

Document 3b: Key Characteristics of Ecosystem Models and Supporting Analyses Applied to Northeast Region Marine Species

Model/Presenter ¹	Key characteristics							
	Model type	EPU	Species included in model	Ecosystem reference points ?	Catch advice and scientific uncertainty ?	Spatial scales and demographics ?	Data needed and assumptions ?	MSE and backtesting or verification ?
End to end modeling using Atlantis (Gamble)	Food web dynamics; strategic advice	Georges Bank	45 functional species groups; 18 fishing fleets	Maybe	No/no	No	Lots	Yes

¹ Summary presentations of models available at: Sharepoint\Ecosystem Based Fishery Manag - Sha\Ecosystem models
 Key Characteristics of Ecosystem Models [1]
 EBFM PDT

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Technical summary of multispecies statistical catch at age models and their application on the NEUS continental shelf (Curti)	Multispecies VPA & statistical catch at age; strategic and tactical	Georges Bank	(9) White hake, spiny dogfish, winter skate, goosefish, cod, silver hake, pollock, Atlantic herring, Atlantic mackerel; 27 predator/prey interactions	Partial	YES	NO	Considerable	No
Application of a multispecies statistical catch at age model assess the productivity and ecosystem reference points for Atlantic menhaden (McNamee)	Multispecies VPA & statistical catch at age; strategic and tactical	Mid-Atlantic	Atlantic menhaden, striped bass, scup, shrimp, crustaceans, spot, croaker, butterfish, bluefish, other alosids	Partial	YES	NO	Considerable	No

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A habitat model-based method to estimate stock availability to surveys that can be incorporated in stock assessments (Manderson)	Thermal habitat	Mid-Atlantic & Georges Bank	Butterfish	NO	NO	YES	Moderate	YES
Indicator Approaches for EBFM on the Northeast Shelf (Smith)	Not presented to PDT							
Spatial Processes in the EcoPath with Ecosim Modeling Framework (Lucey)	Mass balance biomass/energetics based model	Coastwide; 4 regions	Highly aggregated groups	NOT YET	NO	NO	Lots	NO

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Application of Ecopath and Ecosim models to the Gulf of Maine American lobster ecosystem (Zhang)	Mass balance biomass/energetics based model	Gulf of Maine	Lobster, cod, Atlantic herring, Wolfish, Skates, shrimp, squid, silver hake, red hake, cunner, cusk, tautog, other fish, crustaceans	NO	YES	YES	Lots; mostly from literature	NO
Modeling and Analysis of Lower Trophic Level Dynamics (Friedland)	Not presented to PDT							
Ecosystem production potential of the Northeast U.S. Continental Shelf	Energy transfer model	Mid-Atlantic to Gulf of Maine and Georges Bank	Large functional groups	YES	YES	NO	Broad scale	NO

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Application of portfolio analysis for EBFM (DePiper)	Portfolio theory; minimize risk and variance; NEUS Altantis	Georges Bank	Goosefish, cod, winter flounder, yellowtail flounder, haddock, Atlantic herring, Atlantic Mackerel, winter skate, silver hake, spiny dogfish	YES, risk based	YES	YES	Complex	Not yet
Management Strategy Evaluation (Gaichas) “Hydra”/”Kraken”	Production model	Georges Bank	Spiny dogfish, winter skate, Atlantic herring, cod, haddock, yellowtail flounder, winter flounder, Atlantic mackerel, silver hake, goosefish	YES	YES	YES	Considerable	YES

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Empirical dynamical modeling for EBFM (Perretti)	Non-parametric stepwise time-series analysis	Georges Bank	All with catch data	MAYBE	MAYBE	YES	Less	YES
The following models focus on predicting effects of climate change on the physical oceanography and/or the biology or population dynamics of marine species. By themselves, they do not provide sufficient advice for managing total removals of marine species to achieve optimum yield. They are however supportive of such models that do so and provide advice about how marine systems are likely to respond to increasing water temperatures, declining pH, and/or changes in circulation or seasonality. As such, they are important model components in any EBFM framework and toolkit.								
High resolution climate modeling for EBFM (Saba)	Climate change forecasting – model designed to forecast climate changes which may be applied to ecosystem predictions	NW Atlantic	None	NA	NA	YES	Considerable	YES
Modeling climate-mediated distributional shifts (Kleisner)	GAMS habitat suitability; temperature, depth	Gulf of Maine/Georges Bank and Mid-Atlantic bight	Large fish by species	NA	NA	Spatial scales	Survey catches	YES, training and test set
Regime shifts on the Northeast U.S. Continental Shelf (Morse)	Bloom analysis and zooplankton distribution	Gulf of Maine to Mid-Atlantic bight	Zooplankton	NA	NA	Spatial scales	Zooplankton survey catches	NO