# Groundfish Committee Background Information

**NEFMC Groundfish Staff** 

Groundfish Committee
Meeting
January 25, 2018



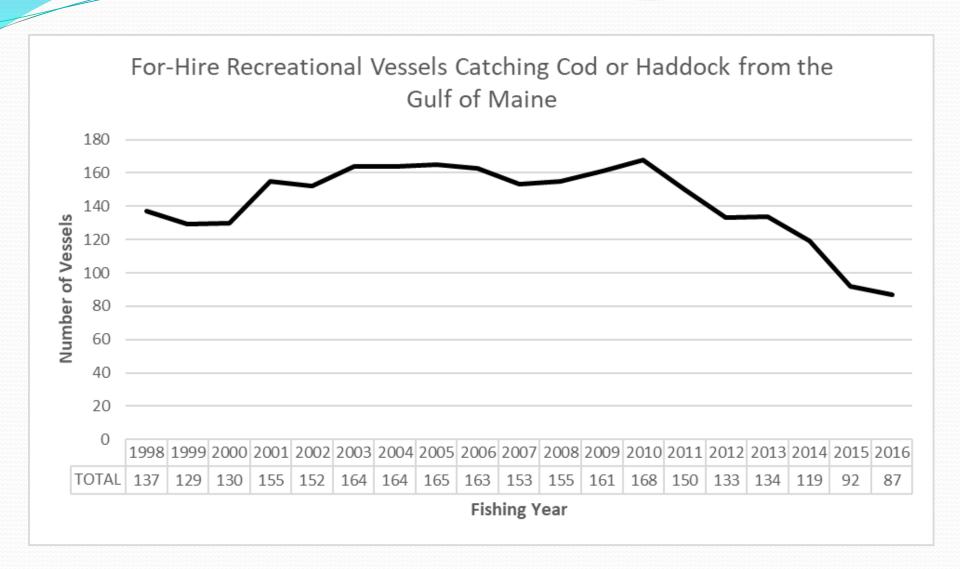
# **Control Date**

# **Background**

The current "control date" is March 30, 2006 and may be used for establishing eligibility criteria for determining levels of future access to the charter/party fishery subject to Federal authority.

- Helps to distinguish from established participants from speculative entrants
- Additional qualification criteria may apply
- Weighted criteria may be used
- Does not commit the Council to take action
- Can be revised or rescinded
- Gives the public notice to locate and preserve records to verify activity





# For Today

- At the January 2018 Council meeting, the Council will consider recommending a new control date for the charter/party fishery.
- The Committee may consider any recommendations from the advisors and develop recommendations to the Council.



# **2018 Groundfish Priorities**

### List of 2018 Priorities

#### Council set 2018 priorities in December 2017

#### Legal/Regulatory Requirement- Annual

- Set ABCs/ACLs for US/CA stocks
- Revise rebuilding plans as needed (ocean pout, GB winter flounder, witch flounder, GOM/GB windowpane flounder, and SNE/MA yellowtail flounder)
- Address Status Determination Criteria issue when analytic assessments fail
- Additional guidance on sector overages
- TRAC/TMGC

## List of 2018 Priorities

#### Annual

- Address allocation issues if raised by new MRIP data
- Get input on different ways to manage recreational fishery in light of highly variable catch estimates: for example, consideration of catch error estimates under MRIP, and errors in bioeconomic model used to determine measures
- Specify allocation review triggers
- Sector five-year review

#### Multi-Year

- ASM action/Amendment 23 (including work groups/workshops necessary and working group on how fishery dependent data can be used to inform stock abundance).
- Scope limited entry in groundfish party/charter fishery
- Cod Stock Structure Working Group

# Amendment 23: Groundfish Monitoring

### **Amendment 23 Timeline**

2018	
JAN 30-31	NEFMC – Receives progress report
TBD	Groundfish PDT meeting
TBD	Groundfish Advisory Panel meeting
TBD	Groundfish Committee meeting
APR 17-19	NEFMC – Approves range of alternatives
TBD	Groundfish PDT meeting
TBD	Groundfish Advisory Panel meeting
TBD	Groundfish Committee meeting
JUN 12-14	NEFMC – Receives progress report (or approves range of alternatives, if not in April)

# **A23 Alternatives Outline (Draft)**

Introduction	<ul> <li>Purpose and need</li> <li>Background on Groundfish Sector Monitoring Program</li> </ul>		
<u>Alternatives</u>			
Monitoring Cover Levels *input from Sept Committee meeting	<ul> <li>Re-evaluate 30% CV precision standard</li> <li>Alternatives methodologies for determining total monitoring coverage levels</li> <li>Knowing total monitoring coverage level at a time certain</li> </ul>		
Improving monitoring of discards *input from Sept Committee meeting	Electronic monitoring (EM) – in place of ASM, audit- based, maximum retention-based		
Improving monitoring of landings *input from Sept Committee meeting	<ul> <li>Dockside monitoring program</li> <li>EM for landings verification (maximum retention)</li> </ul>		
Streamlining Sector Reporting	<ul><li>Weekly sector reporting</li><li>Other sector reporting requirements</li></ul>		
Funding *input from Sept Committee meeting	Funding source ideas		

# Groundfish AP Motions (from Nov 28, 2017)

#### AP Motion #16:

To include an Optimized Retention approach for EM, where EM runs on 100% of trips and a subset of hauls or trips is reviewed to verify vessel trip reported (VTR)-reported discards. The optimized retention model would eliminate minimum fish size restrictions, but fishermen could choose which fish to keep based on their marketability, and/or the difficulty handling and sorting on deck—modeled upon the West Coast EM program.

#### GF Committee Motion (from Nov 29, 2017)

#### **Committee Motion #15:**

To explore an Optimized Retention approach for EM, where EM runs on 100% of trips and a subset of hauls or trips is reviewed to verify vessel trip reported (VTR)-reported discards. The optimized retention model would eliminate minimum fish size restrictions, but fishermen could choose which fish to keep based on their marketability, and/or the difficulty handling and sorting on deck—modeled upon the West Coast EM program.

# **Groundfish AP Motions** (from Nov 28, 2017)

#### AP Motion #18:

That the amendment includes a cost-benefit analysis of all aspects of monitoring.

To do: Committee discusses and makes recommendation today

## **Monitoring Workshop**

#### 2018 Council Priorities:

To amend the priorities for Groundfish for 2018 to include all regulatory requirements and Amendment 23 and <u>by clarifying that work on Amendment 23 includes utilization of workshops/expanded PDT meetings for development of technical elements i.e. EM, DSM etc. and a working group to discuss the topic of how fishery dependent data can be used to inform stock abundance.</u>

Will be discussed at Executive Committee meeting tomorrow (Jan 26)