,540 | 4 | 9 | 11 | 47 | 505 | 235 | 0 | 788 |
| 2010 | 0 | 0 | 188 | 2,117 | 9 | 4 | 27 | 61 | 476 | 235 | 0 | 772 |
| 2011 | 0 | 0 | 154 | 2,195 | 491 | 6 | 31 | 47 | 422 | 243 | 0 | 713 |
| 2012 | 0 | 0 | 110 | 2,921 | 0 | 4 | 40 | 44 | 405 | 269 | 1 | 720 |
| 2013 | 1 | 0 | 130 | 2,247 | 5 | 4 | 106 | 58 | 462 | 286 | 2 | 809 |
| 2014 | 0 | 0 | 111 | 2,049 | 2 | 14 | 116 | 45 | 540 | 250 | 3 | 837 |
| 2015 | 0 | 0 | 99 | 2,339 | 2 | 18 | 96 | 43 | 358 | 174 | 0 | 574 |
| 2016 | 0 | 0 | 86 | 2,399 | 1 | 10 | 104 | 56 | 295 | 151 | 0 | 502 |
| 2017 | 0 | 0 | 72 | 2020 | 6 | 10 | 83 | 45 | 246 | 180 | 0 | 471 |
| 2018 | 0 | 0 | 93 | 2022 | 10 | 10 | 105 | 84 | 406 | 152 | 0 | 642 |

Table D7. Estimated monkfish discards (live weight) in the northern management region. Dredge and shrimp trawl discards are based on SBRM monkfish discards relative to kept of all species; trawl and gillnet are based on monkfish discards relative to monkfish kept.

| North |  | Trawl |  |  |  |  | Gillnet |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Half | No. trips | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{D} / \mathrm{K} \\ & \text { ratio } \end{aligned}$ | CV | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \mathrm{Dlr} \\ \mathrm{monk} \\ (\mathrm{mt}) \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Discard <br> (mt) | No. trips | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{D} / \mathrm{K} \\ & \text { ratio } \end{aligned}$ | CV | Dlr monk (mt) | Discard <br> (mt) |
| 1989 | 1 | 30 | 0.037 | 0.58 | 1,550 | 58 | 1 | 0.036 |  | 84 | 3 |
|  | 2 | 63 | 0.141 | 0.44 | 1,830 | 257 | 103 | 0.027 | 0.32 | 265 | 7 |
| 1990 | 1 | 16 | 0.082 | 0.60 | 1,562 | 128 | 73 | 0.036 | 0.41 | 121 | 4 |
|  | 2 | 36 | 0.039 | 0.45 | 1,690 | 66 | 65 | 0.029 | 0.37 | 219 | 6 |
| 1991 | 1 | 27 | 0.042 | 0.45 | 1,233 | 52 | 191 | 0.030 | 0.47 | 120 | 4 |
|  | 2 | 81 | 0.167 | 0.25 | 1,999 | 334 | 758 | 0.036 | 0.10 | 213 | 8 |
| 1992 | 1 | 51 | 0.122 | 0.30 | 1,674 | 203 | 403 | 0.065 | 0.16 | 105 | 7 |
|  | 2 | 35 | 0.224 | 0.43 | 2,624 | 587 | 618 | 0.040 | 0.24 | 248 | 10 |
| 1993 | 1 | 19 | 0.067 | 0.30 | 2,821 | 189 | 271 | 0.086 | 0.21 | 119 | 10 |
|  | 2 | 19 | 0.084 | 0.26 | 3,032 | 254 | 338 | 0.032 | 0.24 | 560 | 18 |
| 1994 | 1 | 18 | 0.035 | 0.29 | 3,273 | 115 | 65 | 0.065 | 0.29 | 270 | 18 |
|  | 2 | 6 | 0.024 | 0.59 | 4,385 | 107 | 44 | 0.055 | 0.19 | 779 | 43 |
| 1995 | 1 | 30 | 0.164 | 0.36 | 4,643 | 762 | 38 | 0.141 | 0.30 | 469 | 66 |
|  | 2 | 48 | 0.090 | 0.31 | 4,478 | 403 | 69 | 0.088 | 0.23 | 1,023 | 90 |
| 1996 | 1 | 21 | 0.190 | 0.23 | 4,294 | 814 | 28 | 0.137 | 0.43 | 340 | 47 |
|  | 2 | 49 | 0.132 | 0.57 | 4,057 | 534 | 34 | 0.132 | 0.19 | 934 | 123 |
| 1997 | 1 | 13 | 0.100 | 0.49 | 3,795 | 378 | 19 | 0.036 | 0.32 | 329 | 12 |
|  | 2 | 7 | 0.076 | 0.23 | 3,225 | 244 | 26 | 0.194 | 0.84 | 742 | 144 |
| 1998 | 1 | 7 | 0.124 | 0.37 | 3,150 | 392 | 39 | 0.028 | 0.41 | 238 | 7 |
|  | 2 | 3 | 0.093 | 0.10 | 2,398 | 223 | 72 | 0.043 | 0.28 | 606 | 26 |
| 1999 | 1 | 3 | 0.098 | 0.04 | 3,947 | 388 | 36 | 0.067 | 0.65 | 282 | 19 |
|  | 2 | 42 | 0.069 | 0.21 | 3,011 | 207 | 66 | 0.036 | 0.51 | 1,051 | 38 |
| 2000 | 1 | 80 | 0.069 | 0.32 | 3,916 | 271 | 58 | 0.041 | 0.30 | 501 | 21 |
|  | 2 | 61 | 0.088 | 0.31 | 3,798 | 333 | 65 | 0.077 | 0.24 | 2,033 | 157 |
| 2001 | 1 | 61 | 0.102 | 0.20 | 5,088 | 518 | 41 | 0.061 | 0.69 | 880 | 53 |
|  | 2 | 113 | 0.066 | 0.10 | 4,588 | 303 | 33 | 0.108 | 0.93 | 2,208 | 238 |
| 2002 | 1 | 47 | 0.076 | 0.25 | 5,634 | 428 | 33 | 0.045 | 0.39 | 760 | 34 |
|  | 2 | 274 | 0.100 | 0.10 | 4,532 | 455 | 67 | 0.053 | 0.27 | 2,230 | 118 |
| 2003 | 1 | 206 | 0.101 | 0.14 | 6,642 | 671 | 112 | 0.037 | 0.24 | 628 | 23 |
|  | 2 | 218 | 0.055 | 0.12 | 4,721 | 261 | 273 | 0.058 | 0.13 | 1,570 | 91 |
| 2004 | 1 | 163 | 0.042 | 0.12 | 5,307 | 225 | 212 | 0.021 | 0.22 | 739 | 16 |
|  | 2 | 377 | 0.036 | 0.10 | 4,039 | 147 | 728 | 0.059 | 0.09 | 1,788 | 105 |
| 2005 | 1 | 500 | 0.047 | 0.07 | 3,971 | 187 | 153 | 0.098 | 0.26 | 516 | 51 |
|  | 2 | 601 | 0.057 | 0.10 | 3,038 | 174 | 660 | 0.074 | 0.12 | 1,450 | 108 |
| 2006 | 1 | 292 | 0.055 | 0.08 | 2,852 | 158 | 93 | 0.063 | 0.41 | 262 | 17 |
|  | 2 | 201 | 0.071 | 0.11 | 2,285 | 162 | 80 | 0.080 | 0.17 | 1,025 | 82 |
| 2007 | 1 | 221 | 0.050 | 0.10 | 2,075 | 104 | 42 | 0.061 | 0.32 | 228 | 14 |
|  | 2 | 303 | 0.072 | 0.10 | 1,448 | 104 | 190 | 0.062 | 0.16 | 693 | 43 |
| 2008 | 1 | 277 | 0.088 | 0.10 | 1,821 | 160 | 61 | 0.076 | 0.28 | 141 | 11 |
|  | 2 | 383 | 0.082 | 0.10 | 1,045 | 86 | 156 | 0.051 | 0.22 | 541 | 28 |

Table D7, continued.

| North |  | Trawl |  |  |  |  | Gillnet |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Half | No. trips | D/K ratio | CV | Dlr monk (mt) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Discard } \\ & (\mathrm{mt}) \end{aligned}$ | No. trips | D/K ratio | CV | Dlr monk (mt) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Discard } \\ & (\mathrm{mt}) \end{aligned}$ |
| 2009 | 1 | 351 | 0.166 | 0.13 | 1,666 | 276 | 129 | 0.209 | 0.46 | 149 | 31 |
|  | 2 | 408 | 0.079 | 0.11 | 832 | 66 | 195 | 0.119 | 0.27 | 467 | 55 |
| 2010 | 1 | 339 | 0.097 | 0.08 | 1,537 | 149 | 305 | 0.056 | 0.15 | 112 | 6 |
|  | 2 | 671 | 0.090 | 0.07 | 857 | 77 | 1364 | 0.102 | 0.07 | 303 | 31 |
| 2011 | 1 | 671 | 0.120 | 0.07 | 1,461 | 175 | 554 | 0.050 | 0.10 | 120 | 6 |
|  | 2 | 743 | 0.058 | 0.08 | 1,174 | 69 | 1244 | 0.080 | 0.10 | 361 | 29 |
| 2012 | 1 | 739 | 0.057 | 0.06 | 1901 | 108 | 548 | 0.047 | 0.17 | 93 | 4 |
|  | 2 | 664 | 0.078 | 0.05 | 1446 | 112 | 900 | 0.060 | 0.07 | 184 | 11 |
| 2013 | 1 | 471 | 0.125 | 0.07 | 1669 | 208 | 172 | 0.044 | 0.14 | 98 | 4 |
|  | 2 | 440 | 0.097 | 0.10 | 1073 | 104 | 567 | 0.083 | 0.11 | 323 | 27 |
| 2014 | 1 | 405 | 0.143 | 0.07 | 1908 | 272 | 278 | 0.090 | 0.30 | 82 | 7 |
|  | 2 | 528 | 0.100 | 0.09 | 927 | 93 | 830 | 0.062 | 0.11 | 336 | 21 |
| 2015 | 1 | 298 | 0.155 | 0.10 | 1891 | 294 | 87 | 0.056 | 0.21 | 120 | 7 |
|  | 2 | 381 | 0.117 | 0.11 | 1223 | 143 | 475 | 0.063 | 0.12 | 549 | 34 |
| 2016 | 1 | 253 | 0.121 | 0.09 | 2058 | 249 | 82 | 0.064 | 0.32 | 94 | 6 |
|  | 2 | 237 | 0.141 | 0.10 | 1702 | 241 | 201 | 0.094 | 0.21 | 514 | 48 |
| 2017 | 1 | 186 | 0.156 | 0.13 | 3002 | 467 | 36 | 0.018 | 0.28 | 152 | 3 |
|  | 2 | 340 | 0.052 | 0.12 | 2814 | 147 | 245 | 0.035 | 0.15 | 794 | 28 |
| 2018 | 1 | 255 | 0.088 | 0.11 | 2841 | 250 | 72 | 0.031 | 0.35 | 136 | 4 |
|  | 2 | 263 | 0.072 | 0.14 | 1980 | 142 | 124 | 0.079 | 0.24 | 719 | 57 |

Table D7, continued.

| North |  | Scallop Dredge |  |  |  |  | Shrimp Trawl |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Half | No. trips | D/K ratio | CV | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dlr all } \\ \operatorname{spp}(m t) \end{gathered}$ | Discard (mt) | No. trips | D/K ratio | CV | Dlr all spp (mt) | Discard (mt) |
| 1989 | 1 |  | 0.001 |  | 18,213 | 17 | 31 | 0.002 | 0.33 | 3,412 | 5.5 |
|  | 2 |  | 0.008 |  | 24,053 | 185 | 9 | 0.001 | 0.62 | 931 | 1.2 |
| 1990 | 1 |  | 0.001 |  | 9,864 | 9 | 27 | 0.002 | 0.34 | 4,494 | 8.1 |
|  | 2 |  | 0.008 |  | 19,293 | 149 | 4 | 0.058 | 1.01 | 620 | 35.8 |
| 1991 | 1 |  | 0.001 |  | 16,608 | 16 | 46 | 0.004 | 0.19 | 3,536 | 12.8 |
|  | 2 | 1 | 0.002 |  | 21,312 | 40 | 7 | 0.046 | 0.40 | 340 | 15.7 |
| 1992 | 1 | 3 | 0.000 | 0.98 | 14,179 | 1 | 76 | 0.003 | 0.23 | 3,285 | 9.6 |
|  | 2 | 6 | 0.001 | 0.41 | 20,033 | 26 | 6 | 0.003 | 0.28 | 161 | 0.4 |
| 1993 | 1 | 7 | 0.002 | 0.26 | 13,702 | 25 | 78 | 0.001 | 0.26 | 1,890 | 2.5 |
|  | 2 | 4 | 0.018 | 0.45 | 12,674 | 230 | 4 | 0.001 | 0.70 | 316 | 0.3 |
| 1994 | 1 | 2 | 0.001 | 1.21 | 5,486 | 5 | 71 | 0.002 | 0.38 | 2,443 | 5.9 |
|  | 2 | 5 | 0.010 | 0.38 | 6,230 | 59 | 6 | 0.001 | 0.44 | 906 | 0.7 |
| 1995 | 1 | 1 | 0.014 |  | 2,318 | 32 | 64 | 0.000 | 0.23 | 4,452 | 1.8 |
|  | 2 | 5 | 0.018 | 0.50 | 6,544 | 119 | 9 | 0.001 | 0.43 | 1,377 | 0.7 |
| 1996 | 1 | 8 | 0.003 | 0.94 | 5,338 | 14 | 30 | 0.000 | 0.34 | 7,580 | 0.8 |
|  | 2 | 5 | 0.022 | 0.40 | 11,375 | 246 | 5 | 0.000 | 0.79 | 1,418 | 0.4 |
| 1997 | 1 | 4 | 0.004 | 0.48 | 10,567 | 42 | 17 | 0.000 | 0.61 | 5,416 | 0.9 |
|  | 2 | 4 | 0.020 | 0.76 | 9,148 | 180 |  | 0.001 |  | 649 | 0.4 |
| 1998 | 1 | 2 | 0.004 | 0.32 | 7,482 | 28 |  | 0.001 |  | 3,095 | 2.7 |
|  | 2 | 7 | 0.014 | 0.16 | 6,400 | 90 |  | 0.001 |  | 168 | 0.1 |
| 1999 | 1 | 2 | 0.004 | 0.65 | 8,347 | 29 |  | 0.001 |  | 1,407 | 1.2 |
|  | 2 | 6 | 0.004 | 0.44 | 6,797 | 30 |  | 0.001 |  | 33 | 0.0 |
| 2000 | 1 |  | 0.004 |  | 6,993 | 31 |  | 0.001 |  | 2,068 | 1.8 |
|  | 2 | 95 | 0.004 | 0.13 | 13,019 | 56 |  | 0.001 |  | 35 | 0.0 |
| 2001 | 1 | 17 | 0.003 | 0.42 | 14,926 | 41 | 3 | 0.000 | 0.14 | 813 | 0.1 |
|  | 2 |  | 0.005 |  | 11,525 | 60 |  | 0.001 |  |  | 0.0 |
| 2002 | 1 |  | 0.005 |  | 8,712 | 45 |  | 0.001 |  | 308 | 0.3 |
|  | 2 | 10 | 0.008 | 0.97 | 11,533 | 88 |  | 0.001 |  |  | 0.0 |
| 2003 | 1 | 5 | 0.001 | 0.89 | 16,053 | 9 | 15 | 0.000 | 1.01 | 855 | 0.0 |
|  | 2 | 8 | 0.015 | 0.41 | 10,361 | 157 |  | 0.001 |  |  | 0.0 |
| 2004 | 1 | 3 | 0.000 | 0.69 | 5,633 | 0 | 12 | 0.000 | 0.25 | 1,069 | 0.1 |
|  | 2 | 19 | 0.096 | 0.48 | 3,705 | 355 |  | 0.001 |  | 44 | 0.0 |
| 2005 | 1 | 20 | 0.001 | 0.57 | 5,745 | 6 | 17 | 0.000 | 0.52 | 836 | 0.1 |
|  | 2 | 39 | 0.008 | 0.21 | 23,131 | 184 |  | 0.001 |  | 40 | 0.0 |
| 2006 | 1 | 5 | 0.001 | 0.42 | 20,833 | 14 | 17 | 0.000 | 0.56 | 847 | 0.0 |
|  | 2 | 39 | 0.021 | 0.32 | 14,291 | 305 | 3 | 0.000 | 0.10 | 449 | 0.2 |
| 2007 | 1 | 28 | 0.002 | 0.22 | 11,600 | 26 | 14 | 0.001 | 0.72 | 1,899 | 1.0 |
|  | 2 | 68 | 0.021 | 0.18 | 23,644 | 487 |  | 0.001 |  | 333 | 0.2 |
| 2008 | 1 | 25 | 0.001 | 0.22 | 7,065 | 11 | 16 | 0.000 | 0.77 | 1,834 | 0.9 |
|  | 2 | 22 | 0.011 | 0.34 | 3,696 | 42 | 3 | 0.001 | 0.90 | 167 | 0.1 |

Table D7, continued.

| North |  | Scallop Dredge |  |  |  |  | Shrimp Trawl |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Half | No. trips | D/K ratio | CV | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dlr all } \\ \text { spp (mt) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Discard (mt) | No. trips | D/K ratio | CV | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dlr all spp } \\ (\mathrm{mt}) \end{gathered}$ | Discard (mt) |
| 2009 | 1 | 7 | 0.001 | 0.47 | 1,960 | 3 | 7 | 0.001 | 0.61 | 998 | 0.8 |
|  | 2 | 22 | 0.003 | 0.26 | 11,642 | 34 | 5 | 0.000 | 0.92 | 347 | 0.0 |
| 2010 | 1 | 16 | 0.001 | 0.80 | 3,350 | 4 | 11 | 0.000 | 1.00 | 2,911 | 0.1 |
|  | 2 | 25 | 0.003 | 0.31 | 15,930 | 50 | 4 | 0.000 | 0.91 | 780 | 0.0 |
| 2011 | 1 | 23 | 0.002 | 0.80 | 6,660 | 16 | 1 | 0.000 |  | 3,745 | 0.0 |
|  | 2 | 81 | 0.004 | 0.13 | 35,600 | 158 |  | 0.001 |  | 78 | 0.0 |
| 2012 | 1 | 54 | 0.003 | 0.31 | 21,717 | 67 | 19 | 0.000 | 0.49 | 1,761 | 0.2 |
|  | 2 | 90 | 0.010 | 0.24 | 28,609 | 300 |  |  |  | 132 | 0.0 |
| 2013 | 1 | 131 | 0.003 | 0.22 | 43,664 | 118 | 24 | 0.001 | 0.79 | 195 | 0.1 |
|  | 2 | 67 | 0.010 | 0.35 | 12,980 | 128 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2014 | 1 | 66 | 0.000 | 0.33 | 10,688 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | 61 | 0.029 | 0.21 | 5,406 | 155 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2015 | 1 | 77 | 0.002 | 0.49 | 12,489 | 28 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | 50 | 0.020 | 0.16 | 4,912 | 96 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2016 | 1 | 79 | 0.013 | 0.37 | 12,841 | 170 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | 43 | 0.038 | 0.27 | 4,300 | 162 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2017 | 1 | 45 | 0.000 | 0.36 | 10,814 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | 19 | 0.157 | 0.32 | 1,502 | 235 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2018 | 1 | 78 | 0.011 | 0.27 | 18,115 | 203 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | 48 | 0.079 | 0.17 | 19,019 | 1,504 |  |  |  |  |  |

Table D8. Estimated monkfish discards (live weight) in the southern management region. Dredge discards are based on SBRM monkfish discards relative to kept of all species; trawl and gillnet are based on monkfish discards relative to monkfish kept.

| South |  | Trawl |  |  |  |  | Gillnet |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Half | No. trips | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{D} / \mathrm{K} \\ & \text { ratio } \end{aligned}$ | CV | Dlr monk <br> (mt) | Discard (mt) | No. trips | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{D} / \mathrm{K} \\ & \text { ratio } \end{aligned}$ | CV | Dlr monk (mt) | Discard (mt) |
| 1989 | 1 | 46 | 0.709 | 0.50 | 2,195 | 1,556 |  | 0.031 |  | 12 | 0 |
|  | 2 | 53 | 0.169 | 0.59 | 733 | 124 | 3 | 0.054 |  | 5 | 0 |
| 1990 | 1 | 50 | 0.064 | 0.26 | 1,567 | 100 | 1 | 0.031 |  | 14 | 0 |
|  | 2 | 35 | 0.118 | 0.32 | 759 | 90 | 13 | 0.054 |  | 18 | 0 |
| 1991 | 1 | 73 | 0.258 | 0.30 | 1,257 | 324 | 3 | 0.031 |  | 209 | 2 |
|  | 2 | 77 | 0.020 | 0.39 | 3,831 | 78 | 8 | 0.000 |  | 154 | 0 |
| 1992 | 1 | 62 | 0.061 | 0.38 | 3,947 | 239 | 94 | 0.011 | 0.31 | 786 | 8 |
|  | 2 | 41 | 0.028 | 0.83 | 2,135 | 60 | 72 | 0.020 | 0.20 | 176 | 3 |
| 1993 | 1 | 40 | 0.092 | 0.68 | 2,598 | 238 | 78 | 0.034 | 0.70 | 1,306 | 44 |
|  | 2 | 34 | 0.028 | 0.49 | 1,301 | 36 | 87 | 0.061 | 0.20 | 341 | 21 |
| 1994 | 1 | 43 | 0.095 | 0.29 | 2,925 | 277 | 124 | 0.079 | 0.33 | 1,565 | 124 |
|  | 2 | 30 | 0.323 | 0.56 | 2,027 | 655 | 173 | 0.056 | 0.18 | 967 | 55 |
| 1995 | 1 | 61 | 0.175 | 0.55 | 2,789 | 488 | 260 | 0.044 | 0.20 | 2,758 | 121 |
|  | 2 | 103 | 0.115 | 0.57 | 2,946 | 340 | 170 | 0.050 | 0.34 | 1,172 | 59 |
| 1996 | 1 | 56 | 0.164 | 0.36 | 3,187 | 523 | 226 | 0.077 | 0.27 | 2,615 | 202 |
|  | 2 | 85 | 0.095 | 0.18 | 4,021 | 380 | 134 | 0.052 | 0.28 | 1,434 | 75 |
| 1997 | 1 | 60 | 0.025 | 0.47 | 4,130 | 102 | 238 | 0.067 | 0.34 | 3,089 | 206 |
|  | 2 | 29 | 0.089 | 0.15 | 4,215 | 374 | 106 | 0.015 | 0.34 | 1,313 | 20 |
| 1998 | 1 | 31 | 0.108 | 0.33 | 3,991 | 431 | 228 | 0.070 | 0.20 | 3,606 | 252 |
|  | 2 | 28 | 0.027 | 0.52 | 3,946 | 108 | 64 | 0.062 | 0.44 | 2,053 | 128 |
| 1999 | 1 | 39 | 0.045 | 0.30 | 4,370 | 195 | 52 | 0.052 | 0.34 | 4,207 | 220 |
|  | 2 | 34 | 0.214 | 0.57 | 2,306 | 494 | 35 | 0.046 | 0.57 | 1,917 | 88 |
| 2000 | 1 | 67 | 0.786 | 0.32 | 2,255 | 1,773 | 60 | 0.063 | 0.30 | 2,683 | 170 |
|  | 2 | 47 | 0.107 | 0.62 | 1,709 | 182 | 44 | 0.051 | 0.81 | 1,157 | 59 |
| 2001 | 1 | 61 | 0.946 | 0.47 | 1,703 | 1,611 | 57 | 0.030 | 0.42 | 2,248 | 67 |
|  | 2 | 96 | 0.404 | 0.73 | 1,348 | 545 | 35 | 0.033 | 0.38 | 2,788 | 92 |
| 2002 | 1 | 50 | 0.338 | 0.38 | 1,123 | 379 | 34 | 0.017 | 0.80 | 3,590 | 61 |
|  | 2 | 94 | 0.327 | 0.39 | 566 | 185 | 40 | 0.063 | 0.44 | 1,967 | 124 |
| 2003 | 1 | 120 | 0.331 | 0.36 | 1,172 | 388 | 50 | 0.016 | 0.35 | 4,452 | 69 |
|  | 2 | 99 | 0.406 | 0.45 | 1,177 | 478 | 56 | 0.070 | 0.31 | 2,849 | 199 |
| 2004 | 1 | 237 | 0.240 | 0.44 | 1,012 | 243 | 78 | 0.073 | 0.22 | 3,441 | 252 |
|  | 2 | 436 | 0.300 | 0.31 | 733 | 220 | 74 | 0.089 | 0.22 | 1,043 | 93 |
| 2005 | 1 | 534 | 0.175 | 0.14 | 945 | 165 | 100 | 0.104 | 0.22 | 3,217 | 334 |
|  | 2 | 654 | 0.064 | 0.11 | 1,588 | 102 | 82 | 0.081 | 0.20 | 1,372 | 111 |
| 2006 | 1 | 327 | 0.180 | 0.19 | 1,008 | 181 | 43 | 0.054 | 0.19 | 2,865 | 155 |
|  | 2 | 277 | 0.055 | 0.15 | 1,010 | 56 | 35 | 0.082 | 0.32 | 967 | 79 |
| 2007 | 1 | 335 | 0.125 | 0.25 | 741 | 93 | 59 | 0.220 | 0.37 | 2,139 | 471 |
|  | 2 | 420 | 0.159 | 0.40 | 657 | 104 | 45 | 0.054 | 0.33 | 1,569 | 84 |
| 2008 | 1 | 343 | 0.098 | 0.19 | 744 | 73 | 54 | 0.108 | 0.25 | 2,882 | 311 |
|  | 2 | 316 | 0.017 | 0.31 | 594 | 10 | 39 | 0.104 | 0.29 | 993 | 104 |

Table D8, continued.

| South |  | Trawl |  |  |  |  | Gillnet |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Half | No. trips | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{D} / \mathrm{K} \\ & \text { ratio } \end{aligned}$ | CV | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{Dlr} \\ & \text { monk } \\ & (\mathrm{mt}) \end{aligned}$ | Discard <br> (mt) | No. trips | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{D} / \mathrm{K} \\ & \text { ratio } \end{aligned}$ | CV | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dlr } \\ & \text { monk } \\ & (\mathrm{mt}) \end{aligned}$ | Discard <br> (mt) |
| 2009 | 1 | 414 | 0.080 | 0.30 | 646 | 52 | 62 | 0.052 | 0.19 | 2,438 | 128 |
|  | 2 | 529 | 0.088 | 0.31 | 280 | 25 | 32 | 0.074 | 0.24 | 610 | 45 |
| 2010 | 1 | 569 | 0.248 | 0.24 | 474 | 118 | 114 | 0.060 | 0.21 | 2,034 | 122 |
|  | 2 | 545 | 0.190 | 0.51 | 369 | 70 | 95 | 0.077 | 0.18 | 695 | 54 |
| 2011 | 1 | 573 | 0.123 | 0.13 | 634 | 78 | 178 | 0.078 | 0.12 | 2,357 | 185 |
|  | 2 | 601 | 0.088 | 0.11 | 598 | 53 | 84 | 0.122 | 0.19 | 1,066 | 130 |
| 2012 | 1 | 476 | 0.147 | 0.13 | 812 | 119 | 203 | 0.051 | 0.13 | 3,015 | 153 |
|  | 2 | 337 | 0.180 | 0.18 | 366 | 66 | 32 | 0.058 | 0.18 | 576 | 33 |
| 2013 | 1 | 594 | 0.117 | 0.24 | 720 | 84 | 60 | 0.058 | 0.15 | 2,142 | 124 |
|  | 2 | 500 | 0.053 | 0.28 | 447 | 24 | 34 | 0.101 | 0.37 | 1,168 | 118 |
| 2014 | 1 | 633 | 0.171 | 0.22 | 616 | 105 | 126 | 0.056 | 0.16 | 2,249 | 127 |
|  | 2 | 700 | 0.107 | 0.15 | 518 | 56 | 131 | 0.030 | 0.28 | 861 | 26 |
| 2015 | 1 | 563 | 0.179 | 0.15 | 487 | 87 | 225 | 0.022 | 0.16 | 2,403 | 52 |
|  | 2 | 527 | 0.521 | 0.12 | 318 | 165 | 273 | 0.027 | 0.20 | 823 | 22 |
| 2016 | 1 | 557 | 0.381 | 0.26 | 521 | 198 | 361 | 0.023 | 0.15 | 2,627 | 62 |
|  | 2 | 854 | 0.838 | 0.24 | 227 | 191 | 343 | 0.041 | 0.27 | 564 | 23 |
| 2017 | 1 | 819 | 1.155 | 0.25 | 510 | 589 | 448 | 0.036 | 0.16 | 2,211 | 79 |
|  | 2 | 1088 | 0.402 | 0.23 | 245 | 98 | 372 | 0.065 | 0.24 | 543 | 35 |
| 2018 | 1 | 591 | 0.594 | 0.21 | 395 | 235 | 302 | 0.041 | 0.16 | 2,494 | 102 |
|  | 2 | 925 | 0.774 | 0.17 | 198 | 153 | 332 | 0.048 | 0.44 | 832 | 40 |

Table D8, continued.

| South |  | Scallop Dredge |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Half | No. trips | D/K ratio | CV | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dlr all spp } \\ & (\mathrm{mt}) \end{aligned}$ | Discard (mt) |
| 1989 | 1 |  | 0.010 | 0.010 | 59,696 | 577 |
|  | 2 |  | 0.015 | 0.015 | 35,498 | 528 |
| 1990 | 1 |  | 0.010 |  | 64,314 | 622 |
|  | 2 |  | 0.015 |  | 53,040 | 789 |
| 1991 | 1 |  | 0.010 |  | 67,829 | 656 |
|  | 2 | 2 | 0.001 | 0.07 | 36,015 | 19 |
| 1992 | 1 | 7 | 0.001 | 0.69 | 48,686 | 29 |
|  | 2 | 7 | 0.012 | 0.50 | 39,126 | 460 |
| 1993 | 1 | 12 | 0.008 | 0.30 | 23,971 | 197 |
|  | 2 | 4 | 0.032 | 0.53 | 18,379 | 587 |
| 1994 | 1 | 10 | 0.020 | 0.26 | 26,657 | 538 |
|  | 2 | 10 | 0.015 | 0.29 | 24,222 | 370 |
| 1995 | 1 | 14 | 0.030 | 0.17 | 34,108 | 1,011 |
|  | 2 | 9 | 0.050 | 0.45 | 18,456 | 917 |
| 1996 | 1 | 19 | 0.020 | 0.23 | 27,505 | 547 |
|  | 2 | 15 | 0.029 | 0.26 | 19,621 | 562 |
| 1997 | 1 | 16 | 0.028 | 0.18 | 19,067 | 543 |
|  | 2 | 8 | 0.041 | 0.39 | 14,997 | 612 |
| 1998 | 1 | 8 | 0.008 | 0.24 | 17,094 | 136 |
|  | 2 | 15 | 0.012 | 0.57 | 15,300 | 177 |
| 1999 | 1 | 13 | 0.010 | 0.26 | 30,059 | 291 |
|  | 2 | 56 | 0.004 | 0.16 | 34,102 | 150 |
| 2000 | 1 | 38 | 0.014 | 0.16 | 47,847 | 666 |
|  | 2 | 133 | 0.009 | 0.16 | 43,879 | 382 |
| 2001 | 1 | 42 | 0.015 | 0.11 | 64,029 | 972 |
|  | 2 | 48 | 0.014 | 0.15 | 70,044 | 973 |
| 2002 | 1 | 34 | 0.019 | 0.09 | 83,888 | 1,571 |
|  | 2 | 61 | 0.018 | 0.10 | 81,620 | 1,475 |
| 2003 | 1 | 46 | 0.014 | 0.15 | 82,660 | 1,192 |
|  | 2 | 71 | 0.017 | 0.12 | 91,638 | 1,542 |
| 2004 | 1 | 82 | 0.014 | 0.08 | 107,728 | 1,543 |
|  | 2 | 193 | 0.015 | 0.10 | 95,117 | 1,432 |
| 2005 | 1 | 108 | 0.014 | 0.18 | 99,628 | 1,419 |
|  | 2 | 174 | 0.019 | 0.19 | 67,548 | 1,290 |
| 2006 | 1 | 43 | 0.009 | 0.31 | 87,842 | 767 |
|  | 2 | 166 | 0.022 | 0.14 | 99,456 | 2,210 |
| 2007 | 1 | 138 | 0.010 | 0.14 | 103,992 | 1,083 |
|  | 2 | 156 | 0.013 | 0.15 | 68,914 | 920 |
| 2008 | 1 | 374 | 0.006 | 0.11 | 106,134 | 686 |
|  | 2 | 245 | 0.010 | 0.13 | 74,506 | 717 |

Table D8, continued.

| South |  | Scallop Dredge |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Half | No. <br> trips | D/K ratio | CV | Dlr all spp <br> $(\mathrm{mt})$ | Discard <br> $(\mathrm{mt})$ |  |  |  |
| 2009 | 1 | 370 | 0.006 | 0.08 | 122,576 | 725 |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | 103 | 0.009 | 0.15 | 73,175 | 652 |  |  |  |
| 2010 | 1 | 132 | 0.010 | 0.11 | 108,617 | 1,098 |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | 174 | 0.008 | 0.12 | 81,139 | 648 |  |  |  |
| 2011 | 1 | 156 | 0.010 | 0.13 | 107,870 | 1,132 |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | 150 | 0.010 | 0.12 | 62,873 | 623 |  |  |  |
| 2012 | 1 | 205 | 0.016 | 0.0756 | 98,241 | 1,545 |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | 130 | 0.017 | 0.1489 | 46,675 | 797 |  |  |  |
| 2013 | 1 | 154 | 0.017 | 0.1682 | 49,832 | 864 |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | 177 | 0.016 | 0.1282 | 45,168 | 709 |  |  |  |
| 2014 | 1 | 174 | 0.014 | 0.0931 | 62,720 | 892 |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | 188 | 0.012 | 0.1405 | 44,960 | 518 |  |  |  |
| 2015 | 1 | 227 | 0.008 | 0.1204 | 56,595 | 464 |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | 202 | 0.008 | 0.1409 | 58,643 | 444 |  |  |  |
| 2016 | 1 | 306 | 0.018 | 0.1006 | 60,595 | 1,100 |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | 237 | 0.017 | 0.1263 | 69,514 | 1,204 |  |  |  |
| 2017 | 1 | 337 | 0.025 | 0.1199 | 95,113 | 2,364 |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | 253 | 0.025 | 0.1255 | 83,173 | 2,084 |  |  |  |
| 2018 | 1 | 211 | 0.030 | 0.1051 | 91,400 | 2,759 |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | 241 | 0.021 | 0.0928 | 86,776 | 1,861 |  |  |  |

Table D9. Estimated annual catch (landings plus discards, mt) of monkfish by management region and combined.

| Year | North Landings | Discard | Total <br> (mt) | South <br> Landings | Discard | Total (mt) | Areas Combined |  | Foreign |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Landings | Discard | Total (mt) | Landings | Total (mt) |
| 1980 | 3,623 | 635 | 4,258 | 6,035 | 563 | 6,598 | 9,658 | 1,197 | 10,855 | 132 | 10,987 |
| 1981 | 3,171 | 754 | 3,925 | 4,142 | 451 | 4,593 | 7,313 | 1,204 | 8,517 | 381 | 8,898 |
| 1982 | 3,860 | 699 | 4,559 | 3,722 | 586 | 4,308 | 7,582 | 1,285 | 8,867 | 310 | 9,177 |
| 1983 | 3,849 | 664 | 4,513 | 4,115 | 659 | 4,774 | 7,964 | 1,323 | 9,287 | 80 | 9,367 |
| 1984 | 4,202 | 616 | 4,818 | 3,699 | 684 | 4,383 | 7,901 | 1,301 | 9,202 | 395 | 9,597 |
| 1985 | 4,616 | 640 | 5,256 | 4,262 | 636 | 4,898 | 8,878 | 1,276 | 10,154 | 1,333 | 11,487 |
| 1986 | 4,327 | 548 | 4,875 | 4,037 | 618 | 4,655 | 8,364 | 1,166 | 9,530 | 341 | 9,871 |
| 1987 | 4,960 | 766 | 5,726 | 3,762 | 1,039 | 4,801 | 8,722 | 1,805 | 10,527 | 748 | 11,275 |
| 1988 | 5,066 | 784 | 5,850 | 4,595 | 1,030 | 5,625 | 9,661 | 1,814 | 11,475 | 909 | 12,384 |
| 1989 | 6,391 | 534 | 6,925 | 8,353 | 2,786 | 11,139 | 14,744 | 3,320 | 18,064 | 1,178 | 19,242 |
| 1990 | 5,802 | 406 | 6,208 | 7,204 | 1,602 | 8,806 | 13,006 | 2,008 | 15,014 | 1,557 | 16,571 |
| 1991 | 5,693 | 481 | 6,174 | 9,865 | 1,080 | 10,945 | 15,558 | 1,561 | 17,119 | 1,020 | 18,139 |
| 1992 | 6,923 | 844 | 7,767 | 13,942 | 801 | 14,743 | 20,865 | 1,644 | 22,509 | 473 | 22,982 |
| 1993 | 10,645 | 730 | 11,375 | 15,098 | 1,123 | 16,221 | 25,743 | 1,853 | 27,596 | 354 | 27,950 |
| 1994 | 10,950 | 353 | 11,303 | 12,126 | 2,019 | 14,145 | 23,076 | 2,372 | 25,448 | 543 | 25,991 |
| 1995 | 11,970 | 1,475 | 13,445 | 14,361 | 2,935 | 17,297 | 26,331 | 4,410 | 30,741 | 418 | 31,159 |
| 1996 | 10,791 | 1,780 | 12,572 | 15,715 | 2,289 | 18,004 | 26,507 | 4,069 | 30,576 | 184 | 30,760 |
| 1997 | 9,709 | 1,002 | 10,712 | 18,462 | 1,856 | 20,318 | 28,172 | 2,858 | 31,030 | 189 | 31,219 |
| 1998 | 7,281 | 769 | 8,050 | 19,337 | 1,231 | 20,568 | 26,618 | 2,000 | 28,618 | 190 | 28,808 |
| 1999 | 9,128 | 713 | 9,841 | 16,085 | 1,438 | 17,523 | 25,213 | 2,151 | 27,364 | 151 | 27,515 |
| 2000 | 10,729 | 871 | 11,599 | 10,147 | 3,232 | 13,379 | 20,876 | 4,103 | 24,979 | 176 | 25,155 |
| 2001 | 13,341 | 1,213 | 14,554 | 9,959 | 4,260 | 14,219 | 23,301 | 5,473 | 28,773 | 142 | 28,915 |
| 2002 | 14,011 | 1,169 | 15,180 | 8,884 | 3,796 | 12,680 | 22,896 | 4,964 | 27,860 | 294 | 28,154 |
| 2003 | 14,991 | 1,212 | 16,203 | 11,095 | 3,869 | 14,964 | 26,086 | 5,080 | 31,167 | 309 | 31,476 |
| 2004 | 13,209 | 847 | 14,056 | 7,978 | 3,782 | 11,760 | 21,186 | 4,629 | 25,816 | 166 | 25,982 |
| 2005 | 10,140 | 711 | 10,851 | 9,177 | 3,421 | 12,597 | 19,317 | 4,132 | 23,449 | 206 | 23,655 |
| 2006 | 6,974 | 738 | 7,712 | 7,980 | 3,448 | 11,428 | 14,955 | 4,186 | 19,140 | 279 | 19,419 |
| 2007 | 4,953 | 778 | 5,732 | 7,388 | 2,755 | 10,143 | 12,341 | 3,533 | 15,875 | 8 | 15,883 |
| 2008 | 3,942 | 338 | 4,280 | 7,250 | 1,901 | 9,151 | 11,192 | 2,240 | 13,432 | 2 | 13,434 |
| 2009 | 3,210 | 465 | 3,675 | 5,532 | 1,626 | 7,158 | 8,742 | 2,092 | 10,833 |  | 10,833 |
| 2010 | 2,424 | 317 | 2,741 | 4,996 | 2,109 | 7,105 | 7,420 | 2,426 | 9,846 |  | 9,846 |
| 2011 | 2,362 | 452 | 2,814 | 6,344 | 2,200 | 8,545 | 8,707 | 2,652 | 11,359 |  | 11,359 |
| 2012 | 4,033 | 602 | 4,635 | 5,724 | 2,714 | 8,438 | 9,757 | 3,316 | 13,073 |  | 13,073 |
| 2013 | 3,332 | 589 | 3,922 | 5,253 | 1,922 | 7,176 | 8,586 | 2,512 | 11,097 |  | 11,097 |
| 2014 | 3,402 | 552 | 3,954 | 5,135 | 1,724 | 6,859 | 8,537 | 2,276 | 10,813 |  | 10,813 |
| 2015 | 4,027 | 603 | 4,630 | 4,609 | 1,235 | 5,844 | 8,636 | 1,838 | 10,474 |  | 10,474 |
| 2016 | 4,633 | 875 | 5,508 | 4,422 | 2,777 | 7,199 | 9,055 | 3,652 | 12,707 |  | 12,707 |
| 2017 | 7,008 | 886 | 7,894 | 3,893 | 5,250 | 9,143 | 10,901 | 6,136 | 17,037 |  | 17,037 |
| 2018 | 5,954 | 2161 | 8,115 | 4,465 | 5,150 | 9,615 | 10,419 | 7,311 | 17,730 |  | 17,730 |

Table D10. Number of length samples available for kept and discarded monkfish from observer database.

| North |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trawl |  | Kept Lengths |  |  | Discard Lengths |  |  |
| Year | Halfyear | No. trips | No. hauls | No. Lengths | No. trips | No. hauls | No. Lengths |
| 2000 | 1 | 16 | 54 | 751 | 24 | 65 | 1393 |
|  | 2 | 19 | 57 | 548 | 19 | 46 | 1046 |
| 2001 | 1 | 14 | 41 | 578 | 11 | 40 | 487 |
|  | 2 | 26 | 74 | 659 | 28 | 45 | 1621 |
| 2002 | 1 | 7 | 28 | 391 | 12 | 32 | 342 |
|  | 2 | 77 | 274 | 3452 | 153 | 388 | 7038 |
| 2003 | 1 | 74 | 333 | 4648 | 100 | 361 | 6340 |
|  | 2 | 72 | 308 | 4193 | 81 | 363 | 4387 |
| 2004 | 1 | 67 | 226 | 3156 | 81 | 294 | 4278 |
|  | 2 | 141 | 505 | 6122 | 179 | 657 | 5059 |
| 2005 | 1 | 177 | 751 | 8255 | 238 | 1426 | 14806 |
|  | 2 | 214 | 841 | 7698 | 228 | 827 | 8134 |
| 2006 | 1 | 100 | 403 | 4960 | 126 | 672 | 7238 |
|  | 2 | 71 | 333 | 2828 | 100 | 529 | 5615 |
| 2007 | 1 | 60 | 257 | 2580 | 98 | 555 | 4507 |
|  | 2 | 118 | 554 | 3432 | 140 | 714 | 4992 |
| 2008 | 1 | 75 | 320 | 2973 | 121 | 657 | 6748 |
|  | 2 | 98 | 341 | 2244 | 154 | 664 | 5705 |
| 2009 | 1 | 70 | 194 | 1869 | 113 | 502 | 4978 |
|  | 2 | 83 | 181 | 1474 | 99 | 257 | 1762 |
| 2010 | 1 | 55 | 224 | 2875 | 68 | 303 | 3736 |
|  | 2 | 23 | 72 | 906 | 42 | 140 | 960 |
| 2011 | 1 | 35 | 83 | 1076 | 73 | 259 | 3389 |
|  | 2 | 34 | 82 | 795 | 60 | 147 | 1311 |
| 2012 | 1 | 25 | 60 | 853 | 76 | 262 | 2460 |
|  | 2 | 23 | 44 | 556 | 87 | 203 | 2270 |
| 2013 | 1 | 12 | 31 | 260 | 38 | 102 | 1253 |
|  | 2 | 13 | 47 | 307 | 60 | 154 | 1552 |
| 2014 | 1 | 32 | 61 | 596 | 79 | 227 | 2993 |
|  | 2 | 12 | 20 | 190 | 40 | 103 | 925 |
| 2015 | 1 | 8 | 13 | 116 | 73 | 198 | 3021 |
|  | 2 | 9 | 30 | 185 | 64 | 173 | 1244 |
| 2016 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 42 | 19 | 46 | 853 |
|  | 2 | 11 | 26 | 204 | 24 | 59 | 573 |
| 2017 | 1 | 8 | 15 | 96 | 39 | 167 | 1864 |
|  | 2 | 13 | 35 | 435 | 54 | 163 | 1859 |
| 2018 | 1 | 14 | 29 | 429 | 67 | 198 | 3061 |
|  | 2 | 10 | 21 | 90 | 32 | 92 | 720 |

Table D10, continued

| North |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gillnet |  | Kept Lengths |  | Discard Lengths |  |  |  |
| Year | Halfyear | No. trips | No. hauls | No. Lengths | No. trips | No. hauls | No. Lengths |
| 2000 | 1 | 37 | 49 | 311 | 9 | 14 | 59 |
|  | 2 | 66 | 110 | 2708 | 8 | 16 | 87 |
| 2001 | 1 | 27 | 45 | 362 | 4 | 8 | 12 |
|  | 2 | 50 | 76 | 1940 | 4 | 12 | 27 |
| 2002 | 1 | 29 | 50 | 976 | 10 | 18 | 60 |
|  | 2 | 60 | 115 | 2493 | 25 | 47 | 198 |
| 2003 | 1 | 51 | 163 | 2564 | 30 | 72 | 321 |
|  | 2 | 131 | 341 | 5099 | 58 | 121 | 696 |
| 2004 | 1 | 70 | 220 | 2212 | 27 | 49 | 133 |
|  | 2 | 434 | 1314 | 15334 | 138 | 243 | 672 |
| 2005 | 1 | 29 | 54 | 459 | 8 | 10 | 32 |
|  | 2 | 399 | 1251 | 14565 | 81 | 129 | 413 |
| 2006 | 1 | 43 | 102 | 651 | 5 | 8 | 15 |
|  | 2 | 57 | 152 | 1404 | 12 | 15 | 26 |
| 2007 | 1 | 14 | 27 | 262 | 4 | 10 | 16 |
|  | 2 | 134 | 415 | 3442 | 22 | 28 | 45 |
| 2008 | 1 | 19 | 55 | 320 | 6 | 7 | 22 |
|  | 2 | 75 | 174 | 909 | 13 | 17 | 35 |
| 2009 | 1 | 9 | 32 | 48 | 4 | 7 | 13 |
|  | 2 | 67 | 128 | 899 | 11 | 12 | 30 |
| 2010 | 1 | 31 | 88 | 677 | 8 | 9 | 11 |
|  | 2 | 63 | 120 | 773 | 22 | 32 | 78 |
| 2011 | 1 | 9 | 13 | 38 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
|  | 2 | 65 | 123 | 583 | 14 | 22 | 37 |
| 2012 | 1 | 20 | 44 | 118 | 11 | 18 | 22 |
|  | 2 | 52 | 87 | 331 | 25 | 33 | 58 |
| 2013 | 1 | 13 | 29 | 163 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|  | 2 | 64 | 125 | 469 | 27 | 41 | 64 |
| 2014 | 1 | 27 | 72 | 148 | 11 | 25 | 35 |
|  | 2 | 64 | 113 | 542 | 32 | 47 | 72 |
| 2015 | 1 | 13 | 26 | 164 | 7 | 10 | 12 |
|  | 2 | 69 | 149 | 1501 | 19 | 42 | 121 |
| 2016 | 1 | 10 | 20 | 142 | 5 | 6 | 8 |
|  | 2 | 52 | 68 | 474 | 8 | 14 | 29 |
| 2017 | 1 | 6 | 9 | 82 | 2 | 3 | 6 |
|  | 2 | 83 | 162 | 1306 | 8 | 10 | 14 |
| 2018 | 1 | 10 | 12 | 66 | 5 | 15 | 30 |
|  | 2 | 50 | 76 | 396 | 6 | 10 | 17 |

Table D10, continued.

| North |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scallop <br> Dredge | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Half- } \\ & \text { year } \end{aligned}$ | Kept Lengths |  |  | Discard Lengths |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year |  | No. trips | No. hauls | No. Lengths | No. trips | No. hauls | No. Lengths |
| 2000 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | 3 | 29 | 89 | 3 | 19 | 29 |
| 2001 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
|  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2002 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | 4 | 66 | 191 | 4 | 9 | 28 |
| 2003 | 1 |  |  |  | 1 | 5 | 9 |
|  | 2 | 5 | 48 | 161 | 4 | 49 | 321 |
| 2004 | 1 |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 2 |
|  | 2 | 4 | 10 | 13 | 11 | 42 | 120 |
| 2005 | 1 | 1 | 18 | 27 | 5 | 29 | 109 |
|  | 2 | 6 | 25 | 113 | 27 | 192 | 979 |
| 2006 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 18 | 26 |
|  | 2 | 15 | 76 | 356 | 29 | 170 | 711 |
| 2007 | 1 | 4 | 20 | 25 | 16 | 58 | 106 |
|  | 2 | 23 | 212 | 1094 | 50 | 368 | 2082 |
| 2008 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 9 | 48 | 70 |
|  | 2 | 6 | 22 | 96 | 15 | 45 | 158 |
| 2009 | 1 |  |  |  | 3 | 7 | 12 |
|  | 2 | 5 | 9 | 90 | 12 | 77 | 219 |
| 2010 | 1 |  |  |  | 3 | 7 | 10 |
|  | 2 | 1 | 8 | 12 | 8 | 41 | 100 |
| 2011 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 27 |
|  | 2 | 14 | 44 | 120 | 57 | 178 | 559 |
| 2012 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 24 | 134 | 481 |
|  | 2 | 27 | 107 | 294 | 56 | 280 | 1340 |
| 2013 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 9 | 44 | 203 | 495 |
|  | 2 | 7 | 24 | 53 | 28 | 73 | 213 |
| 2014 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 13 | 25 | 34 |
|  | 2 | 4 | 8 | 23 | 35 | 79 | 349 |
| 2015 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 11 | 19 | 38 | 105 |
|  | 2 | 9 | 29 | 70 | 34 | 102 | 409 |
| 2016 | 1 | 7 | 42 | 118 | 7 | 42 | 118 |
|  | 2 | 10 | 41 | 87 | 10 | 41 | 87 |
| 2017 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 7 |
|  | 2 | 4 | 7 | 26 | 4 | 7 | 26 |
| 2018 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 15 | 4 | 5 | 15 |
|  | 2 | 6 | 14 | 46 | 6 | 14 | 46 |

Table D10, continued.

| South |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trawl |  | Kept Lengths |  | Discard Lengths |  |  |  |
| Year | Half year | No. trips | No. hauls | No. Lengths | No. trips | No. hauls | No. Lengths |
| 2000 | 1 | 14 | 27 | 86 | 11 | 22 | 216 |
|  | 2 | 16 | 32 | 306 | 14 | 40 | 181 |
| 2001 | 1 | 12 | 26 | 126 | 12 | 56 | 338 |
|  | 2 | 9 | 13 | 42 | 2 | 4 | 103 |
| 2002 | 1 | 16 | 37 | 85 | 2 | 4 | 11 |
|  | 2 | 22 | 54 | 367 | 10 | 32 | 255 |
| 2003 | 1 | 62 | 196 | 1397 | 36 | 123 | 975 |
|  | 2 | 38 | 141 | 740 | 23 | 43 | 359 |
| 2004 | 1 | 98 | 304 | 2301 | 66 | 275 | 2051 |
|  | 2 | 129 | 494 | 2983 | 124 | 444 | 3406 |
| 2005 | 1 | 234 | 794 | 5760 | 184 | 759 | 8029 |
|  | 2 | 218 | 982 | 9097 | 203 | 656 | 4960 |
| 2006 | 1 | 154 | 574 | 5490 | 126 | 498 | 4184 |
|  | 2 | 92 | 337 | 3501 | 87 | 299 | 2330 |
| 2007 | 1 | 121 | 467 | 3078 | 72 | 426 | 1648 |
|  | 2 | 102 | 236 | 1658 | 76 | 207 | 1198 |
| 2008 | 1 | 97 | 291 | 3024 | 88 | 265 | 2018 |
|  | 2 | 77 | 239 | 2567 | 36 | 87 | 529 |
| 2009 | 1 | 64 | 190 | 1286 | 36 | 118 | 694 |
|  | 2 | 68 | 161 | 1036 | 49 | 105 | 629 |
| 2010 | 1 | 65 | 166 | 1265 | 72 | 187 | 1777 |
|  | 2 | 40 | 113 | 585 | 50 | 160 | 694 |
| 2011 | 1 | 47 | 109 | 569 | 66 | 165 | 1145 |
|  | 2 | 41 | 86 | 823 | 64 | 167 | 2160 |
| 2012 | 1 | 36 | 100 | 732 | 65 | 212 | 2250 |
|  | 2 | 13 | 31 | 176 | 19 | 63 | 342 |
| 2013 | 1 | 19 | 34 | 411 | 32 | 99 | 823 |
|  | 2 | 17 | 33 | 204 | 33 | 88 | 463 |
| 2014 | 1 | 28 | 54 | 235 | 69 | 158 | 1143 |
|  | 2 | 27 | 60 | 314 | 46 | 144 | 949 |
| 2015 | 1 | 23 | 44 | 210 | 59 | 125 | 758 |
|  | 2 | 22 | 45 | 200 | 52 | 171 | 1405 |
| 2016 | 1 | 24 | 61 | 224 | 87 | 226 | 1476 |
|  | 2 | 23 | 51 | 115 | 82 | 283 | 2047 |
| 2017 | 1 | 50 | 104 | 334 | 120 | 284 | 1944 |
|  | 2 | 46 | 104 | 304 | 82 | 225 | 838 |
| 2018 | 1 | 60 | 107 | 448 | 113 | 240 | 881 |
|  | 2 | 45 | 94 | 289 | 115 | 412 | 2539 |

Table D10, continued.

| South |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gillnet | Kept Lengths |  |  | Discard Lengths |  |  |  |
| Year | Halfyear | No. trips | No. hauls | No. Lengths | No. trips | No. hauls | No. Lengths |
| 2000 | 1 | 70 | 94 | 2854 | 7 | 18 | 95 |
|  | 2 | 22 | 42 | 952 | 3 | 4 | 47 |
| 2001 | 1 | 216 | 253 | 8634 | 3 | 4 | 9 |
|  | 2 | 20 | 38 | 1543 |  |  |  |
| 2002 | 1 | 58 | 88 | 2981 | 2 | 6 | 65 |
|  | 2 | 13 | 15 | 391 | 2 | 3 | 39 |
| 2003 | 1 | 45 | 112 | 3937 | 6 | 14 | 35 |
|  | 2 | 60 | 192 | 6047 | 13 | 35 | 113 |
| 2004 | 1 | 130 | 335 | 11691 | 36 | 103 | 747 |
|  | 2 | 68 | 195 | 4337 | 11 | 20 | 174 |
| 2005 | 1 | 113 | 253 | 8853 | 14 | 31 | 215 |
|  | 2 | 90 | 253 | 6705 | 16 | 31 | 120 |
| 2006 | 1 | 153 | 216 | 7833 | 10 | 15 | 30 |
|  | 2 | 25 | 36 | 1290 | 5 | 7 | 10 |
| 2007 | 1 | 115 | 189 | 4789 | 15 | 35 | 245 |
|  | 2 | 52 | 96 | 1966 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| 2008 | 1 | 94 | 179 | 3976 | 9 | 24 | 333 |
|  | 2 | 40 | 90 | 1485 | 6 | 9 | 14 |
| 2009 | 1 | 89 | 189 | 3819 | 7 | 13 | 45 |
|  | 2 | 23 | 62 | 938 | 4 | 11 | 58 |
| 2010 | 1 | 69 | 154 | 3398 | 4 | 4 | 20 |
|  | 2 | 43 | 95 | 1883 | 5 | 7 | 9 |
| 2011 | 1 | 56 | 125 | 2775 | 5 | 11 | 29 |
|  | 2 | 15 | 27 | 605 | 2 | 4 | 75 |
| 2012 | 1 | 42 | 78 | 1304 | 4 | 4 | 14 |
|  | 2 | 13 | 39 | 425 | 4 | 5 | 7 |
| 2013 | 1 | 41 | 75 | 1480 | 3 | 3 | 5 |
|  | 2 | 18 | 39 | 414 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2014 | 1 | 101 | 205 | 2463 | 5 | 10 | 30 |
|  | 2 | 48 | 98 | 819 | 2 | 2 | 6 |
| 2015 | 1 | 117 | 244 | 2903 | 15 | 31 | 84 |
|  | 2 | 51 | 99 | 820 | 4 | 5 | 7 |
| 2016 | 1 | 153 | 287 | 3255 | 8 | 9 | 31 |
|  | 2 | 75 | 152 | 1595 | 13 | 15 | 24 |
| 2017 | 1 | 180 | 383 | 4134 | 31 | 49 | 120 |
|  | 2 | 72 | 122 | 1366 | 4 | 5 | 22 |
| 2018 | $1$ | 119 | 252 | 2382 | 12 | 17 | 48 |
|  | 2 | 44 | 85 | 641 | 3 | 7 | 16 |

Table D10, continued.

| South |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scallop | Kept Lengths |  |  | Discard Lengths |  |  |  |
| Year | Halfyear | No. trips | No. hauls | No. Lengths | No. trips | No. hauls | No. Lengths |
| 2000 | 1 | 12 | 415 | 2481 | 9 | 340 | 2317 |
|  | 2 | 7 | 49 | 186 | 10 | 90 | 464 |
| 2001 | 1 | 5 | 52 | 215 | 6 | 65 | 303 |
|  | 2 | 3 | 14 | 33 | 3 | 14 | 250 |
| 2002 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | 7 | 60 | 155 | 16 | 141 | 675 |
| 2003 | 1 | 16 | 171 | 395 | 24 | 250 | 1115 |
|  | 2 | 18 | 100 | 268 | 34 | 270 | 1215 |
| 2004 | 1 | 33 | 449 | 1205 | 50 | 767 | 5615 |
|  | 2 | 63 | 1010 | 2962 | 157 | 2500 | 15145 |
| 2005 | 1 | 51 | 697 | 1782 | 67 | 901 | 5268 |
|  | 2 | 88 | 377 | 1300 | 111 | 929 | 6274 |
| 2006 | 1 | 12 | 49 | 341 | 26 | 125 | 794 |
|  | 2 | 57 | 465 | 1607 | 92 | 741 | 4625 |
| 2007 | 1 | 46 | 318 | 746 | 98 | 804 | 3384 |
|  | 2 | 48 | 308 | 1144 | 116 | 900 | 4386 |
| 2008 | 1 | 96 | 443 | 1137 | 272 | 1492 | 4593 |
|  | 2 | 60 | 370 | 1053 | 175 | 1131 | 3702 |
| 2009 | 1 | 109 | 727 | 1796 | 219 | 1549 | 4461 |
|  | 2 | 34 | 235 | 808 | 62 | 502 | 2364 |
| 2010 | 1 | 50 | 360 | 615 | 89 | 915 | 4094 |
|  | 2 | 41 | 283 | 703 | 117 | 898 | 3612 |
| 2011 | 1 | 36 | 342 | 940 | 104 | 951 | 5053 |
|  | 2 | 38 | 167 | 565 | 110 | 536 | 2622 |
| 2012 | 1 | 58 | 257 | 855 | 162 | 1160 | 7150 |
|  | 2 | 28 | 106 | 634 | 75 | 328 | 2549 |
| 2013 | 1 | 41 | 139 | 438 | 91 | 483 | 2264 |
|  | 2 | 75 | 286 | 948 | 108 | 531 | 2398 |
| 2014 | 1 | 72 | 255 | 630 | 119 | 704 | 3868 |
|  | 2 | 63 | 238 | 746 | 123 | 720 | 3014 |
| 2015 | 1 | 56 | 189 | 463 | 127 | 659 | 2362 |
|  | 2 | 46 | 226 | 557 | 134 | 831 | 3218 |
| 2016 | 1 | 59 | 208 | 405 | 59 | 208 | 405 |
|  | 2 | 36 | 211 | 472 | 36 | 211 | 472 |
| 2017 | 1 | 59 | 173 | 441 | 59 | 173 | 441 |
|  | 2 | 36 | 79 | 244 | 36 | 79 | 244 |
| 2018 | 1 | 38 | 105 | 428 | 38 | 105 | 428 |
|  | 2 | 34 | 68 | 222 | 34 | 68 | 222 |

Table D11. Temporal stratification used in expanding landings and discards to length composition of the monkfish catch. Unless otherwise indicated, sampling was expanded within gear type and area.

| North | Trawl |  | Gillnet |  | Dredge |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Kept | Discarded | Kept | Discarded | Kept | Discarded |
| 1994 | annual | annual | 1994-1999 | 1994-1999 | 1994-1999 | 1994-1999 |
| 1995 | annual | annual | 1994-1999 | 1994-1999 | 1994-1999 | 1994-1999 |
| 1996 | annual | annual | 1994-1999 | 1994-1999 | 1994-1999 | 1994-1999 |
| 1997 | annual | annual | 1994-1999 | 1994-1999 | 1994-1999 | 1994-1999 |
| 1998 | annual | annual | 1994-1999 | 1994-1999 | 1994-1999 | 1994-1999 |
| 1999 | annual | annual | 1994-1999 | 1994-1999 | 1994-1999 | 1994-1999 |
| 2000 | annual | annual | annual | 2000-2002 N+S | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ |
| 2001 | annual | annual | annual | 2000-2002 N+S | annual $\mathrm{N}+$ S | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ |
| 2002 | annual | annual | annual | 2000-2002 N+S | annual $\mathrm{N}+$ S | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ |
| 2003 | half-year | half-year | annual | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ |
| 2004 | half-year | half-year | annual | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ |
| 2005 | half-year | half-year | annual | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual $\mathrm{N}+$ S | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ |
| 2006 | half-year | half-year | annual | 2006-2008 N+S | annual $\mathrm{N}+$ S | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ |
| 2007 | half-year | half-year | annual | 2006-2008 N+S | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ |
| 2008 | half-year | half-year | annual | 2006-2008 N+S | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ |
| 2009 | half-year | half-year | annual | 2009-2011 N+S | annual $\mathrm{N}+$ S | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ |
| 2010 | half-year | half-year | annual | 2009-2011 N+S | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ |
| 2011 | half-year | half-year | annual | 2009-2011 N+S | annual $\mathrm{N}+$ S | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ |
| 2012 | half-year | half-year | annual | 2012-2014 N+S | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ |
| 2013 | half-year | half-year | annual | 2012-2014 N+S | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ |
| 2014 | half-year | half-year | annual | 2012-2014 N+S | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ |
| 2015 | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | half-year | annual | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ |
| 2016 | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | half-year | annual | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ |
| 2017 | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | half-year | annual | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ |
| 2018 | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | half-year | annual | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ |

Table D11, continued.

|  | Trawl |  | Gillnet |  | Dredge |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| South | Kept | Discarded | Kept | Discarded | Kept | Discarded |
| 1994 | annual |  | annual | annual | annual | annual |
| 1995 | annual |  | annual | annual | annual | annual |
| 1996 | annual |  | annual | annual | annual | annual |
| 1997 | annual |  | annual | annual | annual | annual |
| 1998 | annual |  | annual | annual | annual | annual |
| 1999 | annual |  | annual | annual | annual | annual |
| 2000 | annual N+S | annual N+S | annual | $2000-2002 \mathrm{~N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual | annual |
| 2001 | annual N+S | annual N+S | annual | $2000-2002 \mathrm{~N}+\mathrm{S}$ | $2000-2002$ | $2000-2002$ |
| 2002 | annual N+S | annual N+S | annual | $2000-2002 \mathrm{N+S}$ | $2000-2002$ | $2000-2002$ |
| 2003 | annual | half-year | annual | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual | annual |
| 2004 | annual | half-year | annual | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual | annual |
| 2005 | annual | half-year | annual | annual $\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual | annual |
| 2006 | annual | half-year | annual | $2006-2008 \mathrm{~N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual | annual |
| 2007 | annual | half-year | annual | $2006-2008 \mathrm{N+S}$ | annual | annual |
| 2008 | annual | half-year | annual | $2006-2008 \mathrm{~N}+\mathrm{S}$ | annual | annual |
| 2009 | annual | half-year | annual | $2009-2011 \mathrm{N+S}$ | annual | annual |
| 2010 | annual | half-year | annual | $2009-2011 \mathrm{N+S}$ | annual | annual |
| 2011 | annual | half-year | annual | $2009-2011 \mathrm{N+S}$ | annual | annual |
| 2012 | annual | half-year | annual | $2012-2014 \mathrm{N+S}$ | annual | annual |
| 2013 | annual | half-year | annual | $2012-2014 \mathrm{N+S}$ | annual | annual |
| 2014 | annual | half-year | annual | $2012-2014 \mathrm{N+S}$ | annual | annual |
| 2015 | annual | half-year | annual | annual N+S | annual | annual |
| 2016 | annual | half-year | annual | annual N+S | annual | annual |
| 2017 | annual | half-year | annual | annual N+S | annual | annual |
| 2018 | annual | half-year | annual | annual N+S | annual | annual |

Table D12a. Survey results from NEFSC offshore autumn bottom trawl surveys in the northern management region (strata 20-30, 34-40). Values from 2009 forward are adjusted for change in survey methods. Indices are arithmetic stratified means with bootstrapped variance estimates.

| Year | Biomass Index |  |  |  | Abundance Index |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% |
| 1963 | 3.79 | 0.17 | 2.79 | 4.87 | 0.81 | 0.15 | 0.62 | 1.02 |
| 1964 | 1.89 | 0.21 | 1.30 | 2.54 | 0.39 | 0.20 | 0.26 | 0.52 |
| 1965 | 2.52 | 0.20 | 1.73 | 3.41 | 0.35 | 0.15 | 0.26 | 0.44 |
| 1966 | 3.33 | 0.15 | 2.52 | 4.16 | 0.51 | 0.14 | 0.39 | 0.64 |
| 1967 | 1.24 | 0.33 | 0.65 | 1.96 | 0.19 | 0.26 | 0.11 | 0.27 |
| 1968 | 2.05 | 0.34 | 1.01 | 3.41 | 0.29 | 0.27 | 0.17 | 0.41 |
| 1969 | 3.69 | 0.23 | 2.36 | 5.15 | 0.42 | 0.15 | 0.31 | 0.53 |
| 1970 | 2.32 | 0.26 | 1.33 | 3.42 | 0.40 | 0.20 | 0.27 | 0.53 |
| 1971 | 2.90 | 0.21 | 1.93 | 3.93 | 0.49 | 0.17 | 0.36 | 0.63 |
| 1972 | 1.39 | 0.25 | 0.87 | 2.02 | 0.32 | 0.18 | 0.22 | 0.42 |
| 1973 | 3.19 | 0.20 | 2.16 | 4.36 | 0.53 | 0.19 | 0.38 | 0.72 |
| 1974 | 2.02 | 0.21 | 1.38 | 2.78 | 0.32 | 0.19 | 0.22 | 0.44 |
| 1975 | 1.71 | 0.19 | 1.20 | 2.25 | 0.30 | 0.18 | 0.21 | 0.39 |
| 1976 | 3.22 | 0.21 | 2.16 | 4.41 | 0.42 | 0.20 | 0.28 | 0.56 |
| 1977 | 5.43 | 0.17 | 3.94 | 6.99 | 0.76 | 0.12 | 0.50 | 0.75 |
| 1978 | 4.73 | 0.13 | 3.77 | 5.84 | 0.70 | 0.13 | 0.47 | 0.71 |
| 1979 | 4.91 | 0.14 | 3.83 | 6.04 | 0.55 | 0.11 | 0.39 | 0.57 |
| 1980 | 4.04 | 0.20 | 2.75 | 5.48 | 0.64 | 0.14 | 0.41 | 0.67 |
| 1981 | 1.98 | 0.18 | 1.39 | 2.59 | 0.45 | 0.13 | 0.32 | 0.49 |
| 1982 | 0.94 | 0.25 | 0.57 | 1.32 | 0.14 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.19 |
| 1983 | 1.61 | 0.19 | 1.11 | 2.13 | 0.47 | 0.18 | 0.34 | 0.61 |
| 1984 | 2.82 | 0.20 | 1.95 | 3.82 | 0.49 | 0.14 | 0.38 | 0.59 |
| 1985 | 1.48 | 0.33 | 0.75 | 2.40 | 0.37 | 0.22 | 0.24 | 0.52 |
| 1986 | 2.23 | 0.22 | 1.47 | 3.10 | 0.61 | 0.17 | 0.45 | 0.78 |
| 1987 | 0.88 | 0.33 | 0.42 | 1.38 | 0.26 | 0.26 | 0.16 | 0.38 |
| 1988 | 1.53 | 0.31 | 0.78 | 2.40 | 0.31 | 0.27 | 0.18 | 0.47 |
| 1989 | 1.32 | 0.30 | 0.77 | 2.03 | 0.51 | 0.18 | 0.31 | 0.55 |
| 1990 | 1.01 | 0.28 | 0.56 | 1.48 | 0.71 | 0.15 | 0.44 | 0.74 |
| 1991 | 1.20 | 0.24 | 0.75 | 1.67 | 0.70 | 0.17 | 0.42 | 0.74 |
| 1992 | 1.12 | 0.23 | 0.74 | 1.57 | 0.94 | 0.17 | 0.67 | 1.21 |
| 1993 | 1.10 | 0.34 | 0.58 | 1.80 | 1.23 | 0.16 | 0.75 | 1.31 |
| 1994 | 0.90 | 0.23 | 0.58 | 1.26 | 1.34 | 0.12 | 1.08 | 1.61 |
| 1995 | 1.60 | 0.23 | 1.00 | 2.20 | 0.93 | 0.12 | 0.74 | 1.11 |
| 1996 | 1.07 | 0.25 | 0.66 | 1.55 | 0.63 | 0.17 | 0.46 | 0.81 |
| 1997 | 0.67 | 0.23 | 0.43 | 0.92 | 0.50 | 0.18 | 0.36 | 0.66 |
| 1998 | 0.96 | 0.20 | 0.65 | 1.26 | 0.62 | 0.19 | 0.44 | 0.82 |
| 1999 | 0.78 | 0.22 | 0.51 | 1.06 | 1.08 | 0.15 | 0.82 | 1.36 |
| 2000 | 2.41 | 0.20 | 1.66 | 3.22 | 2.34 | 0.14 | 1.84 | 2.88 |
| 2001 | 1.84 | 0.16 | 1.38 | 2.33 | 1.61 | 0.11 | 1.31 | 1.91 |
| 2002 | 1.83 | 0.17 | 1.35 | 2.34 | 1.28 | 0.13 | 1.01 | 1.56 |
| 2003 | 1.81 | 0.18 | 1.30 | 2.33 | 1.07 | 0.12 | 0.86 | 1.28 |
| 2004 | 0.64 | 0.27 | 0.38 | 0.96 | 0.52 | 0.19 | 0.36 | 0.68 |
| 2005 | 1.01 | 0.23 | 0.64 | 1.38 | 0.60 | 0.18 | 0.42 | 0.79 |
| 2006 | 1.04 | 0.23 | 0.66 | 1.46 | 0.77 | 0.15 | 0.58 | 0.98 |

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| 2007 | 1.08 | 0.28 | 0.62 | 1.62 | 0.64 | 0.15 | 0.48 | 0.80 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Table D12a, continued.

|  | Biomass Index |  |  |  | Abundance Index |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% |
| 2008 | 0.99 | 0.29 | 0.54 | 1.48 | 0.79 | 0.21 | 0.53 | 1.10 |
| 2009 | 0.44 | 0.17 | 0.32 | 0.57 | 0.39 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.45 |
| 2010 | 0.64 | 0.14 | 0.49 | 0.78 | 0.51 | 0.09 | 0.44 | 0.58 |
| 2011 | 0.88 | 0.15 | 0.68 | 1.10 | 0.67 | 0.07 | 0.60 | 0.74 |
| 2012 | 0.81 | 0.12 | 0.65 | 0.96 | 0.68 | 0.07 | 0.61 | 0.76 |
| 2013 | 0.62 | 0.11 | 0.50 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.07 | 0.65 | 0.81 |
| 2014 | 0.76 | 0.08 | 0.66 | 0.86 | 0.95 | 0.09 | 0.81 | 1.09 |
| 2015 | 1.14 | 0.11 | 0.92 | 1.34 | 1.22 | 0.09 | 1.03 | 1.39 |
| 2016 | 1.50 | 0.10 | 1.25 | 1.76 | 1.84 | 0.07 | 1.63 | 2.07 |
| 2017 | 1.78 | 0.09 | 1.52 | 2.04 | 1.47 | 0.09 | 1.25 | 1.68 |
| 2018 | 2.16 | 0.07 | 1.92 | 2.42 | 1.29 | 0.06 | 1.16 | 1.42 |

Table D12b. Survey results from NEFSC offshore autumn bottom trawl surveys in the northern management region (strata 20-30, 34-40). Values are indices calculated without adjustment for change in survey methods in 2009. Indices are arithmetic stratified means with bootstrapped variance estimates.

|  | Biomass Index |  |  |  | Abundance Index |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% |
| 2009 | 3.55 | 0.18 | 2.51 | 4.58 | 2.78 | 0.10 | 2.33 | 3.22 |
| 2010 | 5.13 | 0.15 | 3.88 | 6.38 | 3.65 | 0.09 | 3.13 | 4.17 |
| 2011 | 7.09 | 0.15 | 5.32 | 8.86 | 4.77 | 0.06 | 4.26 | 5.28 |
| 2012 | 6.50 | 0.11 | 5.33 | 7.68 | 4.88 | 0.07 | 4.34 | 5.41 |
| 2013 | 4.97 | 0.11 | 4.05 | 5.90 | 5.21 | 0.07 | 4.64 | 5.79 |
| 2014 | 6.11 | 0.09 | 5.23 | 6.98 | 6.79 | 0.09 | 5.82 | 7.76 |
| 2015 | 9.20 | 0.11 | 7.47 | 10.93 | 8.71 | 0.09 | 7.41 | 10.02 |
| 2016 | 12.11 | 0.10 | 10.08 | 14.14 | 13.09 | 0.07 | 11.52 | 14.66 |
| 2017 | 14.38 | 0.09 | 12.30 | 16.46 | 10.45 | 0.08 | 9.01 | 11.88 |
| 2018 | 17.39 | 0.07 | 15.33 | 19.45 | 9.20 | 0.06 | 8.23 | 10.17 |

Table D13a. Survey results from NEFSC offshore spring bottom trawl surveys in the northern management region (strata 20-30, 34-40). Values from 2009 forward are adjusted for change in survey methods. Indices are arithmetic stratified means with bootstrapped variance estimates.

|  | Biomass Index |  |  |  |  | Abundance Index |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% |  |
| 1968 | 1.01 | 0.33 | 0.50 | 1.59 | 0.17 | 0.29 | 0.09 | 0.25 |  |
| 1969 | 1.34 | 0.42 | 0.54 | 2.37 | 0.18 | 0.36 | 0.09 | 0.30 |  |
| 1970 | 2.02 | 0.26 | 1.17 | 2.94 | 0.34 | 0.18 | 0.24 | 0.44 |  |
| 1971 | 1.05 | 0.29 | 0.61 | 1.58 | 0.16 | 0.29 | 0.09 | 0.25 |  |
| 1972 | 4.63 | 0.15 | 3.45 | 5.85 | 0.65 | 0.15 | 0.50 | 0.81 |  |
| 1973 | 1.89 | 0.21 | 1.23 | 2.53 | 0.44 | 0.23 | 0.27 | 0.60 |  |
| 1974 | 1.49 | 0.20 | 1.04 | 1.99 | 0.44 | 0.14 | 0.35 | 0.55 |  |
| 1975 | 0.94 | 0.17 | 0.69 | 1.21 | 0.34 | 0.15 | 0.26 | 0.43 |  |
| 1976 | 2.51 | 0.13 | 1.94 | 3.02 | 0.67 | 0.13 | 0.53 | 0.81 |  |
| 1977 | 0.93 | 0.18 | 0.66 | 1.19 | 0.26 | 0.19 | 0.18 | 0.34 |  |
| 1978 | 0.56 | 0.20 | 0.38 | 0.75 | 0.14 | 0.16 | 0.10 | 0.18 |  |
| 1979 | 0.67 | 0.21 | 0.45 | 0.92 | 0.14 | 0.14 | 0.11 | 0.17 |  |
| 1980 | 1.43 | 0.18 | 1.00 | 1.87 | 0.38 | 0.13 | 0.30 | 0.47 |  |
| 1981 | 1.67 | 0.20 | 1.16 | 2.25 | 0.38 | 0.12 | 0.30 | 0.44 |  |
| 1982 | 2.97 | 0.25 | 1.80 | 4.26 | 0.35 | 0.25 | 0.22 | 0.50 |  |
| 1983 | 1.53 | 0.31 | 0.85 | 2.38 | 0.42 | 0.24 | 0.27 | 0.60 |  |
| 1984 | 1.57 | 0.27 | 0.93 | 2.31 | 0.33 | 0.22 | 0.22 | 0.46 |  |
| 1985 | 2.12 | 0.22 | 1.39 | 2.94 | 0.35 | 0.20 | 0.24 | 0.46 |  |
| 1986 | 2.13 | 0.26 | 1.21 | 3.09 | 0.34 | 0.20 | 0.24 | 0.45 |  |
| 1987 | 1.73 | 0.27 | 0.95 | 2.48 | 0.24 | 0.20 | 0.17 | 0.33 |  |
| 1988 | 2.03 | 0.23 | 1.30 | 2.89 | 0.61 | 0.17 | 0.44 | 0.79 |  |
| 1989 | 1.60 | 0.30 | 0.90 | 2.46 | 0.62 | 0.21 | 0.41 | 0.81 |  |
| 1990 | 1.01 | 0.30 | 0.56 | 1.56 | 0.28 | 0.21 | 0.18 | 0.38 |  |
| 1991 | 1.61 | 0.24 | 0.99 | 2.23 | 0.59 | 0.18 | 0.42 | 0.77 |  |
| 1992 | 0.89 | 0.57 | 0.24 | 1.92 | 0.49 | 0.31 | 0.27 | 0.76 |  |
| 1993 | 1.16 | 0.19 | 0.82 | 1.55 | 0.68 | 0.13 | 0.53 | 0.82 |  |
| 1994 | 0.98 | 0.30 | 0.51 | 1.42 | 0.45 | 0.18 | 0.31 | 0.58 |  |
| 1995 | 1.84 | 0.28 | 1.04 | 2.72 | 1.01 | 0.16 | 0.75 | 1.29 |  |
| 1996 | 0.98 | 0.24 | 0.60 | 1.36 | 0.67 | 0.22 | 0.43 | 0.92 |  |
| 1997 | 0.55 | 0.36 | 0.25 | 0.91 | 0.34 | 0.25 | 0.21 | 0.50 |  |
| 1998 | 0.44 | 0.27 | 0.26 | 0.65 | 0.42 | 0.14 | 0.32 | 0.52 |  |
| 1999 | 1.15 | 0.19 | 0.80 | 1.53 | 0.83 | 0.16 | 0.62 | 1.04 |  |
| 2000 | 1.40 | 0.18 | 1.03 | 1.83 | 1.13 | 0.12 | 0.91 | 1.36 |  |
| 2001 | 1.85 | 0.28 | 1.07 | 2.83 | 1.67 | 0.12 | 1.36 | 2.01 |  |
| 2002 | 1.93 | 0.13 | 1.54 | 2.35 | 1.74 | 0.10 | 1.46 | 2.04 |  |
| 2003 | 1.87 | 0.20 | 1.30 | 2.51 | 0.81 | 0.20 | 0.56 | 1.09 |  |
| 2004 | 2.26 | 0.26 | 1.31 | 3.31 | 0.91 | 0.17 | 0.67 | 1.15 |  |
| 2005 | 1.47 | 0.21 | 0.99 | 2.02 | 0.72 | 0.16 | 0.53 | 0.92 |  |
| 2006 | 0.93 | 0.40 | 0.39 | 1.61 | 0.37 | 0.27 | 0.22 | 0.53 |  |
| 2007 | 1.05 | 0.41 | 0.39 | 1.82 | 0.55 | 0.23 | 0.35 | 0.77 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 193 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table D13a, continued.

|  | Biomass Index |  |  |  |  | Abundance Index |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Year | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% |  |
| 2008 | 1.29 | 0.30 | 0.70 | 1.90 | 0.67 | 0.17 | 0.49 | 0.86 |  |
| 2009 | 0.47 | 0.15 | 0.36 | 0.58 | 0.33 | 0.10 | 0.27 | 0.39 |  |
| 2010 | 0.63 | 0.14 | 0.49 | 0.78 | 0.38 | 0.14 | 0.30 | 0.47 |  |
| 2011 | 0.89 | 0.15 | 0.69 | 1.13 | 0.46 | 0.13 | 0.37 | 0.57 |  |
| 2012 | 0.61 | 0.13 | 0.47 | 0.74 | 0.54 | 0.14 | 0.42 | 0.67 |  |
| 2013 | 0.58 | 0.11 | 0.48 | 0.69 | 0.55 | 0.07 | 0.49 | 0.61 |  |
| 2014 | 0.63 | 0.16 | 0.46 | 0.81 | 0.61 | 0.12 | 0.50 | 0.74 |  |
| 2015 | 0.73 | 0.16 | 0.56 | 0.93 | 0.54 | 0.09 | 0.46 | 0.62 |  |
| 2016 | 0.74 | 0.09 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 0.69 | 0.07 | 0.61 | 0.76 |  |
| 2017 | 1.13 | 0.13 | 0.89 | 1.39 | 0.68 | 0.10 | 0.57 | 0.79 |  |
| 2018 | 1.65 | 0.07 | 1.47 | 1.83 | 1.04 | 0.08 | 0.91 | 1.17 |  |
| 2019 | 1.32 | 0.08 | 1.16 | 1.51 | 0.87 | 0.08 | 0.76 | 1.00 |  |

Table D13b. Survey results from NEFSC offshore spring bottom trawl surveys in the northern management region (strata 20-30, 34-40). Values are indices calculated without adjustment for change in survey methods in 2009. Indices are arithmetic stratified means with bootstrapped variance estimates.

|  | Biomass Index |  |  |  | Abundance Index |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% |
| 2009 | 3.80 | 0.14 | 2.91 | 4.70 | 2.36 | 0.10 | 1.96 | 2.76 |
| 2010 | 5.08 | 0.14 | 3.89 | 6.27 | 2.72 | 0.13 | 2.12 | 3.32 |
| 2011 | 7.20 | 0.16 | 5.31 | 9.08 | 3.31 | 0.14 | 2.55 | 4.07 |
| 2012 | 4.90 | 0.14 | 3.79 | 6.00 | 3.83 | 0.13 | 3.00 | 4.67 |
| 2013 | 4.70 | 0.11 | 3.82 | 5.57 | 3.93 | 0.07 | 3.48 | 4.38 |
| 2014 | 5.07 | 0.16 | 3.77 | 6.38 | 4.38 | 0.12 | 3.52 | 5.23 |
| 2015 | 5.90 | 0.16 | 4.33 | 7.47 | 3.83 | 0.09 | 3.24 | 4.41 |
| 2016 | 6.00 | 0.08 | 5.21 | 6.79 | 4.88 | 0.06 | 4.37 | 5.40 |
| 2017 | 9.14 | 0.14 | 7.03 | 11.25 | 4.86 | 0.10 | 4.08 | 5.64 |
| 2018 | 13.30 | 0.07 | 11.81 | 14.79 | 7.42 | 0.07 | 6.52 | 8.32 |
| 2019 | 10.66 | 0.08 | 9.26 | 12.07 | 6.23 | 0.08 | 5.41 | 7.05 |

Table D14. Survey results from ASMFC summer shrimp surveys in the northern management region (strata 1, 3, 5, 6-8). Indices are arithmetic stratified means with bootstrapped variance estimates.

| Biomass <br> Year |  |  |  | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% | Abundance <br> Mean |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1991 | 1.88 | 0.17 | 1.40 | 2.45 | 2.88 | 0.10 | 2.45 | 3.36 |
| 1992 | 2.69 | 0.16 | 2.04 | 3.46 | 2.90 | 0.10 | 2.45 | 3.42 |
| 1993 | 3.07 | 0.25 | 1.85 | 4.39 | 3.70 | 0.13 | 2.93 | 4.52 |
| 1994 | 1.66 | 0.21 | 1.11 | 2.25 | 3.42 | 0.13 | 2.70 | 4.20 |
| 1995 | 1.55 | 0.23 | 0.95 | 2.15 | 2.08 | 0.18 | 1.44 | 2.71 |
| 1996 | 3.36 | 0.31 | 1.83 | 5.30 | 2.99 | 0.13 | 2.37 | 3.69 |
| 1997 | 2.08 | 0.21 | 1.36 | 2.84 | 1.57 | 0.14 | 1.21 | 1.94 |
| 1998 | 2.27 | 0.29 | 1.24 | 3.36 | 2.12 | 0.13 | 1.70 | 2.58 |
| 1999 | 6.26 | 0.09 | 5.56 | 7.57 | 6.75 | 0.08 | 6.00 | 7.89 |
| 2000 | 3.84 | 0.16 | 2.87 | 4.84 | 5.72 | 0.13 | 4.49 | 7.09 |
| 2001 | 7.27 | 0.11 | 6.02 | 8.58 | 10.89 | 0.09 | 9.29 | 12.54 |
| 2002 | 12.44 | 0.10 | 10.25 | 14.51 | 11.65 | 0.09 | 9.99 | 13.33 |
| 2003 | 7.36 | 0.16 | 5.68 | 9.74 | 5.80 | 0.12 | 4.82 | 7.23 |
| 2004 | 4.45 | 0.10 | 3.70 | 5.17 | 3.38 | 0.10 | 2.85 | 3.92 |
| 2005 | 7.25 | 0.13 | 5.73 | 8.87 | 5.25 | 0.10 | 4.45 | 6.08 |
| 2006 | 6.54 | 0.12 | 5.29 | 7.77 | 4.31 | 0.07 | 3.82 | 4.80 |
| 2007 | 4.10 | 0.21 | 2.69 | 5.52 | 4.46 | 0.13 | 3.53 | 5.37 |
| 2008 | 3.79 | 0.19 | 2.62 | 5.03 | 2.82 | 0.12 | 2.29 | 3.37 |
| 2009 | 3.21 | 0.19 | 2.23 | 4.25 | 3.12 | 0.11 | 2.57 | 3.72 |
| 2010 | 2.76 | 0.21 | 1.89 | 3.76 | 2.54 | 0.15 | 1.96 | 3.14 |
| 2011 | 2.66 | 0.15 | 2.04 | 3.37 | 2.25 | 0.09 | 1.93 | 2.62 |
| 2012 | 3.14 | 0.16 | 2.34 | 3.97 | 3.55 | 0.12 | 2.85 | 4.31 |
| 2013 | 4.07 | 0.16 | 3.05 | 5.20 | 4.13 | 0.13 | 3.30 | 5.12 |
| 2014 | 3.31 | 0.15 | 2.57 | 4.19 | 4.94 | 0.09 | 4.23 | 5.68 |
| 2015 | 1.45 | 0.23 | 0.91 | 2.00 | 2.76 | 0.21 | 1.79 | 3.69 |
| 2016 | 5.01 | 0.13 | 3.98 | 6.17 | 6.61 | 0.07 | 5.83 | 7.43 |
| 2017 | 4.78 | 0.16 | 3.56 | 5.99 | 4.63 | 0.10 | 3.90 | 5.39 |
| 2018 | 5.36 | 0.25 | 3.34 | 7.83 | 4.88 | 0.13 | 3.86 | 6.02 |

Table D15. Monkfish indices from Maine-New Hampshire inshore surveys, strata 1-4, regions 15.

| Fall <br> Year | Mean <br> Wt (kg) | CV | L95\% | U95\% | Mean <br> Number | CV | L95\% | U95\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2000 | 1.6 | 0.39 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 4.8 | 0.29 | 3.6 | 6.0 |
| 2001 | 4.7 | 0.20 | 3.9 | 5.6 | 10.7 | 0.21 | 8.5 | 13.0 |
| 2002 | 3.4 | 0.66 | 1.2 | 5.7 | 4.1 | 0.56 | 1.8 | 6.3 |
| 2003 | 3.6 | 0.38 | 2.0 | 5.2 | 3.7 | 0.31 | 2.4 | 5.0 |
| 2004 | 3.6 | 0.41 | 1.9 | 5.3 | 2.9 | 0.31 | 1.9 | 4.0 |
| 2005 | 2.0 | 0.35 | 1.1 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 0.22 | 1.3 | 2.3 |
| 2006 | 1.8 | 0.23 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 2.9 | 0.22 | 2.3 | 3.5 |
| 2007 | 2.1 | 0.32 | 1.4 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 0.26 | 2.3 | 4.0 |
| 2008 | 2.9 | 0.27 | 2.1 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 0.33 | 2.7 | 5.5 |
| 2009 | 1.9 | 0.59 | 0.9 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 0.45 | 1.2 | 2.8 |
| 2010 | 0.7 | 0.35 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 0.32 | 0.7 | 1.4 |
| 2011 | 1.1 | 0.38 | 0.7 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.37 | 0.6 | 1.3 |
| 2012 | 0.5 | 0.51 | 0.2 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.35 | 0.5 | 1.1 |
| 2013 | 0.6 | 0.59 | 0.3 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.39 | 0.5 | 1.1 |
| 2014 | 0.3 | 0.43 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 0.32 | 0.8 | 1.3 |
| 2015 | 1.6 | 0.30 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 7.0 | 0.33 | 4.9 | 9.1 |
| 2016 | 1.3 | 0.33 | 0.9 | 1.7 | 6.8 | 0.21 | 5.4 | 8.1 |
| 2017 | 2.2 | 0.33 | 1.6 | 2.8 | 4.1 | 0.30 | 3.2 | 5.1 |
| 2018 | 2.3 | 0.31 | 1.6 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 0.24 | 2.2 | 3.5 |
| Spring Year | Mean <br> Wt (kg) | CV | L95\% | U95\% | Mean Number | CV | L95\% | U95\% |
| 2000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 1.0 | 0.35 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 6.0 | 0.35 | 4.2 | 7.9 |
| 2002 | 1.1 | 0.37 | 0.8 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 0.31 | 1.7 | 3.0 |
| 2003 | 0.6 | 0.52 | 0.3 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.26 | 0.7 | 1.2 |
| 2004 | 0.4 | 0.60 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 0.23 | 1.1 | 1.7 |
| 2005 | 0.8 | 0.35 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 0.22 | 0.8 | 1.4 |
| 2006 | 0.1 | 0.45 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.42 | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| 2007 | 0.4 | 0.49 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 0.30 | 0.8 | 1.5 |
| 2008 | 0.5 | 0.30 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 1.4 | 0.26 | 1.0 | 1.7 |
| 2009 | 0.2 | 0.44 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 0.31 | 0.6 | 1.0 |
| 2010 | 0.2 | 0.49 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.41 | 0.4 | 0.8 |
| 2011 | 0.2 | 0.69 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.35 | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| 2012 | 0.3 | 0.95 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.36 | 0.2 | 0.5 |
| 2013 | 0.2 | 1.01 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.45 | 0.2 | 0.5 |
| 2014 | 0.2 | 0.97 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.39 | 0.6 | 1.1 |
| 2015 | 0.2 | 0.32 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 1.1 | 0.28 | 0.8 | 1.3 |
| 2016 | 0.5 | 0.31 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 2.5 | 0.28 | 1.9 | 3.0 |
| 2017 | 0.4 | 0.64 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 0.28 | 0.9 | 1.4 |
| 2018 | 0.3 | 0.36 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 1.5 | 0.27 | 1.2 | 1.8 |

Table D16a. Survey results from NEFSC offshore autumn bottom trawl surveys in the southern management region (strata 1-19, 61-76). Strata 61-76 were not sampled until 1967; survey sampled only a small portion of the southern management area in 2017, therefore indices were not calculated for 2017. Values from 2009 forward are adjusted for change in survey methods. Indices are arithmetic stratified means with bootstrapped variance estimates.

|  |  | Biomass Index |  |  |  | Abundance Index |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% |  |
| 1963 | 3.60 | 0.24 | 2.30 | 5.09 | 1.20 | 0.18 | 0.87 | 1.58 |  |
| 1964 | 5.50 | 0.17 | 3.89 | 7.19 | 1.64 | 0.15 | 1.17 | 1.98 |  |
| 1965 | 4.90 | 0.17 | 3.60 | 6.41 | 1.15 | 0.15 | 0.90 | 1.44 |  |
| 1966 | 7.01 | 0.12 | 5.71 | 8.61 | 1.93 | 0.14 | 1.53 | 2.41 |  |
| 1967 | 1.14 | 0.22 | 0.74 | 1.56 | 0.52 | 0.17 | 0.37 | 0.66 |  |
| 1968 | 0.91 | 0.22 | 0.60 | 1.25 | 0.40 | 0.21 | 0.28 | 0.56 |  |
| 1969 | 1.34 | 0.30 | 0.75 | 2.06 | 0.54 | 0.21 | 0.37 | 0.76 |  |
| 1970 | 1.29 | 0.22 | 0.79 | 1.77 | 0.35 | 0.16 | 0.26 | 0.44 |  |
| 1971 | 0.79 | 0.36 | 0.38 | 1.30 | 0.28 | 0.21 | 0.18 | 0.37 |  |
| 1972 | 4.89 | 0.14 | 3.83 | 6.05 | 4.11 | 0.22 | 2.48 | 5.26 |  |
| 1973 | 1.83 | 0.16 | 1.33 | 2.27 | 1.18 | 0.11 | 0.95 | 1.35 |  |
| 1974 | 0.72 | 0.26 | 0.43 | 1.06 | 0.22 | 0.21 | 0.15 | 0.30 |  |
| 1975 | 2.00 | 0.16 | 1.50 | 2.54 | 0.75 | 0.16 | 0.50 | 0.84 |  |
| 1976 | 1.00 | 0.18 | 0.72 | 1.30 | 0.31 | 0.19 | 0.23 | 0.43 |  |
| 1977 | 1.88 | 0.18 | 1.37 | 2.45 | 0.45 | 0.14 | 0.29 | 0.46 |  |
| 1978 | 1.40 | 0.18 | 1.00 | 1.83 | 0.31 | 0.16 | 0.19 | 0.33 |  |
| 1979 | 1.93 | 0.16 | .451 | 2.45 | 0.84 | 0.13 | 0.55 | 0.85 |  |
| 1980 | 1.85 | 0.17 | 1.35 | 2.38 | 0.87 | 0.16 | 0.51 | 0.87 |  |
| 1981 | 2.26 | 0.17 | 1.66 | 2.90 | 1.16 | 0.16 | 0.72 | 1.23 |  |
| 1982 | 0.65 | 0.21 | 0.43 | 0.88 | 0.61 | 0.18 | 0.44 | 0.79 |  |
| 1983 | 1.76 | 0.21 | 1.18 | 2.40 | 0.78 | 0.17 | 0.57 | 0.99 |  |
| 1984 | 0.77 | 0.40 | 0.34 | 1.36 | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.17 | 0.49 |  |
| 1985 | 1.29 | 0.19 | 0.93 | 1.72 | 0.62 | 0.16 | 0.40 | 0.68 |  |
| 1986 | 0.55 | 0.27 | 0.33 | 0.81 | 0.36 | 0.23 | 0.22 | 0.46 |  |
| 1987 | 0.28 | 0.29 | 0.16 | 0.42 | 0.48 | 0.18 | 0.35 | 0.63 |  |
| 1988 | 0.55 | 0.28 | 0.32 | 0.83 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.14 | 0.33 |  |
| 1989 | 0.62 | 0.25 | 0.37 | 0.87 | 0.46 | 0.22 | 0.24 | 0.51 |  |
| 1990 | 0.37 | 0.32 | 0.20 | 0.58 | 0.35 | 0.27 | 0.17 | 0.43 |  |
| 1991 | 0.77 | 0.29 | 0.45 | 1.19 | 0.83 | 0.28 | 0.40 | 1.08 |  |
| 1992 | 0.32 | 0.22 | 0.22 | 0.44 | 0.34 | 0.16 | 0.25 | 0.43 |  |
| 1993 | 0.27 | 0.34 | 0.14 | 0.44 | 0.35 | 0.23 | 0.19 | 0.41 |  |
| 1994 | 0.55 | 0.23 | 0.35 | 0.75 | 0.60 | 0.19 | 0.42 | 0.79 |  |
| 1995 | 0.39 | 0.27 | 0.23 | 0.57 | 0.49 | 0.21 | 0.33 | 0.68 |  |
| 1996 | 0.39 | 0.21 | 0.26 | 0.53 | 0.23 | 0.21 | 0.16 | 0.32 |  |
| 1997 | 0.59 | 0.19 | 0.42 | 0.79 | 0.31 | 0.17 | 0.23 | 0.39 |  |
| 1998 | 0.50 | 0.24 | 0.32 | 0.72 | 0.33 | 0.24 | 0.21 | 0.46 |  |
| 1999 | 0.30 | 0.15 | 0.23 | 0.38 | 0.45 | 0.12 | 0.36 | 0.54 |  |
| 2000 | 0.47 | 0.20 | 0.32 | 0.63 | 0.42 | 0.17 | 0.31 | 0.54 |  |
| 2001 | 0.65 | 0.18 | 0.47 | 0.85 | 0.38 | 0.17 | 0.27 | 0.49 |  |
| 2002 | 1.25 | 0.18 | 0.88 | 1.61 | 0.83 | 0.14 | 0.64 | 1.02 |  |
| 2003 | 0.82 | 0.15 | 0.61 | 1.04 | 0.95 | 0.17 | 0.71 | 1.24 |  |
| 2004 | 0.74 | 0.18 | 0.53 | 0.97 | 0.47 | 0.20 | 0.32 | 0.62 |  |
| 2005 | 0.77 | 0.23 | 0.50 | 1.09 | 0.58 | 0.20 | 0.41 | 0.80 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

$\begin{array}{lllllllll}2006 & 0.76 & 0.24 & 0.49 & 1.07 & 0.45 & 0.19 & 0.33 & 0.60\end{array}$
Table D16a, continued.

|  | Biomass Index |  |  | Abundance Index |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Year | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% |
| 2007 | 0.50 | 0.24 | 0.31 | 0.71 | 0.20 | 0.22 | 0.12 | 0.27 |
| 2008 | 0.41 | 0.35 | 0.19 | 0.68 | 0.20 | 0.25 | 0.12 | 0.29 |
| 2009 | 0.24 | 0.12 | 0.19 | 0.28 | 0.22 | 0.13 | 0.17 | 0.27 |
| 2010 | 0.36 | 0.17 | 0.27 | 0.47 | 0.40 | 0.19 | 0.29 | 0.54 |
| 2011 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.24 | 0.36 | 0.62 | 0.13 | 0.48 | 0.75 |
| 2012 | 0.43 | 0.14 | 0.33 | 0.54 | 0.28 | 0.14 | 0.22 | 0.34 |
| 2013 | 0.27 | 0.15 | 0.21 | 0.34 | 0.29 | 0.17 | 0.21 | 0.37 |
| 2014 | 0.15 | 0.18 | 0.11 | 0.19 | 0.16 | 0.12 | 0.13 | 0.19 |
| 2015 | 0.37 | 0.22 | 0.25 | 0.51 | 1.96 | 0.28 | 1.20 | 3.05 |
| 2016 | 0.42 | 0.23 | 0.27 | 0.59 | 0.63 | 0.20 | 0.44 | 0.84 |
| 2017 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2018 | 0.26 | 0.13 | 0.21 | 0.32 | 0.47 | 0.17 | 0.35 | 0.62 |

Table D16b. Survey results from NEFSC offshore autumn bottom trawl surveys in the southern management region (strata 1-19, 61-76). Values are indices calculated without adjustment for change in survey methods in 2009. Only a small portion of the southern management area was sampled in 2017, therefore indices were not calculated for 2017. Indices are arithmetic stratified means with bootstrapped variance estimates.

|  | Biomass Index |  |  |  | Abundance Index |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% |
| 2009 | 1.92 | 0.13 | 1.52 | 2.33 | 1.56 | 0.15 | 1.18 | 1.93 |
| 2010 | 2.92 | 0.18 | 2.04 | 3.79 | 2.87 | 0.21 | 1.89 | 3.85 |
| 2011 | 2.42 | 0.13 | 1.89 | 2.95 | 4.36 | 0.15 | 3.27 | 5.44 |
| 2012 | 3.50 | 0.18 | 2.46 | 4.53 | 1.96 | 0.16 | 1.45 | 2.47 |
| 2013 | 2.19 | 0.17 | 1.58 | 2.81 | 2.07 | 0.18 | 1.44 | 2.69 |
| 2014 | 1.20 | 0.23 | 0.75 | 1.65 | 1.14 | 0.15 | 0.86 | 1.42 |
| 2015 | 2.96 | 0.23 | 1.82 | 4.10 | 13.96 | 0.31 | 6.85 | 21.06 |
| 2016 | 3.37 | 0.22 | 2.14 | 4.61 | 4.46 | 0.19 | 3.06 | 5.85 |
| 2017 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2018 | 2.13 | 0.13 | 1.66 | 2.60 | 3.38 | 0.17 | 2.45 | 4.31 |

Table D17a. Survey results from NEFSC offshore spring bottom trawl surveys in the southern management region (strata 1-19, 61-76). Strata 61-76 were not sampled until 1967. Values from 2009 forward are adjusted for change in survey methods. Indices are arithmetic stratified means with bootstrapped variance estimates.

|  | Biomass Index |  |  |  | Abundance Index |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% |  |
| 1968 | 1.16 | 0.23 | 0.77 | 1.61 | 0.21 | 0.19 | 0.15 | 0.28 |  |
| 1969 | 0.92 | 0.23 | 0.58 | 1.31 | 0.23 | 0.20 | 0.15 | 0.30 |  |
| 1970 | 1.00 | 0.25 | 0.58 | 1.40 | 0.18 | 0.19 | 0.12 | 0.23 |  |
| 1971 | 0.76 | 0.29 | 0.43 | 1.15 | 0.21 | 0.25 | 0.13 | 0.29 |  |
| 1972 | 1.88 | 0.18 | 1.36 | 2.47 | 0.36 | 0.12 | 0.29 | 0.44 |  |
| 1973 | 1.82 | 0.08 | 1.59 | 2.06 | 1.04 | 0.08 | 0.91 | 1.17 |  |
| 1974 | 1.16 | 0.16 | 0.87 | 1.47 | 0.49 | 0.11 | 0.40 | 0.57 |  |
| 1975 | 0.91 | 0.15 | 0.70 | 1.15 | 0.44 | 0.12 | 0.36 | 0.54 |  |
| 1976 | 1.13 | 0.11 | 0.91 | 1.33 | 0.41 | 0.12 | 0.33 | 0.48 |  |
| 1977 | 1.16 | 0.14 | 0.90 | 1.45 | 0.30 | 0.10 | 0.25 | 0.35 |  |
| 1978 | 0.73 | 0.13 | 0.58 | 0.89 | 0.34 | 0.09 | 0.28 | 0.39 |  |
| 1979 | 0.70 | 0.17 | 0.51 | 0.90 | 0.27 | 0.15 | 0.21 | 0.34 |  |
| 1980 | 0.74 | 0.15 | 0.56 | 0.92 | 0.45 | 0.10 | 0.38 | 0.53 |  |
| 1981 | 1.74 | 0.15 | 1.33 | 2.20 | 0.77 | 0.12 | 0.62 | 0.92 |  |
| 1982 | 2.60 | 0.17 | 1.92 | 3.33 | 0.93 | 0.12 | 0.75 | 1.11 |  |
| 1983 | 0.95 | 0.26 | 0.58 | 1.35 | 0.27 | 0.16 | 0.20 | 0.35 |  |
| 1984 | 0.74 | 0.31 | 0.36 | 1.12 | 0.18 | 0.23 | 0.11 | 0.25 |  |
| 1985 | 0.33 | 0.32 | 0.17 | 0.52 | 0.16 | 0.25 | 0.10 | 0.23 |  |
| 1986 | 0.83 | 0.28 | 0.48 | 1.23 | 0.28 | 0.27 | 0.18 | 0.43 |  |
| 1987 | 0.50 | 0.48 | 0.17 | 0.95 | 0.11 | 0.23 | 0.07 | 0.15 |  |
| 1988 | 0.43 | 0.13 | 0.34 | 0.52 | 0.44 | 0.16 | 0.33 | 0.55 |  |
| 1989 | 0.36 | 0.16 | 0.27 | 0.47 | 0.20 | 0.23 | 0.13 | 0.28 |  |
| 1990 | 1.00 | 0.20 | 0.67 | 1.34 | 0.21 | 0.11 | 0.17 | 0.24 |  |
| 1991 | 0.58 | 0.24 | 0.37 | 0.82 | 0.32 | 0.25 | 0.20 | 0.46 |  |
| 1992 | 0.22 | 0.33 | 0.11 | 0.34 | 0.18 | 0.25 | 0.11 | 0.25 |  |
| 1993 | 0.26 | 0.28 | 0.15 | 0.39 | 0.20 | 0.23 | 0.12 | 0.28 |  |
| 1994 | 0.33 | 0.28 | 0.19 | 0.50 | 0.11 | 0.23 | 0.07 | 0.16 |  |
| 1995 | 0.52 | 0.39 | 0.20 | 0.90 | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.13 | 0.27 |  |
| 1996 | 0.28 | 0.20 | 0.19 | 0.38 | 0.14 | 0.20 | 0.09 | 0.18 |  |
| 1997 | 0.13 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.18 | 0.12 | 0.21 | 0.08 | 0.16 |  |
| 1998 | 0.28 | 0.15 | 0.22 | 0.35 | 0.25 | 0.14 | 0.20 | 0.31 |  |
| 1999 | 0.64 | 0.20 | 0.44 | 0.86 | 0.34 | 0.14 | 0.26 | 0.42 |  |
| 2000 | 0.30 | 0.18 | 0.21 | 0.39 | 0.24 | 0.17 | 0.18 | 0.31 |  |
| 2001 | 0.26 | 0.31 | 0.14 | 0.41 | 0.24 | 0.20 | 0.16 | 0.31 |  |
| 2002 | 0.38 | 0.30 | 0.21 | 0.60 | 0.32 | 0.33 | 0.18 | 0.52 |  |
| 2003 | 1.38 | 0.15 | 1.03 | 1.72 | 0.31 | 0.16 | 0.23 | 0.39 |  |
| 2004 | 0.18 | 0.27 | 0.11 | 0.27 | 0.12 | 0.25 | 0.07 | 0.17 |  |
| 2005 | 0.37 | 0.16 | 0.28 | 0.47 | 0.26 | 0.27 | 0.16 | 0.39 |  |
| 2006 | 0.54 | 0.27 | 0.32 | 0.78 | 0.17 | 0.20 | 0.12 | 0.23 |  |
| 2007 | 0.55 | 0.22 | 0.37 | 0.77 | 0.26 | 0.16 | 0.20 | 0.33 |  |
| 2008 | 0.39 | 0.31 | 0.22 | 0.60 | 0.19 | 0.31 | 0.11 | 0.29 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Prepublication Copy (8-16-2019): 2019 Monkfish Op. Assessment

Table D17a, continued.

|  | Biomass Index |  |  | Abundance Index |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% |
| 2008 | 0.39 | 0.31 | 0.22 | 0.60 | 0.19 | 0.31 | 0.11 | 0.29 |
| 2009 | 0.30 | 0.15 | 0.23 | 0.38 | 0.16 | 0.14 | 0.12 | 0.19 |
| 2010 | 0.22 | 0.19 | 0.15 | 0.29 | 0.16 | 0.21 | 0.11 | 0.22 |
| 2011 | 0.42 | 0.11 | 0.34 | 0.50 | 0.28 | 0.14 | 0.22 | 0.34 |
| 2012 | 0.35 | 0.11 | 0.29 | 0.42 | 0.30 | 0.09 | 0.26 | 0.34 |
| 2013 | 0.34 | 0.14 | 0.27 | 0.44 | 0.20 | 0.17 | 0.15 | 0.26 |
| 2014 | 0.25 | 0.19 | 0.17 | 0.33 | 0.14 | 0.13 | 0.11 | 0.17 |
| 2015 | 0.20 | 0.18 | 0.14 | 0.26 | 0.11 | 0.16 | 0.08 | 0.14 |
| 2016 | 0.28 | 0.11 | 0.23 | 0.32 | 0.46 | 0.10 | 0.38 | 0.54 |
| 2017 | 0.49 | 0.16 | 0.37 | 0.62 | 0.46 | 0.18 | 0.33 | 0.59 |
| 2018 | 0.63 | 0.16 | 0.46 | 0.78 | 0.33 | 0.16 | 0.24 | 0.41 |
| 2019 | 0.36 | 0.10 | 0.30 | 0.42 | 0.29 | 0.11 | 0.24 | 0.34 |

Table D17b. Survey results from NEFSC offshore spring bottom trawl surveys in the southern management region (strata 1-19, 61-76). Values are indices calculated without adjustment for change in survey methods in 2009. Indices are arithmetic stratified means with bootstrapped variance estimates.

|  | Biomass Index |  |  |  | Abundance Index |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% | Mean | CV | L90\% | U90\% |
| 2009 | 2.45 | 0.16 | 1.81 | 3.09 | 1.11 | 0.15 | 0.85 | 1.38 |
| 2010 | 1.73 | 0.19 | 1.19 | 2.28 | 1.15 | 0.22 | 0.73 | 1.56 |
| 2011 | 3.41 | 0.11 | 2.80 | 4.01 | 1.99 | 0.14 | 1.54 | 2.44 |
| 2012 | 2.86 | 0.11 | 2.36 | 3.35 | 2.14 | 0.09 | 1.83 | 2.45 |
| 2013 | 2.76 | 0.14 | 2.10 | 3.42 | 1.43 | 0.17 | 1.03 | 1.82 |
| 2014 | 2.03 | 0.19 | 1.41 | 2.65 | 1.03 | 0.13 | 0.80 | 1.25 |
| 2015 | 1.58 | 0.17 | 1.14 | 2.02 | 0.77 | 0.15 | 0.58 | 0.97 |
| 2016 | 2.22 | 0.10 | 1.85 | 2.59 | 3.25 | 0.11 | 2.68 | 3.82 |
| 2017 | 3.93 | 0.16 | 2.92 | 4.94 | 3.25 | 0.18 | 2.26 | 4.24 |
| 2018 | 5.04 | 0.16 | 3.72 | 6.36 | 2.36 | 0.16 | 1.73 | 2.99 |
| 2019 | 2.89 | 0.10 | 2.42 | 3.36 | 2.07 | 0.11 | 1.70 | 2.43 |

Table D18. Survey results from NEFSC (1984-2011) and NEFSC and VIMS (2012-2018) offshore scallop dredge surveys in the southern management region (shellfish strata $6,7,10,11$, $14,15,18,19,22-31,33-35,46,47,55,58-61,621,631)$. The survey vessel used by NEFSC and survey timing change in 2009. VIMS conducted an increasing portion of the survey starting in 2012. Indices are arithmetic stratified means with bootstrapped variance estimates (where available).

| Abundance <br> Index <br> Mean |  |  |  | CV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | | L90\% |
| :---: |$\quad$ U90\%

Table D19. Area-swept estimates of minimum abundance and biomass, and relative exploitation indices for monkfish from NEFSC fall surveys. Estimates are adjusted for sweep type (adjusted to chain sweep), assume that $100 \%$ of monkfish encountered by the trawl are captured and account for missed strata in some years.

| North | Catch <br> (millions of fish) | Landings <br> (millions of fish) | Catch mt | $\begin{gathered} \text { adjusted } \\ \text { AS } \\ \text { total abund } \end{gathered}$ | adjusted AS <br> $43 \mathrm{~cm}+$ <br> abund | adjusted AS <br> Biomass <br> mt | $\begin{gathered} \text { C/Total } \\ \text { N } \\ \text { Rel F } \end{gathered}$ | $\mathrm{L} / 43+\mathrm{cm}$ <br> Rel F | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C mt/ } \\ & \text { B mt } \\ & \text { Rel F } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2009 | 1.559 | 1.066 | 3,675 | 36,717,874 | 8,662,877 | 32,406 | 0.04 | 0.12 | 0.11 |
| 2010 | 1.169 | 0.819 | 2,741 | 40,524,791 | 10,999,269 | 42,178 | 0.03 | 0.07 | 0.06 |
| 2011 | 1.445 | 0.970 | 2,814 | 51,328,487 | 14,797,117 | 49,936 | 0.03 | 0.07 | 0.06 |
| 2012 | 1.995 | 1.390 | 4,635 | 57,008,552 | 13,828,353 | 51,063 | 0.04 | 0.10 | 0.09 |
| 2013 | 1.724 | 1.109 | 3,922 | 60,967,483 | 8,414,414 | 40,838 | 0.03 | 0.13 | 0.10 |
| 2014 | 1.865 | 1.139 | 3,954 | 84,100,939 | 13,314,746 | 54,125 | 0.02 | 0.09 | 0.07 |
| 2015 | 2.137 | 1.395 | 4,630 | $\begin{gathered} 105,281,18 \\ 9 \end{gathered}$ | 17,990,848 | 77,578 | 0.02 | 0.08 | 0.06 |
| 2016 | 2.552 | 1.670 | 5,508 | $\begin{gathered} 174,643,48 \\ 7 \end{gathered}$ | 26,516,683 | 103,686 | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.05 |
| 2017 | 3.222 | 2.478 | 7,894 | $\begin{gathered} 115,927,59 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | 39,300,789 | 113,147 | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.07 |
| 2018 | 3.210 | 2.090 | 8,115 | $\begin{gathered} 100,164,29 \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | 35,993,154 | 140,801 | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.06 |


| South | Catch <br> (millions of fish) | Landings <br> (millions of fish) | Catch mt | adjusted AS total abund | adjusted AS <br> $43 \mathrm{~cm}+$ abund | adjusted AS <br> Biomass mt | C/Total N Rel F | L/43+cm Rel F | C mt/ <br> B mt <br> Rel F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2009 | 2.14 | 1.282 | 7,158 | 26,947,935 | 4,900,883 | 20,592 | 0.08 | 0.26 | 0.35 |
| 2010 | 2.64 | 1.095 | 7,105 | 47,905,108 | 8,873,105 | 32,509 | 0.06 | 0.12 | 0.22 |
| 2011 | 2.66 | 1.236 | 8,545 | 62,976,941 | 6,254,672 | 25,878 | 0.04 | 0.20 | 0.33 |
| 2012 | 3.35 | 1.439 | 8,438 | 24,635,364 | 7,309,501 | 31,016 | 0.14 | 0.20 | 0.27 |
| 2013 | 2.46 | 1.398 | 7,176 | 36,089,410 | 7,908,464 | 23,849 | 0.07 | 0.18 | 0.30 |
| 2014 | 2.49 | 1.243 | 6,859 | 25,860,088 | 4,769,114 | 20,359 | 0.10 | 0.26 | 0.34 |
| 2015 | 2.29 | 1.057 | 5,844 | $\begin{gathered} 298,342,59 \\ 5 \end{gathered}$ | 3,536,976 | 50,510 | 0.01 | 0.30 | 0.12 |
| 2016 | 4.51 | 0.971 | 7,199 | 77,586,702 | 5,136,276 | 52,014 | 0.06 | 0.19 | 0.14 |
| 2017 | 2.96 | 0.934 | 9,143 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2018 | 2.98 | 1.112 | 9,615 | 67,592,308 | 6,726,308 | 26,619 | 0.04 | 0.17 | 0.36 |

## Figures



Figure D1. Length frequency distributions of monkfish in southern management area from NEFSC spring (green), scallop dredge (NEFSC and VIMS, red), and NEFSC fall surveys (blue) illustrating growth rates of presumed 2015 year class of monkfish. Normal curves were fit to dominant mode using NORMSEP. Monkfish settle to the benthos at about 8 cm . Geographic scope of sampling was limited to southern flank of Georges Bank in fall 2017.


Figure D2. Fishery statistical areas used to define northern and southern monkfish management areas.


Figure D3. Monkfish landings by management area and combined areas, 1964-2018.
A.


Figure D4. Commercial landings of monkfish by gear type and management area, 1964-2018. A. Northern management area, B. Southern management area, C. Management areas combined.

North



South



Figure D5. Discard ratios by half year for trawls and gillnets (top panels), and dredges and shrimp trawls (bottom panels) for North (left column) and South (right column). Trawls and gillnets ratios were based on kept monkfish; dredge and shrimp trawl were based on kept of all species.


Figure D6. Monkfish landings and discard by gear type (top panels) and total (bottom panels) for North (left) and South (right).


Figure D7. Estimated length composition of kept and discarded monkfish by gear type in the northern management area.

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Figure D8. Estimated length composition of kept and discarded monkfish by gear type in the southern management area.

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Figure D9. Estimated length composition of commercial monkfish catch, northern management area.

| South | Y-axis scale variable |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | South Catch Number at Length |






Figure D10. Length composition of monkfish commercial catch estimated using length frequency data collected by fishery observers in the southern management area.

North

Biomass


Abundance





Figure D11. Survey indices for monkfish in the northern management area. Points after 2008 in spring and fall surveys are from surveys conducted on the FSV Bigelow, converted to Albatross units as described in the text.

North


Figure D12. Survey indices from surveys conducted on the FRSV Bigelow in the northern management area, not converted to Albatross units. Note: y-axis scale varies.


Figure D13. Exploitable biomass ( $\geq 43 \mathrm{~cm}$ total length) indices for monkfish from fall and spring surveys in the NMA. A. Exploitable biomass indices with $95 \%$ confidence intervals, 1980-2008 (surveys conducted on RV Albatross). B. Exploitable biomass indices with 95\% confidence intervals, 2009-2018 (surveys conducted on RV H.B. Bigelow) C. Total biomass vs. exploitable biomass indices, 2009-2018, D. total abundance vs. exploitable abundance, 20092018.

North



Abundance



Figure D14. Survey indices for monkfish from Maine-New Hampshire inshore surveys. Data courtesy of Maine Department of Marine Resources.


Figure D15. Abundance at length from NEFSC fall surveys in the northern management area.


Figure D15, cont'd. (fall surveys, north)
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Figure D16. Abundance at length from NEFSC spring surveys in the northern management area.


Figure D16, cont'd. (spring surveys, north)


Figure D17. Abundance at length from ASMFC summer shrimp surveys in the northern management area.


Figure D17, continued (shrimp surveys, north)

Fall


Figure D18. Abundance at length from ME/NH fall inshore trawl surveys in the northern management area. Data courtesy of Maine Department of Marine Resources.


Figure D19. Abundance at length from ME/NH spring inshore trawl surveys in the northern management area. Data courtesy of Maine Department of Marine Resources.
A.

B.


Figure D20. A. Recruitment indices for monkfish in the northern management area. Indices include monkfish in size ranges thought to represent young-of-year (age 0 ) in each area and season. B. Recruitment indices vs. median size of monkfish in the population (based on NEFSC fall surveys).


Figure D21. Normalized surveys for monkfish in the NMA.

Spring


ME-NH inshore, spring


Fall


ME-NH inshore, fall


Summer shrimp


Figure D22. Distribution of monkfish in surveys in the northern management area. Prepublication Copy (8-16-2019): 2019 Monkfish Op. Assessment


Figure D23. Survey indices for monkfish in the southern management area. Points after 2008 for NEFSC trawl surveys were conducted on the FSV Bigelow, converted to Albatross units as described in the text. Scallop dredge survey indices after 2011 were calculated from combined data from surveys conducted by NEFSC and Virginia Institute of Marine Science.

South


Figure D24. Survey indices from surveys conducted on the FRSV Bigelow in the southern management area, not converted to Albatross units.


Figure D25. Exploitable biomass ( $\geq 43 \mathrm{~cm}$ total length) indices for monkfish from fall and spring surveys in the SMA. A. Exploitable biomass indices with 95\% confidence intervals, 19802008 (surveys conducted on RV Albatross). B. Exploitable biomass indices with 95\% confidence intervals, 2009-2018 (surveys conducted on RV H.B. Bigelow) C. Total biomass vs. exploitable biomass indices, 2009-2018, D. total abundance vs. exploitable abundance, 2009-2018.


Figure D26. NEFSC fall survey indices of abundance at length, southern management area.


Figure D26, cont'd. (fall survey, south)


Figure D27. NEFSC spring survey indices of abundance at length, southern management area.


Figure D27, cont'd. (spring survey, south)


Figure D28. NEFSC spring/summer scallop dredge surveys. Survey timing shifted from summer to spring in 2009. These plots do not include sampling conducted by VIMS after 2011 (see Figure D23).


Figure D28, continued (NEFSC scallop dredge survey, south)
A.

B.


Figure D29. A. Recruitment indices for monkfish in the southern management area. Indices include monkfish in size ranges currently thought to represent young-of-year (age 0 ) in each season. There are no data for the fall survey in 2017 for the SMA. B. Recruitment indices vs. median size of monkfish in the population (based on NEFSC fall surveys).


Figure D30. Normalized survey indices for monkfish in the southern management area. Scallop survey indices do not include VIMS portion of the survey starting in 2012.


Spring/Summer Scallop Survey


Figure D31. Distribution of monkfish in the southern management area from NEFSC spring (19682019) and fall (1963-2018) bottom trawl surveys and NEFSC and NEFSC/VIMS spring/summer scallop dredge surveys (1984-2015).
A.

B.


Figure D32. Distribution of presumed young-of-year monkfish in 2015 in (A.) NEFSC and VIMS scallop dredge survey tows (late spring), and (B.) NEFSC fall surveys.


Figure D33. Area-swept abundance estimated from NEFSC fall surveys using adjustments from chain-sweep study compared to unadjusted estimates. A. total abundance, B. exploitable abundance ( $43+\mathrm{cm}$ ).


Figure D34. Estimates of relative exploitation from NEFSC fall surveys using minimum areaswept numbers or biomass adjusted for sweep type (adjusted to chain sweep), assuming that $100 \%$ of monkfish encountered by the trawl are captured and accounting for missed strata in some years.


Figure D35. Results of "Plan B" analysis. Points are observed biomass indices, lines are loesssmoothed indices, "multiplier" is slope of log-linear regression through terminal three smoothed points. A. Results using both spring and fall indices, B. Results using fall survey indices only.

Appendix 1. Report of the Assessment Oversight Panel Meeting (May 20, 2019)

## Summary of Assessment Oversight Panel Meeting

May 20, 2019
Woods Hole, Massachusetts
The NRCC Assessment Oversight Panel (AOP) met to review the operational stock assessment plans for four stocks/species (scup, black sea bass, bluefish, monkfish). The stock assessments for these stocks/species will be peer reviewed during a meeting from August 5-7, 2019.

## The AOP consisted of:

Mike Celestino, Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission, NJ Division of Fish and Wildlife
Jason McNamee, Chair NEFMC Scientific and Statistical Committee, RI Department of Environmental Management

Paul Rago, member of the MAMFC Scientific and Statistical Committee, NOAA Fisheries (retired)

Russell W. Brown, Population Dynamics Branch Chief, Northeast Fisheries Science Center, Woods Hole

## Meeting Participants:

The participants in Woods Hole included: Mark Terceiro (NEFSC), Gary Shepherd (NEFSC), Tony Wood (NEFSC), Anne Richards (NEFSC), Michele Traver (NEFSC), Michael Simpkins (NEFSC), Steve Cadrin (SMAST), Fiona Hogan (NEFMC - staff), Larry Alade (NEFSC), Kathy Sosebee (NEFSC), Kiersten Curti (NEFSC), Brian Linton (NEFSC), Dan Hennen (NEFSC).

Remote participants via webinar included: Adam Nowalsky (MAFMC), Allison Murphy (GARFO), Cate O'Keefe (MADMF), Charles Perreti (NEFSC), Chris Batsavage (MAFMC), Chris Spires, Cynthia Ferrio (GARFO), Harvey Yekinson, James Dopin, Jason Boucher (DEDFW), Jennifer Courte, Kiley Dancy (MAFMC - staff), Jessica Blaylock (NEFSC), John Maniscalco (NYDEC), Julia Beaty (MAFMC - staff), Matt Seeley (MAFMC - staff), Mike Plaia (MAFMC - advisor), Nichola Merserve (MD-DMF), Rich Wong (DE-DFW), Steve Heins, Steven Doctor, Tony DeLernia (MAFMC), Victor Hartman (MAFMC - advisor), Vince Cannuli (MAFMC - advisor), Greg DiDomenico (MAFMC - Advisor).

## Meeting Details:

This meeting represented the initial implementation of the newly approved Management Track stock assessment process outlined in the NRCC stock assessment guidance memo. Four background documents were provided to the Panel: (1) an updated prospectus for each stock; (2) an overview summary of all salient data and model information for each stock; (3) the NRCC Guidance memo on the Management Track Assessments; and (4) Operational Stock Assessment TORs for August 2019 review. The NRCC guidance memo was recognized as

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particularly relevant during the deliberations of the AOP. Prior to the meeting, each assessment lead prepared a plan for their assessments. The reports were consistent across species and reflected both the past assessment and initial investigations. Before the meeting, the AOP panel met to preview the meeting and clearly outline the expectations of the panel.

The meeting began at $1: 12 \mathrm{pm}$. Approximately 17 people participated in Woods Hole and another 25 individuals participated via teleconference and Webinar. There were some technical glitches with the audio portion of webinar/teleconference that required attention during the meeting.

The lead scientist for each stock gave a presentation on the data to be used, model specifications, evaluation of model performance, the process for updating the biological reference points, the basis for catch projections, and an alternate assessment approach if their analytic assessment was rejected by the peer review panel. In one case (monkfish) the stock was already being assessed using an "index-based" or "empirical" approach.

## Common Issues Across the Species Reviewed:

For scup, black sea bass and bluefish a significant issue of concern is the introduction of the new recalibrated MRIP recreational catch estimates. For bluefish there seemed to be a simple rescaling across all years. The MRIP estimates have a temporal trend in rescaling which may pose problems for model performance for black sea bass. The most likely change is that the selectivity stanzas may need to be adjusted.

The proposed alternate assessment (Plan B) approach for scup, black sea bass and bluefish was a Loess smooth of survey index to adjust catch upwards or downwards based on recent trends. This should perform well for scup and bluefish, but for black sea bass an alternative to the proposed Plan B may be to use an area combined model (as opposed to the current two area assessment).

A question was raised about the designated length of the projections. It was decided that the AOP would inquire about the preference of the MAFMC (scup, black sea bass, bluefish) and recommend projection lengths most useful to the management process. As a result, the AOP is recommending 2 year projections for scup, black sea bass, and bluefish. Projections cannot be generated for monkfish given the current assessment approach.

Scup:
In the most recent stock assessment, spawning stock biomass was estimated to be approximately twice the SSB $_{\text {MSY }}$ threshold and F is approximately $60 \%$ of the $\mathrm{F}_{\text {MSY }}$ threshold. The selectivity pattern for this stock has remained relatively stable over time. The discard to landings ratios have changed through time primarily due to dominate year classes passing through the population. The historically large 2015 year class is now fully recruited to the fishery so discards from this year class should decline.

During preliminary runs, the retrospective pattern from the previous assessment appears to degrade slightly with the inclusion of revised recreational catch data. The assessment will continue to use a continuous calibrated time series for the NEFSC multispecies bottom trawl survey (not splitting the Albatross and Bigelow time series). The AOP discussed the possibility of recommending a Level 2 peer review, but ultimately recommended a Level 3 review due to the revised recreational catch estimates.

## Black Sea Bass:

Two separate ASAP models (north and south of Hudson Canyon) will be developed with the result combined for final stock status determination as was done in the most recent assessment. In the previous assessment, spawning stock biomass in 2015 was $\sim 2.3$ times SSB $_{\text {MSY }}$ and F was approximately $75 \%$ of $\mathrm{F}_{\text {MSY }}$.

In the southern area, the new MRIP catch estimates generally scale up across the time series. However in the northern area, there is a change in both scale and trend starting around 2010, and the 2011 year class seems to drive the catch in the north. There was some discussion about changing the M estimate for black sea bass if the model experiences diagnostic problems. Since the M parameter rescales the population and may change other key parameters, notably catchability, this should be done as a last resort. Given the temporal trend in the ratio of new to old MRIP estimates there may be some value in reconsidering introduction of one or more selectivity stanzas between 1989 and 2018.

Concern was expressed about the larger retrospective pattern in the northern area which may make this model unacceptable in this update. Potential solutions include increasing the CV on the non-trawl (recreational) catch input, reducing M in the northern area from 0.4 to 0.2 which conforms to the approximate minimum AIC in the northern ASAP likelihood profile (least preferred option), or eliminating the two-region approach and producing a single overall model. The combined model appears to perform about as well as the split model (northern and southern stock) and may be a viable alternative to the proposed Plan B if the split model has diagnostic problems.

During public comment, concern was expressed about considering the assessment history and noting that the single area ASAP model was not supported by the 2015 peer review. A major concern is that the stock appears to have a very strong 2015 year class. Concern was expressed that a simple index smoother is likely to miss the signals of incoming year class strength and may create similar catch and management problems that arose when the 2011 year class was not factored into catch projections.

The AOP recommended a Level 3 peer review based on the significant revisions to the recreational catch estimates and the potential for significant modifications to the existing ASAP models.

## Bluefish:

The recreational fishery accounts for approximately $80 \%$ of the catch so revised recreational catch estimates will have a significant impact on the assessment. The assessment is likely to be a simple rescaling of the population since there does not appear to be any temporal trend in the ratio of new to old recreational catch estimates. Discards have a minor trend so problems could arise but these can probably be handled by changing selectivity. Another generic approach that was addressed for all species was to reduce the effective sample size for catch at age estimates (or equivalently, increasing the CV). This approach allows some deviation between the observed and predicted catch at age.

There is an issue with missing recreational discard length data for Rhode Island recreational discards for 2018. The AOP agreed that the assessment lead should do whatever is required to recover the data but if not possible some sort of imputation may be necessary. That decision should fall to the assessment lead.

It was noted in the last assessment that an $\mathrm{F}_{40 \%}$ reference point was set by the working group, and subsequently the peer review panel accepted those values. The MAFMC SSC then changed the reference point to $\mathrm{F}_{35 \%}$. The assessment lead plans to re-estimate the $\mathrm{F}_{35 \%}$ and the associated spawning stock biomass reference point.

The AOP recommended a Level 3 assessment review, given revised recreational catch estimates that may necessitate model changes (e.g. changes in CVs or implementation of selectively blocks to accommodate increased catch) may be necessary to achieve satisfactory performance. Additionally, the treatment of the missing length information may require additional review, so a level 3 Management Track would allow for these contingencies.

## Monkfish:

Monkfish were previously assessed using a SCALE model (forward projecting agestructured model), but this approach was abandoned in 2016 when ageing methods were invalidated.
The absence of a validated growth curve precludes any length or age based approaches. To date, various research efforts to address this have not been definitive. It appears that monkfish grow faster than predicted which may help explain its relatively stable productivity. The monkfish assessment was proposed as a "Plan B" assessment approach based on the last operational stock assessment review. The assessment lead plans to employ this approach for the 2019 assessment update.

The AOP recommended an expedited (Management Track Level 2) assessment to address potential ways of dealing with the missing 2017 survey information in the southern stock. This was recommended because of transparency concerns and the fact that the NEFMC sets 3 year specifications. In the last assessment the trend adjustment from the status quo were $-2 \%$ in the north and $-14 \%$ (or $-11 \%$ ) in the south. The PDT recommended no change in either area but that determination was based on expert judgment rather than a specific statistical threshold. It may be useful to get some input from the peer review panel on different techniques that can be used for the survey information, and there may be some discussion about tweaking the
sensitivity of the loess smooth to allow for more sensitivity to trend in the most recent years. The AOP recommends including existing research recommendations in the final report.

## Major Recommendations:

In general, the AOP approved the plans presented, but highlighted a number of clarifications that are summarized below:

| Stock | Lead | Major Recommendations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Overview of the Process | Russell Brown | The NRCC approved, generic Terms of Reference for operational stock assessment be used. |
| Scup | Mark Terceiro | Management Track Level 3 - Enhanced ReviewIncorporate new MRIP recreational catch estimates. <br> Alternative assessment approach: Loess smooth of relevant survey indices <br> 2 Year projections should be generated |
| Black Sea Bass | Gary Shepherd | Management Track Level 3 - Enhanced Review Incorporate new MRIP recreational catch estimates Alternate assessment approach: Consider a combined area model if the split area models are problematic or Loess smooth of relevant survey indices 2-Year projections should be generated |
| Bluefish | Tony Wood | Management Track Level 3 - Enhanced Review Incorporate new MRIP recreational catch estimates Attempt to recover missing length data for Rhode Island recreational discarded fish for 2018 <br> Alternative assessment approach: Loess smooth of relevant survey indices <br> 2-Year projections should be generated |
| Monkfish | Anne Richards | Management Track Level 2 - Expedited Review Address potential ways of dealing with the missing 2017 survey information in the southern stock Alternative approach is to recommend status quo catch. |

In summary, the meeting was productive and a good implementation of the new assessment planning document. The meeting concluded at $4: 30 \mathrm{pm}$. The peer review panel will meet from August 5-7, 2019 to complete their review.

